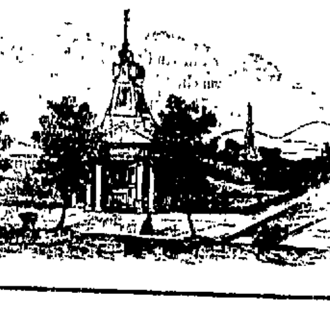
Gettysburg Compiler.



H. J. STAHLE,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1877.

NUMBER 9.
SIXTIETH YEAR.

The Gettysburg Compiler
IS PUBLISHED FRIDAY
BY H. J. STAHLE.

TERMS.—Two Dollars per annum *in advance*—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—large reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Han. Junction, Hanover & Gettysb'g RAILROAD.

On and after Nov. 26, 1876, trains will run and connect as follows:

EASTWARD.

	a m	p m	p m
Leave Gettysburg	9 15	1 00	1 17
New Oxford	9 50	1 40	4 10
Hanover	10 15	2 10	5 00
Arr. Han. June.	10 45	3 40	5 10
Baltimore	......	6 10	7 45
Washington		9 00	9 00
York	11 30		6 10
Harrisburg	p m 12 45		10 50
Phila. via Col.	3 45	9 00	a m 4 10
N. York	6 45	a m 5 50	6 50
Pittsburgh	11 30		8 15

Trains southward on Hanover Valley Railroad run only on Monday, Friday and Saturday of each week.

WESTWARD.

	p m	a m	a m
Leave Pittsburgh	8 10	.....	8 15
New York	8 25		8 30
Philadelphia	11 55	7 25	11 50
Harrisburg	a m 1 10	7 40	1 20
York	7 45	8 48	5 27
Washington	.....	6 00	1 30
Baltimore	.....	8 25	3 30
Han. Junction	8 05	11 02	6 02
Hanover	9 00	11 10	6 40
New Oxford	9 31	11 58	7 02
			p m

Trains leave Hanover for Frederick at 11.10 a. m., and 1.05 p. m.; for Littlestown at 11.10 a. m., and 1.05 and 6.10 p. m.

H. D. SCOTT,
Gettysburg, Nov. 30, 1876. Ticket Agent

Pennsylvania Rail Road.

FREDERICK DIVISION.

ON and after Monday, Dec. 24th, 1876, Trains will leave and arrive at Hanover, as follows:

NORTHWARD.

7.30 A. M. from Littlestown, for York, Columbia.

10.31 A. M. from Frederick, for York, Columbia, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York connecting at Hanover with train leaving Gettysburg at 9.20 A. M., arriving at Philadelphia [illegible] P. M.

[illegible].20 P. M. from Hanover, for York, Columbia, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York.

[illegible] P. M. from Frederick, for York and Columbia.

SOUTHWARD.

11.[illegible] A. M. for Frederick, from Columbia and York.

11.50 A. M. from New York, Philadelphia, Lancaster, Columbia and York, connecting at Hanover with train leaving for Gettysburg.

1.05 P. M. for Frederick, from New York, Philadelphia, Lancaster, Columbia and York.

[illegible] P. M. for Littlestown, from New York, Philadelphia, Lancaster, Columbia and York, connecting at York with mail train south on N. C. Railway, from Harrisburg and points north and west, and at Hanover with train leaving for Gettysburg at 6.10 P. M.

FRANK THOMPSON, General Manager.
R. H. CARELE, Superintendent.
Jan. 25, 1877. tf

J. W. CRESS,
Gettysburg & Baltimore Freight Line

Corner of Washington and North streets, (Wible's Warehouse,) GETTYSBURG, PA.

Cars leave GETTYSBURG (from Wible's Warehouse, corner North and Washington streets,) every Monday and Thursday.

Cars leave BALTIMORE (from Allewelt's Depot, 111 North street,) every Tuesday and Friday.

Cars arrive at GETTYSBURG every Wednesday and Saturday morning.

Cars arrive at BALTIMORE every Tuesday and Friday morning.

ALSO,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

AND DEALER in all kinds of PRODUCE, AND for sale at lowest prices to Dealers.

Goods Handled with Care and Delivered Promptly.

TERMS CASH.

Aug., 1876. tf

CHANGE OF TIME.

WILLIAM E. BIDDLE'S
Express Freight Lines.

TO PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE.

THE undersigned has established a line of Freight Cars between Gettysburg and Philadelphia, to run every week—leaving Gettysburg on Monday at noon, and arriving at Philadelphia on Tuesday morning; leaving Philadelphia on Tuesday evening, and arriving at Gettysburg on Wednesday at noon. Freight carried both ways, at Company rates, and always handled with care. Cars run to HOWARD HINCHMAN & SON'S, 160, 162 and 164 Market Street, Philadelphia.

His Line to Baltimore leaves Gettysburg every Monday and Thursday at noon, arrives at Baltimore on Tuesday and Friday mornings; leaves Baltimore on Tuesday and Friday evenings, and arrives at Gettysburg on Wednesday and Saturday. Cars run to KARR & ROBERTS'S WAREHOUSE, 121 North street, Baltimore. Depot in Gettysburg at corner of Washington and Railroad streets, formerly Bigham's Warehouse. A share of public patronage solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed. WM. E. BIDDLE.
Gettysburg, May 17, 1877. tf

NOAH WALKER & CO.

WASHINGTON BUILDING,
Nos. 165 and 167 West Baltimore Street
BALTIMORE, MD.
Largest and Peremptory Sale of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING.
All wool Cassimere Suit from $7 to $12.
We have stocked our Retail Department with a full line of Mens', Boys', and Childrens' [illegible], at prices to suit all classes of buyers.

OVERCOATS

at from $7, $9, $10 and $11 to $14.

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, in large variety to select from for measure.

Full line of Men's and Boys'
FURNISHING GOODS,
165. West Baltimore Street. 167.
Feb. 22, 1874. tf

Grain, Produce, &c.,
AT
NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned continues the Grain and Produce business at the old stand in New Oxford, Pa., and will always pay the highest market prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED, FLAX SEED, TIMOTHY HAY, &c.;

and will keep on hand for sale at the smallest profits,

GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, BACON, FLOUR AND FEED,

Soaps, Tar, Oils, and everything else usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind. Thankful to the public for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same.

H. J. MYERS.
May 10, 1877. tf

BACK AGAIN!

AT THE OLD STAND!

JOSEPH RODDY,
Saddle & Harness Maker,

WOULD respectfully inform the public that he has returned and continues business at the Old Stand, in Chambersburg Street, near the Diamond, south side, Gettysburg, where he is prepared to put up work of all kinds in his line and generally have on hand for sale,

Horse Gears, Single and Double Harness, Light and Heavy Harness, Halters, Fly-Nets, Whips, &c.,

made in the most approved styles and of the best materials and workmanship. Collars made to order.

Everything sold at lowest prices. Come and see and be convinced. REPAIRING also done promptly and cheaply.

The patent ROCKWELL BIT—the best out—can also be had at Roddy's.
March 29, 1877 tf

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

SHIPPENSBURG, PA.,

Is one of the best and most thoroughly practical institutions in the State. Its social influences are refining and home-like and discipline strict. Terms very low. Will open September 3d, 1877.

Rev. I. N. Hays,
July 19, 1877. 9m *Principal.*

High Constable!

GEO. W. MYERS,

HAVING been elected to the office of High Constable, will attend to all business entrusted to him. Residence on West Middle street, Gettysburg, a few doors below Newport's Bakery.
June 1, 1875. tf

Attornies, Physicians, &c.

EDW'D S. REILY. J. E. KENDLEHART.
Reily & Kendlehart,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office on Baltimore Street, opposite the Court-House.
Dec. 11, 1876. tf

REMOVED.

W. A. Duncan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him.
Office removed to Baltimore street, next door to his residence.
Gettysburg, Sept. 22, 1875. tf

REMOVED.

J. C. Neely
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
Office removed to the northwest corner of the Diamond.
Gettysburg, Sept 23, 1875. tf

REMOVED.

Jacob A. Kitzmiller,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, has removed his office to that recently occupied by John M. Krauth, Esq., on Baltimore street, near High, east side. Will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him.
Gettysburg, April 5, 1877. tf

H. B. Woods,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
OFFICE:—On Baltimore street, east side, near the Diamond, in the large brick building, second floor.
Feb. 12, 1875. tf

David Wills,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in residence, southeast corner of Diamond.
Jan. 29, 1875. tf

John M. Krauth,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa., Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house.
July 16, 1869. tf

Samuel M'C. Swope,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to all legal business intrusted to him. Office south-west corner of the Diamond.
March 23, 1870. tf

D. McConaughy,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, office one door west of Buehler's drug store, Chambersburg st. Special attention given to suits, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and Damages against United States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.
Land Warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States.
July 16, 1869. tf

Dr. T. T. Tate
HAS resumed the Practice of Medicine in Gettysburg. Office at his residence, on Chambersburg street recently occupied by Mrs. Dittenfass.
March 5, 1872. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,
HAVING LOCATED AT EASTBERLIN, ADAMS COUNTY,
Hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage
April 2, 1869. tf

Dr. J. J. Zitzer,
OF Baltimore, late of Carlisle, will visit Carlisle professionally on the 1st and 15th of each and every month, hereafter, remaining several days each visit.
July 22, 1877. tf

ROBERT HORNER. T. M. RADEBAUGH.
Drs. Horner & Radebaugh,
PRACTIONERS OF MEDICINE,
Chambersburg St., GETTYSBURG, PA.
Feb. 1, 1877. tf

Dr. Walter H. O'Neal,
OFFICE with his father, BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa.
April 1, 1871. tf

Dr. C. E. Eckenrode,
DENTIST, would respectfully inform the public generally that he will be at NEW OXFORD Wednesday and Thursday of every week, at BONNEAUVILLE every Saturday, and at his father's, (A. ECKENRODE'S,) in Mountpleasant twp., every Monday, to perform all work in his line of business. Charges moderate, and all work guaranteed. Office in New Oxford opposite Lutheran church; in Bonneauville at Dr. T. O. Klinzer's.
Sept. 26, 1877. 1y

Dr. James L. Ros,
FORMERLY of Harrisburg, has permanently located at MIDDLETOWN, Adams county, and will promptly attend to all calls, day or night.
Sept. 28, 1877. tf

Dr. W. J. McClure,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR,
having permanently located in NEW OXFORD, will practice his profession in all its branches. His friends and all others desiring his professional services are requested to call and consult him at his office, in Hanover street.
May 20, 1867. tf

Dr. J. L. Baehr,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MIDDLETOWN, Adams county, Pa. Office in Centre Square. Will promptly attend to all calls, unless otherwise professionally engaged.
Aug. 7, 1868. tf

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,
DENTIST,
Has his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call.
REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D.
Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

H. L. Diehl, M. D.,
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office on West Middle Street, 1st Square, in the house formerly occupied by Hugh D. Scott.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children.
April 5, 1877. tf

Dr. A. P. Beavor,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Has permanently located in Fairfield, Pa., and offers his professional services to the people of that town and vicinity. Office two doors below Shields & Musselman's Store, where he can be found at all hours when not professionally engaged.
Aug. 17, 1876. tf

University Piano, $190.

Sent for Examination Free of Expense,
Made by the well-known

MARCHAL & SMITH PIANO COMPANY.

The only thoroughly reliable Pianos ever offered by first-class makers, at wholesale price, to the public.

Most wonderful improvements in manufacture by which we finish FULL

Agraffe Pianos, 7 1-3 Octaves, at $240.

Double Veneered Rosewood Cases, with every improvement.

Purest, Most Powerful and Sweetest Tone. Send order through Bank, Banker, Editor or merchant. Orders promptly filled, and satisfaction secured before the money is sent. Every Piano guaranteed Six years. Address

MARCHAL & SMITH PIANO CO.,
17 University Place, New York.
Oct. 12, 1877. 9m

THE TWO STORES
In Bonneauville

ARE now owned and conducted by the undersigned. Both have full and well assorted stocks of goods, which are offered at the most reduced prices—prices which cannot fail to please when the goods are examined. He therefore urges the public to give the Bonneauville Stores a call, and will sell them

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, and everything else to be found in a first-class county store, at small profits and to their satisfaction. No trouble to show goods, and always a pleasure to wait on customers.

GEORGE GINGELL.
Jan. 25, 1877. tf

FRED. THORN,
Barber and Hair Dresser,
NORTHEAST Corner of the Diamond, next to McClellan House, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Now, when you want an easy shave,
As good as Barber ever gave,
Just call at my Saloon,
At morning, eve or busy noon,
We shave and dress the hair with grace,
To suit the contour of the face;
And all that art and skill can do
If you will call, we'll do for you.
May 25, 1870. tf

Cheap Clothing!

If you want Bargains in

CLOTHING,

Call and See

GEO. ARNOLD,

May 10 1877. tf AGENT.

DANIEL TRIMMER,
UNDERTAKER,

HAS recommenced the Undertaking business, at his residence, in Baltimore Street, opposite the Presbyterian parsonage and nearly opposite the Methodist parsonage, in Gettysburg, where he will keep on hand all kinds of

Coffins and Caskets,

so that they can be had on the shortest notice. He can be found at his residence at any hour of the night or day, and will assist in laying out the Dead. No extra charge on account of distance within ten miles around Gettysburg. Charges very moderate. The more he gets the cheaper his work can be furnished.

Will attend Funerals in person. Remember the place.
Sept. 2, 1875. tf

CHARLES D. BARNEY & CO,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

111 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Pa.

WE buy and sell GOVERNMENT, STATE, and CITY Loans, CITY WARRANTS, GOLD, SILVER, FOREIGN EXCHANGE, &c. DRAW BILLS ON LONDON, available throughout England, Ireland and Scotland. BONDS AND STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD on commission. DEPOSITS RECEIVED, subject to check at sight.

Jan. 25, 1877. 1y

HARDWARE,
Paints, Oils, &c.

D. W. ZIEGLER,

HAVING purchased the stock of E. M. & D. W. Ziegler, will continue the business at the old stand, on Baltimore Street a few doors north of the Court-house, Gettysburg. He has also been to the city and laid in new goods, and now offers a large and full assortment of Hardware, and at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory to all buyers. He means to do business on the

CHEAP FOR CASH

principle, and hopes by selling at small profits to do a large trade. He asks the public to inspect his stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

TOOLS for Carpenters, Cabinet-Makers, Blacksmiths, Shoemakers, &c.

Housekeeping Articles,

in great variety;
All kinds of IRON, OILS, PAINTS, &c.;
CARRIAGE FINDINGS, SHOVELS, SPADES, FORKS,

and a thousand other articles, filling the several departments of a good Hardware Store. Housekeepers and the public generally will find the stock desirable in every respect, and are invited to call and buy what they may need. No trouble will be spared to deserve a liberal share of patronage.
Dec. 20, 1875. tf

H. OVERDEER. S. F. FLEIGLE.

OVERDEER & FLEIGLE,

(Successors to Cashman & Overdeer)

DEALERS IN

COAL, LIME & LUMBER,

Gettysburg, Pa.,

Will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of all kinds of Coal for Family use, Blacksmithing, &c.

COAL, LIME AND LUMBER DELIVERED IN TOWN.

All orders promptly attended to at reasonable rates.

FAIRBANKS SCALES, for all kinds of heavy weighing.
August 2, 1877. tf

WATCHES! ELGIN SILVERWARE WATCHES JEWELRY JEWELRY!

PENROSE MYERS

HAS OPENED A

Watch and Jewelry Establishment

On Baltimore Street, near the Square,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

where he invites the public to give him a call, promising GOOD WORK AND GOOD WARES.

He has laid in a fine stock of JEWELRY of the newest designs, which cannot fail to please. Also a large lot of

CLOCKS OF ALL KINDS,

which will be sold cheap for cash.

REPAIRING of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry done promptly and in the best manner and at the lowest prices. GIVE HIM A CALL.
May 25 1876. tf

As Cheap as the Cheapest!

A NEW MARBLE YARD!

Wm. B. Meals,

SURVIVOR of the firm of MEALS & Bro., at the old stand, in East York street, Gettysburg, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line at the shortest notice and in the best workmanlike manner. He has a good stock of material on hand, which he will sell to suit the times. Persons wishing anything in his line of business will find it greatly to their advantage by examining his stock and ascertaining his prices before purchasing elsewhere.
Sept. 5, 1877. 3m

BAKERY!

THE undersigned, thankful for the patronage heretofore bestowed upon the HOFFMAN BAKERY, in South Washington street, near the corner of High,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

would respectfully inform the old customers and the public generally that she continues the business at the same place and begs a continuance of patronage.

FRESH BREAD,
ROLLS, TWIST,
CAKES, PRETZELS,
EVERY DAY.

By using the best of flour and other material, and doing her work well she hopes to give satisfaction in every case. Call at or send your orders to the Bakery, corner of Washington and High streets, opposite the Female Institute and Powers' Granite Yard.

MARY A. HOFFMAN.
Aug. 10, 1876. tf

SELECT SCHOOL.

ENCOURAGED by the representations of numerous parents, I have concluded to open a Private School in Gettysburg, with a view to a permanent

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

For Boys and Girls.

I will be ready to receive, at my rooms, in Gettysburg, on Monday, September 3, at 9 A. M., such pupils as are sent to me.

Thorough instruction in English branches, Algebra, Latin and Greek. Further notice as to terms, &c., in due time.

Jno. F. McCreary.
July 19, 1877. tf

Miscellaneous.

"WOMAN."

The origin and meaning of the word "woman" having been quite recently under discussion in the pages of the London Notes and Queries, a Dublin man sends the following old verse which he lately came across in his readings:

When Eve brought *woe* to all mankind,
Old Adam called her *woe-man;*
But when she *woo'd* with love so kind,
He then pronounced it *woo-man;*
But now with folly and with pride
Their husbands' pockets trimming,
The ladies are so full of *whims*,
That people call them *whim-men.*

More Battle History.

GEN. MEADE'S TESTIMONY.

WHY HE DID NOT ATTACK AT WILLIAMSPORT.

Gen. Longstreet, in his article published last week, closes an account of Pickett's charge and repulse with this remark: "For unaccountable reasons the enemy did not pursue his advantage."

The fair fame of Gen. Meade demands that the reasons for the course he saw proper to take at that trying time should be given in this connection; and hence we extract from his testimony before the "Committee on the Conduct of the War" the part bearing upon his movements after the repulse of Pickett and the close of the Gettysburg battle, on Friday, the 3d of July. We are impelled to do this by a sense of justice to the memory of Gen. Meade, as well as a desire to thoroughly post the readers of the COMPILER on all points in the history of the great conflict which gave this locality a world-wide name. Gen. Meade said:

As soon as the assault [Pickett's] was repulsed, I went immediately to the extreme left of my line, with the determination of advancing to the left and making an assault upon the enemy's lines. So soon as I arrived at the left I gave the necessary orders for the pickets and skirmishers in front to be thrown forward to feel the enemy, and for all preparations to be made for the assault. The great length of the line, and the time required to carry these orders to the front, and the movement subsequently made, before the report given to me of the condition of the forces in the front and left, caused it to be so late in the evening as to induce me to abandon the assault which I had contemplated.

During the night of the 4th, the enemy, as I ascertained on the 5th, retired through the Cashtown and Fairfield passes. So soon as I was positively satisfied, from the reports of my officers, that the enemy had actually retired, I directed General Sedgwick, in command of the 6th corps, which corps had been comparatively unengaged during the battle, and was in full force and strength, to advance on the Fairfield road and pursue the enemy vigorously. At the same time I despatched a cavalry force to follow the retreating column on the Cashtown road, believing that the enemy was retiring into the Cumberland valley, and not satisfied what his further movements would be, not being satisfied that he was in full retreat for the Potomac, and not aware of what injury I had done him in the battle of Gettysburg, although satisfied that I had punished him very severely.

From information which I had previously received of the character of the passes at Fairfield and Cashtown, having been informed that they had been fortified by the enemy, and that a small force could hold a large body in check for a considerable time, I made up my mind that a more rapid movement of my army could be made by the flank through the Boonsboro' Pass, than to attempt to follow the enemy on the road which he himself had taken. I therefore directed that orders should be prepared, but not issued, for the movement of the various corps by way of Middletown and South Mountain towards Hagerstown. This was, I think, the 6th of July. The 5th of July, I think, was occupied, after the retreat of the enemy, in burying our dead and attending to the wounded, of which we had a large number.

During this day, the 6th, I received reports from General Sedgwick that he was following the enemy's rear guard as rapidly as he could, but that he had reason to believe, from reports of prisoners, or from other information (which I do not recollect) that the main body of the enemy was around and in the vicinity of Fairfield Pass, and that it was not impossible another engagement might be had with the enemy in those mountains. Under these circumstances, as a matter of security, and also willing to meet such a movement on the part of the enemy, I directed that two corps, I think the 3d and 5th—I am not positive about that—should be immediately moved in the direction of General Sedgwick, so as to be near him to assist him if he were attacked, or to re-enforce him if he himself required re-enforcement. When I had given this order I found that the other order, for the movement of the whole army, had been issued by my chief of staff, General Butterfield, without my authority. I so informed General Butterfield; and at the same time sent officers and arrested the progress of the 3d and 1st corps, which had not moved very far, and detained them to assist General Sedgwick in case it was necessary. The other corps moved on.

During that day, towards evening or at night, I received a report from General Sedgwick that he had pushed the enemy's rear guard as far as Fairfield Pass; that the Fairfield Pass was a very strong position; that a very small force could hold him in check for a considerable time, though he could finally take it; and that, in his judgment, it would involve delay and waste of time to endeavor to push the enemy any further on that road. Upon receiving this information I directed the whole army to move down towards Middletown; and directed General Sedgwick to move from Fairfield Pass in the direction of Emmitsburg, leaving a force of cavalry and infantry to harass the rear of the enemy.

I have been thus particular, in speaking of these movements because a report has also reached me that I lost a day by having stopped those two corps to sustain and re-enforce General Sedgwick, in case he should require it.

After reaching Middletown, it having been reported to me by my corps commanders that there were many necessary articles of clothing and other supplies that the army were very much in want of, and having myself, as I rode along, seen I may say hundreds of men walking over these broken turnpikes barefooted on these long marches, I deemed it my duty to remain at Middletown one day in order to obtain the necessary supplies, and put my army in condition, and give them some rest. I may say that it was not until the end of that day that the whole army had come up, for, in consequence of the heavy rains which, as I have already stated, visited us on the 4th of July, the roads over which we had moved, notwithstanding they were the best roads in Pennsylvania, had been so cut up by the passage of my trains and artillery, that a considerable portion of the trains were in the rear, and the army did not get up and in hand until the close of the day on which I remained for the purpose of obtaining supplies. As soon as the army was in condition we moved from Middletown through the South Mountain. * * * *

As soon as it became evident that the enemy were retiring, information was sent to General French, and he was directed to immediately seize and hold the South Mountain pass, and also reoccupy Harper's Ferry, bringing up the force from Washington for that purpose. All of which orders were not only executed, but General French, in advance of any instructions to that effect, had sent a cavalry force in his command across the mountain during the battle, which had penetrated as far as Williamsport, where he partially destroyed or rendered ineffective a pontoon bridge of the enemy, capturing the greater portion of the small guard left there to defend it.

Having crossed the South Mountain, I moved my army forward, by way of Boonsboro', until about the 12th of July I got into position in front of the enemy, whom I found on a line extending from Hagerstown towards a place called Downiesville, I think. So soon as my troops were in line, or as soon as my army was in hand and ready for offensive operations, although I had had no opportunity of examining critically and closely the enemy's position, still knowing the importance of not permitting the enemy to recross the river without a further action, it was my desire to attack him in that position. Having, however, been in command of the army not more than twelve or fourteen days, and in view of the important and tremendous issues involved in the result, knowing that if I were defeated the whole question would be reversed, the road to Washington and to the north open, and all the fruits of my victory at Gettysburg dissipated, I did not feel that I would be right in assuming the responsibility of blindly attacking the enemy without any knowledge of his position. I therefore called a council of my corps commanders, who were the officers to execute this duty, if it was determined upon, and laid before them the precise condition of affairs.

Question. Will you, as you pass along, give us the names of those corps commanders in that council?

Answer. The 1st corps was represented by General Wadsworth; General Newton, who commanded the corps, being sick at the time. The 2d corps was commanded, I think, by General William Hays; the 3d by General French; the 5th by General Sykes; the 6th by General Sedgwick; the 11th by General Howard, and the 12th by General Slocum.

I represented to those generals, so far as I knew it, the situation of affairs. I told them that I had reason to believe, from all I could ascertain, that General Lee's position was a very strong one, and that he was prepared to give battle and defend it if attacked; that it was not in my power, from a want of knowledge of the ground, and from not having had time to make reconnoissances, to indicate any precise mode of attack or any precise point of attack; that, nevertheless, I was in favor of moving forward and attacking the enemy and taking the consequences; but that I left it to their judgment, and would not do it unless it met with their approval. The opinion of that council was very largely opposed to any attack without further examination. I cannot state positively what each individual vote was without referring to my papers. But I am now under the impression that there were but two officers decidedly in favor of attacking; I think that General Wadsworth and General Howard were the only two in favor of attacking, while all the rest were opposed to it.

In view of this opinion of my subordinate officers I yielded, or abstained from ordering an assault, but gave the necessary directions for such an examination of the enemy's position as would enable us to form some judgment as to where he might be attacked with some degree and probability of success.

The 13th of July, which was the day spent in this examination, was very rainy and misty, and not much information was obtained; nevertheless, on the night of the 13th I directed that the next morning at daylight the whole army should move forward with a view to attacking the enemy. This order was duly executed, but during the night of the 13th the enemy had retired across the river.

It is proper I should say that an examination of the enemy's lines, and of the defences which he had made—of which I now have a map from an accurate survey, which can be laid before your committee—brings me clearly to the opinion that an attack, under the circumstances in which I had proposed to make it, would have resulted disastrously to our arms.

Question. Will you give us the reasons for that opinion?

Answer. It is founded upon the strength of their position. I will say that if I had attacked the enemy in the position which they then occupied—he having the advantage of position and being on the defensive, his artillery in position and his infantry behind parapets and rifle-pits—the very same reasons and causes which produced my success at Gettysburg would have operated in his favor there, and be likely to produce success on his part.

Question. Have you any reason to suppose that after that terrible artillery fire at Gettysburg his ammunition was nearly exhausted?

Answer. No, sir; from all the information I could obtain—which I acknowledge, however, was quite scanty—I had reason to believe that ammunition trains had been brought from Winchester and crossed on the ferry at Williamsport for the supply of General Lee's army; and from the character of the battle at Gettysburg, which consisted in a series of offensive operations on his part, mostly subjected to artillery fire, I had no reason to believe that the expenditure of ammunition by him had been such as to reduce him to a low point.

Question. You are now speaking of small-arm ammunition.

Answer. Yes, sir; and all the information which I obtained led to the belief that his army had been supplied with ammunition from Winchester, for I had positive information, that ammunition trains had been ferried across at Williamsport; and my opinion is now that General Lee evacuated that position, not from any want of ammunition, or the fear that he would be dislodged from it by any active operations on my part, but that he was fearful that a force would be sent by Harper's Ferry to cut off his communications, which I had intended to do, having brought up a bridge from Washington and sent the cavalry down there, and that he could not have maintained that position probably a day if his communications had been cut. That was what caused him to retire.

Question. Did you discover, after the battle of Gettysburg, any symptoms of demoralization in Lee's army, such as excessive straggling, or anything of the kind?

Answer. No, sir; I saw nothing of that kind. I have no doubt his army was somewhat demoralized, for every army is, in some measure, demoralized after a defeat. But I doubt whether it was any more demoralized than we were when we fell back to Washington in 1862, after the second battle of Groveton, under General Pope. Then in forty-eight hours afterwards, when we got over on this side and got into the presence of the enemy, our morale was just as good as ever it was. I do not think that a great many stragglers or deserters from General Lee's army were picked up.

Question. I will ask you, in this connexion, about the comparative strength of the two armies at the battle of Gettysburg. What was your opinion about that?

Answer. My opinion about that was that General Lee was, as far as I could tell, about 10,000 or 15,000 my superior.

Question. What was your strength upon that battle-field?

Answer. Including all arms of the service, my strength was a little under 100,000 men—about 95,000. I think General Lee had about 90,000 infantry, from 4,000 to 5,000 artillery, and about 10,000 cavalry.

Question. You say that the enemy had 125 pieces of artillery that he brought to bear upon you on the third day of the fight?

Answer. That is my estimate; their own estimate is 116 pieces.

Question. Was not that a heavier artillery fire on both sides than was ever before in a battle?

Answer. I must have had on the field at Gettysburg but little short of 300 guns; and I think the report of my chief of artillery was that there were not more than two batteries that were not in service during that battle.

Question. Was not that a greater proportion of artillery than is generally used in battles?

Answer. I think it was.

A GOOD OLD STORY.—A story told of Gov. Duval, of Florida, will never wear out. He was the son of a poor man in Virginia, a stern, strong, taciturn man; the boy a large growth of fifteen. At the cabin fire, at bed time, according to the custom of putting on a back log, the old man said, between the whiffs of his silent pipe—"Tab" (the boy's nickname), go out and bring in that gum back-log and put it on the fire."

Tab went out and surveyed the log. He knew it was no use explaining that it was too heavy, nor prudent to return without having it on his shoulder. His little sister passing, was not surprised that he requested her to bring out the gun and powder horn, as a possum or coon might have passed, or the brother might have seen bear signs. She brought the gun and Tab started. He found his way through into Kentucky—this was about 1791—whence some years afterward he was elected to Congress. After an absence of eight years, now a man of immense size and strength, long given up as slain by a bear, he started to Washington, by way of his old home, to see the folks. Entering the little cabin hard near bed time, he saw the identical gum log. He shouldered it, pulled the latch string, and with his load stood before the old man, pipe in mouth and as quiet as usual.

"Here is the gum back-log, father."

"Better late than never—put it on the fire and go to bed," was the reply.

WHO MADE IT?—Sir Isaac Newton, a very wise and godly man, was once examining a new and very fine globe, when a gentleman came into his study who did not believe in God, but declared the world we live in came by chance. He was much pleased with the handsome globe, and asked:

"Who made it?"

"Nobody," said Sir Isaac: "It happened here."

The gentleman looked up in amazement at the answer, but he soon understood what it meant.

A MAN picked up a purse in the street and advertised the fact. In ten days he was visited by sixty-one men, women, boys and girls, all claiming to have lost money. The sum was but $11, but of each visitor who called the finder asked: "So you lost $50 did you?" Nine-tenths of the applicants promptly replied, "Yes, sir." "Ah," said he, "your's was another purse."

THE 10,000,000 milch cows in the country are worth $450,000,000 and the amount realized from their annual productions foots up to $275,152,535, while the last cotton crop was worth only $200,000,000. The Cow and not Cotton, is King.

SAMUEL WYNN, of Berks county, aged seventy years, has been in the habit the past forty years of getting out of bed at twelve o'clock at night and eating a hearty meal.

THE LANDLORD AND HIS GUEST.

An experience of a somewhat different character was that which is frequently told at the expense of a Yankee landlord. The stage drew up at his ranche one day with a passenger list so beggarly that it reduced the expectant and smiling Boniface to a state of despair, and to an abstruse calculation of his profit and loss account. Among the few dust begrimed passengers that filed in to feast on the good things spread on his hospitable board, was a verdant looking individual, who tightly clutched one of those old-fashioned, capacious-mouth-carpet bags with vast bowelled depth that our grandfathers used in their journeyings, and that were usually laden with two shirts and a month's luncheon. This particular carpet bag was notable only for the apparent extreme paucity of its contents, and when our verdant traveller slunk away bashfully to the unoccupied end of the long dining table, and seated himself in one of the chairs, he deposited his dusty bag on a vacant chair at his side. So industriously did he attack the viands before him, that Boniface tapped him on the shoulder several times before he produced a dollar, the usual price of a meal.

"Your bill is two dollars," said Boniface.

"Hey!"

"Two dollars, if you please."

"Gosh darn it all, landlord," he exclaimed, "you don't mean to say you tax a fellow two dollars for a meal like this?"

"Our charge is a dollar for every chair occupied at the table. Your bag monopolizes a seat, and the charge for it is the same as for a person."

"But, Jedge, see here, now, the bag hain't eaten a durned mouthful."

"Can't help that; there are the viands before it, and if it don't partake of them, it isn't my fault. Come, sir, pay over; I haven't time to argue the matter."

"Wall, squire, maybe it's all right, but it seems mighty tough on a fellow. Here's your two dollars."

And the owner of the bag sat down and heartily finished his meal, amid the audible smiles of his fellow-passengers and the very perceptible grin of exultation on the landlord's face. His meal done, he turned to his bag, opened it, shook out its creases and folds, and with provoking sang froid thus addressed it loud enough for all in the room to hear:

"I beg your pardon, Mr. Bag, for obliging you to wait for the second table. Hungry, eh! I should think so, with nothing inside of you but a shirt and paper collar, and there isn't much substance in them. Like roast beef, eh! Here's a nice piece, weighing a dozen pounds, I guess. Whew! You took that in one gulp, and it don't seem to distress you either. Try this roast of lamb? I can recommend it. Sorry the mint sauce is all gone. Biscuit! Yes, here's a half plate full. Biscuit are rather trying on one's digestive machinery, they say; suppose you try a couple of platefuls of bread on top of them. Will you have a spring chicken? Two? Well, you are cheeky; but here they are. You don't want to stick 'em, I see. Some more biscuit? There you have 'em—"

Suiting his actions to these words, the owner of the bag stuffed into its capacious interior everything edible that lay within his reach, regardless of the consternation depicted in the face of the landlord, who rushed up to stop him.

"This is robbery, sir; downright robbery!" he thundered. "I will not submit to it."

"See here now, squire, jest keep cool and we'll argue this," calmly replied the verdant one, not letting up, however, in his occupation of filling the bag. "Didn't this bag pay for a square meal? What is a square meal, if it isn't to eat till one is satisfied? Isn't that so, gents?"

His fellow passengers, who were roaring with laughter, readily assented.

"Now, that being the verdict of this jury, let me tell you, Mr. Landlord, that this bag ain't going to be satisfied until it is chock full. I'm its friend, and any one who interferes with its meal will get eternally lammed, that's all."

He meant every word of it, and the landlord wisely withdrew, looking a splendid example of the biter bitten.

WISHING TO DIE.—When a man goes round the house sighing and wishing himself dead you needn't trouble to put the bottle of opium away. He wouldn't touch it for worlds. If he should be suddenly attacked by colic you would hear him screaming out for a doctor at the top of his voice. One day Pompey said he wanted to die and go to glory. He wrought himself into an ecstatic state, and told the people at the prayer meeting that he positively couldn't wait much longer. That night, at twelve, some one knocked at his cabin door. "What you want?" said the colored man, tremblingly. "I want Pompey to take him to glory," replied a gruff voice. The darkey thought a moment and then said, "Mr. Angel, Pompey done moved up Norf three months ago, and don't never expect to come back again. Now, go way!" White or black, we are all the same.

IDLENESS, as has been truly said, is the mother of crime; and it is the true road to poverty. We are all so constituted that our minds must be employed. Persons brought up in idleness and luxury often acquire bad habits, which they can never throw off through life, and which aid in premature death. The associations in life are various; and all ought to be employed in some useful calling, and to faithfully discharge the duties of that calling.

A WIDOW'S HINT.

"You may kiss him for his mother,"
The widow archly said,
As she sent the little rascal
A sniffling off to bed.
But I think I will consider,
It is running in my pate,
If it would not still be better
To kiss the mother—straight.

A PASSIONATE and revengeful temper renders a man unfit for advice, deprives him of his reason, robs him of all that is great and noble in his nature, and occasionally sends him home with a black eye when he attempts to try it on a man who won't have it.

ACCORDING to Hader, an authority, a single female house-fly will produce in one season 20,080,420 eggs. It is a pity a fly couldn't be grafted on a hen.

TRICKING A MAGICIAN.

In the car with Mr. Heller and a friend, in Boston, the other day, were some half-dozen people, among them an old lady who had evidently been doing her marketing, for she carried a basket on her lap, containing groceries, vegetables, and in particular a large quantity of eggs. Mr. Heller sat down beside the old lady, and for a few instants nothing of moment happened. Mr. Heller then stooped down and picked up two eggs from the floor, and handing them to the old lady, remarked that she was losing them. The old lady, a little surprised, thanked the polite gentleman, and everything again relapsed into silence. In a few moments a repetition of the scene. The old lady wondered how it was she hadn't noticed the eggs fall, and wondered still more when Mr. Heller a third time picked up several eggs, which he insisted had dropped from the basket. This so puzzled the old lady that she got up, and taking the eggs out of the basket, she disposed them on the seat, and taking out the vegetables in the same manner, put the eggs back, and the other articles on top of them and then sat down again. Mr. Heller then leaned over to a gentleman who was on the other side of the old lady and remarked audibly:

"I saw you do that. It's wrong."

"What do you mean, sir—what's wrong?" said the gentleman addressed, rather indignant at being spoken to in this way.

"You shouldn't have taken those eggs."

The old lady turned towards the gentleman and looked at him very suspiciously, while the other answered with great gravity:

"Are you mad, sir? I took no eggs."

"But I saw you," said Heller.

By this time the attention of the other passengers in the car was directed to the conversation.

"It is false!" exclaimed the one accused, evidently feeling very uncomfortable.

"That is too much, sir, when I say I saw you," said Heller, and with that he rose, and passing before the old lady, who looked half frightened and half angry, stood before the gentleman accused.

"What do you call that?" said Heller, taking from the man's overcoat pocket two eggs, and handing them to the old lady, "and that," taking two more from the other pocket.

"Lord, O Lord, who would a'thought it?" said the old lady.

The gentleman from whose pockets the eggs had been taken rose from his seat and stood opposite Heller, saying:

"I don't understand this; perhaps you can find some more."

"No doubt I can," said Heller, putting his hand in a side pocket and taking out three eggs, two more from his hat, and a couple from his trousers. This occupied some few minutes, as Heller proceeded very deliberately and slowly, to the evident surprise and indignation of the other occupants of the car. "And here, look here," continued Heller, taking a box of spices from the man's hind pocket.

"Put that man off the car," said somebody.

The car was stopped, and the man on whom all this had been played waited for no further developements, and bolted through the door as fast as his legs would carry him. The old lady confounded herself in thanks to Mr. Heller, and said she would never have suspected—he was such a nice-looking gentleman, etc. Mr. Heller's friend whispered to somebody next him, however, and pretty soon everybody in the car was laughing, the old lady being the only one who remained in ignorance that this was one of Mr. Heller's jokes. By-and-bye the car reached Cambridge and Mr. Heller and his friend got off. As they were walking along, the friend said he thought he had noticed that Mr. Heller had had a pin in his scarf. "So I had," said Mr. Heller, and he felt for the pin, but no pin was there. "Could I have put it in my pocket?" and he searched in his vest. "Hallo!" he exclaimed, "where's the money?" and he nervously sought through all his pockets. "Sold, by Jove!" Mr. Heller was minus a cameo scarf pin, $28 in bills, and a gold match box. He had for once struck the wrong man, who, while Heller had been going through him, had been quietly going through Heller. Strange to say, when Mr. Heller got back to Boston, he mentioned the incident to nobody and enjoined strict secrecy on his friend. All of which shows that it takes two to play a joke, and that biters are sometimes bitten.—*Dramatic News.*

WHAT SHE ASKED TOMMY.—He was named Thomas and she was named Jane. They sat on a hotel balcony yesterday for three long hours, and giving themselves dead away as being out-of-towners. As they sat down Thomas took one of Jane's hands. She allowed that sort of thing to go on without a word of protest, and the flaxen-haired youth finally seized the other one. They talked, and talked, and looked down upon the street, and sighed, and the hours slipped away. At the end of the third hour she said: "Tommy, dearest, I want to ask you something." "Ask me a hundred—a thousand—a million things!" he exclaimed in reply. "Well, Tommy, I've got an awful cold in my head," she continued, "and if I drew one of my hands away to wipe my nose would you think I was mad? I've either got to do that, Tommy, or let my nose wipe itself. Just one wipe, Tommy, and then you may have it back." Tommy released her hand, though he hated to, and her nose was softly and duly wiped.

A FACT.—The man who does not take his town or county paper, or who does take it and does not read the advertisements, can never be said to be well posted. The advertisements indicate not only the business enterprise of the place in which the paper is published, but the enterprise of the advertiser. When you see a man who advertises liberally, you may be sure of finding a good stock in his store, that he keeps up with the market, and can always sell a little cheaper than those who do not advertise.

HE got full of beer up to the muzzle, and in attempting to reach up stairs he fell through the coal-hole into the cellar. He staid there all night, and when he turned up in the morning and his wife asked him where he had been, he said he'd "only been layin' in coal."

THE MOST STUPENDOUS WORK OF HUMAN HANDS.—The Great Wall of China was measured in many places by Mr. Unthank, an American engineer lately engaged on a survey for a Chinese railway. His measurements give the height at 18 feet, and a width on top of 15 feet. Every few hundred yards there is a tower 24 feet square and from 20 to 45 feet high. The foundation of the wall is solid granite. Mr. Unthank brought with him a brick from the wall, which is supposed to have been made 200 years before the time of Christ. In building this immense stone fence to keep out the Tartars, the builders never attempted to avoid mountains or chasms to save expense. For 1,300 miles the wall goes over plain and mountain, and every foot of the foundation is in solid granite and the rest of the structure solid masonry. In some places the wall is built smooth up against the bank of canyons or precipices, where there is a sheer descent of 1,000 feet. Small streams are arched over, but in the larger streams the wall runs to the water's edge and a tower is built on each side. On the top of the wall there are breastworks or defences facing in and out so the defending force can pass from one tower to the other without being exposed to any enemy from either side. To calculate the time of building or cost of this wall is beyond human skill. So far as the magnitude of the work is concerned, it surpasses everything in ancient or modern times of which there is any trace. The pyramids of Egypt are nothing compared to it.

FAMILY FATALITY.—The following mournful story is told by the Clinton *Republican*, showing the singular fatality that seems to pursue the family of James McCloskey, of Lock Haven. "The old adage that 'troubles never come singly' has been fully exemplified in the family of James McCloskey in this city. Less than a month has elapsed since a daughter-in-law was consigned to the tomb. Two weeks ago a son was carried to his last resting place. A mother has just recovered from a long and severe illness and the father is now confined to his bed on account of sickness. Last Saturday night a beloved daughter—Mrs. Emma Brown—passed away, and on Sunday a dispatch was sent to another son, Thos. T. McCloskey, a switch tender at Renova, informing him of his sister's death. He was attending to his duties in the yard at the time, and as the messenger approached with the dispatch and when within a few feet of him, his foot became entangled in the switch and three cars passed over him crushing out the life and mangling the body almost beyond recognition. The two funerals—sister and brother—took place last Monday."

WHICH SIDE OF THE WALL DO YOU CHOOSE?—There are more young American men in the penitentiaries of this country learning trades than there are outside of them. The principal cause for this is that we are educating our young men for gentlemen—trying to make lawyers, preachers, doctors, and clerks out of material that nature intended for blacksmiths, bricklayers, carpenters, tailors, and other honest "hewers of wood and drawers of water." It's a mistake, and a big one, to teach boys and girls to believe that to labor is disgraceful, and to do nothing for a living is more becoming the society in which they expect to move and have a respect. Hang such society! It is rotten to the core to-day, and there are many men's sons and daughters who are now being educated to play the part of "leading lady" and "walking gentleman" in the great drama of life who will light out for a poor house or a penitentiary before they have played their parts and the curtain drops. Go to work.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

JOSH BILLINGS' LATEST.—Whiskee iz a hard thing to convince, thare fore i never argy with a drunken man.

After a man gits to be 38 years old, he kant form enny nu habbits mutch; the best he kan do iz to steer hiz old ones.

An enthusiast iz an individual who believes about 3 times az much az he can prove and proves about 4 times az much az enny body else believes.

Natur seldom makes a phool, she simply furnishes the raw materials and lets the fellow finish the job to suit himself.

Young man, learn to wait; if you undertake to set a hen before she iz reddy, you will lose your time and confuse the hen besides.

I don't rekolekt ov ever doing ennything that i was just a little ashamed ov but what somebody remembered it, and waz sure, once in a while, to put me in mind ov it.

LEADING CITIZENS.—A Woodman in Austin, Nevada, has named his team of eight oxen after leading citizens of the place. Every day he is heard shouting to them like this, except that he also uses profanity: Gee, there, John Lyons; whoa, Dr. Sheridan, you blamed lazy beast; haw, there, Colonel Price, or I'll break every bone in your lazy body; git up, Jack Squires! Then he wacks the minister with the butt of the whip, and throws a stone at the bank president.

REFRESHING CREED.—A minister's wife once asked the late Doctor Eadie in company how he became attached to the Secession Church when his father was a member of the Relief. "Oh," said the Doctor, "I can easily explain that. Some of the children went with my father and some with my mother; but my father took nothing in his pocket for the 'interval,' while my mother always took bread and cheese—so I went with the bread and cheese."

"SAM," said a young mother to her darling boy, "do you know what the difference is between the body and the soul? The soul, my child, is what you love with; the body carries you about. This is your body,"—touching the boy's shoulders and arms—"but there is something deeper in. You can feel it now. What is it?" "Oh, I know!" said he, with a flash of intelligence in his eyes, "that's my flannel shirt!"

IN Illinois a man who was by accident drawn into some machinery, the other day, was saved from death by his watch falling from his pocket and stopping the machinery by falling into the cog-wheels. He escaped with torn clothes, a bruised side and a smashed watch.

UNLESS more employment shall be opened to women, polygamy will presently be staring us in the face.—*Courier Journal.* Whereupon the *Free Press* suggests: Suppose some of them learn how to do housework.

BRIGHAM YOUNG appeared to a medium the other day and remarked: "It's pretty hot here, but nothing like it was in Salt Lake when I bought Amelia that sealskin sack and left the rest to turn their last year's alpaca."

A DENTIST'S sign should read: "Drawing, music, and dancing."

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, NOV. 16, 1877.

The Republicans of this state are still congratulating themselves that their defeat was no worse. What will content them next year?

Franklin county re-elects, Bowers (Dem.) District Attorney by 896 majority. All the rest Republican. Twenty-two Prohibition and five Greenback tickets were voted in the county.

Ehig's majority for District Attorney in Cumberland county is 438. The other Democratic majorities range up to more than a thousand. The Greenback candidate for Director of the Poor got one vote.

The *News*, started in Philadelphia before the election as a Labor Greenback organ, has ceased to exist, "because the community has not extended to it the support necessary for its continued existence."

It is said that Col. Noyes, State Treasurer elect, has offered the position of Cashier of the Treasury to John Miller, of Chester county. A very proper selection, and we hope Mr. Miller will accept. Col. Noyes starts right.

The Coroner elect of Philadelphia, Dr. W. Kent Gilbert, (Dem.,) is a native of Gettysburg—son of Dr. David Gilbert. The office is said to be a very lucrative one, and Kent's many old friends here congratulate him.

Judge Black's reply to Mr. Stoughton has appeared, in the shape of a thirty-six page pamphlet. It is spicy and trenchant, of course, and leaves literally nothing for the Louisiana Returning Board or the visiting Republican statesmen to stand upon.

The meaning of the Republican senatorial movement, in the opinion of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, is that "the impracticables and implacables, the spoils-peddlers and horn-blowers, are resolved that if they cannot rule the Republican party they will ruin it."

The New York *Tribune* thinks "It would be a kindness to Jere Black to remind him that the funeral is over." Not so; the funeral is not over until the party of the presidential fraud is buried, but the corpse is being made ready with great expedition.—*Balt. Gaz.*

The staid old New York *Evening Post* is in a great state of mind about Stanley Matthews, and in its perplexity exclaims: "Just what the administration ought to do with Mr. Stanley Matthews we shall not undertake to say, but it ought to do something without delay."

The workingman in Pennsylvania who votes with the Democratic party votes for its free trade policy.—*Columbia Spy.*

How about Hayes, and Evarts, and Schurz, and Devens, and McCrary, and Key, and Sherman, and Garfield—all free traders?

According to a table in the New York *Evening Post* the Republican majority in the New York Legislature will be eight on joint ballot, four in each house. Four majority in the Senate is not a very reliable thing for Senator Conkling to work on in 1879. The Democrats may beat that with the House to be elected next fall.

It is too bad that honest John Patterson should be cut by his constituents now that he is in trouble. A special to the *Times* says that he is so completely ignored by whites and blacks that all petitions, memorials, etc., from South Carolina are presented by Senator Gordon, of Georgia.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says of the elections: "One gratifying feature is the reduction of the excessive and dishonest Republican majority in Philadelphia." Had it not been for that "excessive and dishonest majority" Pennsylvania would have returned a majority for Tilden with Florida and Louisiana.

The army appropriation bill was finally passed by the House on Monday. It limits the army to 20,000, (about one-fourth on the Rio Grande,) and appropriates $25,763,000. The Senate has yet to act upon it.

Hon. D. W. Vorhees was sworn in as a United States Senator from Indiana the same day.

Cardoza, the South Carolina carpet-bagger, has been found guilty of the crimes of which he stood accused. This conviction was not brought about by "confederate brigadiers." The jury contained a preponderance of Republican, six of whom were negroes. The mills of the gods grind slowly, but they grind exceeding fine.

The Legislature just chosen in New Jersey, with a Democratic joint majority of nine, will have the redistricting of the State, and may be able to so do it that it will not be so easy for the Republicans to carry the Legislature when the Democrats have a majority of thousands in the State. Last year, in the face of Tilden's twelve thousand majority, the Democrats had but one majority in the Legislature.

Rampant roosters, spread eagles and belching cannons now ornament the country Democratic papers. The Gettysburg *Compiler* has a smoking cannon, a flying eagle wrapped up in the American flag, two crowing chicken cocks and an elephant. Just what this huge beast typifies we cannot guess; but the *Compiler* has, no doubt, trotted him out as significant of something very weighty in connection with the late Democratic victories.—*Phila. Record.*

"Heavy weight?" "Jes' so." Think of a Democratic majority of eight hundred in Adams!

The law prescribing that each elector shall vote for but one inspector, was intended to secure the minority a representative in every election board and thus guard against fraud. But where Democrats are strong enough and illiberal enough to elect both Inspectors, we see no remedy, although the purpose of the law is defeated—a matter that doesn't usually trouble Democratic consciences.—*Star and Sentinel.*

Republicans of Latimore township, take notice! You have been electing *both* Inspectors for many years, because "strong enough and *illiberal* enough" to do it. Have you *no* "consciences" to be troubled?

There would be no trouble about the admission of the Democratic senators from Louisiana and South Carolina if it did not wipe out the Republican majority in the senate. To retain that precarious majority and the power that accompanies it the Republican leaders of the senate will not hesitate to violate every sound constitutional and parliamentary precedent. But in the next session of congress their power to violate the right of states to representation will cease forever.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Republican Caucus—Conkling Attacks the Administration—A Lively Debate.

Washington, Nov. 10.—The Republican senators held a caucus to-day, lasting from noon until 5 o'clock. The first notable feature was Conkling's speech, he attacking the President with great bitterness. He took the ground that the advisory power of the Senate over appointments was coequal with the President's power of appointment, and it was the undoubted duty of the Senate to inquire into the character of all the nominations sent in to that body. He opened war on the basis of the New York appointments, challenging any one to show cause why the old officers should have been removed in the absence of any charges against them. This was in direct violation of the professed rules in regard to civil-service reform. His speech at times became so bitter as to astonish many of the members. He called it a trading administration, and said that he recalled one trader who had not profited much by receiving thirty pieces of silver, for he immediately went out and hanged himself. The present administration had been trading by giving—giving and never getting anything in return. He went on in this strain for over half an hour, when he was seconded by Senator Edmunds, much to the surprise of most of those present. While Mr. Edmunds' manner was less passionate, he was equally as pronounced in his opposition to the method adopted by the President in making appointments, and he heartily coincided with the senator from New York in his ideas of the heavy responsibility resting on the Senate to scrutinize all executive appointments. This opened the ball, and when it became evident that Conkling and Edmunds had formed an alliance, defensive and offensive, the Hayes men, led by Stanley Matthews, came to the rescue of the President. Mr. Matthews was seconded in his endeavors by Senators Dawes, Hoar, Christiancy and Booth, all of whom came out flatly in support of the executive; but they were met with violent opposition from Senators Hamlin, Cameron, Burnside, Oglesby, Howe and several others, Mr. Hamlin being especially outspoken as a "stalwart." No resolutions were offered on this point, the discussion resulting only in an expression of opinion without any final result more than can be plainly inferred as a result from the defiant attitude of the influential members named.

A resolution introduced by Senator Hamlin, that the Republican caucus agree to vote for the admission of Kellogg as a unit, created some stir. Senator Christiancy jumped up and said that he did not propose to be dictated to in a matter of that kind; that he would vote as he thought proper, and seizing his hat, he left the caucus. This caused some alarm, which Mr. Matthews tried to quiet by suggesting that, perhaps, such a resolution was rather hasty now, before the members had carefully looked into the law and the facts, and, therefore, he would ask that the resolution be withdrawn. Mr. Hamlin defended it briefly, but, seeing that it was likely to cause a split, he withdrew it before any vote was taken.

In order to have definite action on something, the following was introduced and passed:

Resolved, That in all cases where appointments of Democrats have been made in the South on the recommendation of Democrats, the same be not sustained by the members of this body, where any objection exists on the part of southern Republicans.

The caucus has occasioned the liveliest comment on the street all day. From indications the President intends to "hold the fort," and if the Democrats vote for his appointments they will continue to be confirmed. All of which may widen the Republican breach beyond repair.

Though this is only a special session, an immense number of bills and measures have already been introduced in Congress. One "bill day" in the House, over nine hundred were brought forward, and the body had to take a recess the next day to enable the clerks to make up their records and the journal. Of course many of these are not of much general interest, but there is a vast number of very important measures to receive attention, among which is a proposition to repeal the bankrupt laws and substitute a new act, more liberal in its terms; to enable female lawyers to practice in the Supreme Court; to establish postal savings banks, by authorizing every post-master, whose salary is over $1,000, to open a savings bank and receive deposits of any amount between 25 cents and $200, and allow interest on 90 day deposits. A system of coupon bond is also embraced in this plan. A petition from the American Forest Association of Chicago, asking measures for the preservation of our rapidly disappearing forests, is before the committee on agriculture. A constitutional amendment intended to prevent John Chinaman from becoming a voter is also proposed. The House committee on Foreign Affairs is considering Secretary Evart's request for an appropriation of $225,000 to provide for representation at the Paris Exposition. And last though not least, no less than three committees are proposing to investigate Robeson's administration of the Navy Department.

A Deficiency.—The Washington *Star* says that one day last week Private Secretary Rogers was before the House committee on appropriations with a deficiency bill for the White House. The items included $2,000 for extra clerk hire, $900 for horses, $25 for repairing harness and $100 for horse shoes. The committee advised Mr. Rogers that the bill would have to be first presented in the House and referred to the committee before they could take it up. When the committee adjourned a newspaper correspondent met Mr. Hewitt, when the following dialogue ensued:

Correspondent. What was Rogers doing before your committee?

Mr. Hewitt. He came about a deficiency bill.

Correspondent. Where is the deficiency?

Mr. Hewitt. In the White House.

Correspondent. Has it existed long?

Mr. Hewitt. Only since the 4th of March last.

Correspondent. Is it large?

Mr. Hewitt. Well, no; I should say about the size of Samuel J. Tilden.

Patterson's trouble seems to be about equal no matter whether he hides behind his Senatorial chair or goes to South Carolina to face a jury. If he appeals to the Senate he will be ejected for corruptly purchasing his election, and then South Carolina would bag him at once. If he accepts a trial in South Carolina he will take the short cut to prison and the Senate would then declare his seat vacant. As the boy said to the stranger at the cross-roads, "Don't care a darn which you take, you won't go far till you'll wish you'd taken t'other."—*Times.*

An investigation in regard to the death of a child in New York on Saturday showed that the tenement house where it died was occupied by ninety-nine families, or about five hundred people. The house is a small one, and whole families were maintaining their wretched existence in a single room.

Political Notes.—The Philadelphia *Record* says "the labor demonstration in Pennsylvania may be said to begin and end with the striking miners. In Allegheny, Luzerne and Schuylkill counties it has developed a strength which, if properly handled, might have been dangerous. But when the greenbackers undertook to guide the movement disaster was certain."

Didn't we tell you you could win, Democrats? Democratic State ticket elected by 6,484 to 10,237! Whoop!

"Crawl into your woolens," says one of our exchanges. But the Republican party have made times so hard that most poor folks have no woolens to crawl into.—*Watchman.*

The Brookville *Jeffersonian* has a little rooster, not more than half an inch high, but it turns him out and says, "He's little, but he feels just as good."

A colored man named Stewart was the Republican candidate for associate judge in Lawrence county, Pa., in the recent election. The county went largely Republican, but Stewart was defeated by the Republicans cutting him. And yet the Radicals complain that the negro is ungrateful.

The Republicans cannot claim that they lost the State through the Labor Greenback ticket. That vote in Allegheny county came off the Democrats; and in Luzerne where Wright had 10,306 and Emerson 8,449, Hart has 2,164 majority over Noyes, the Labor vote almost entire being a Democratic loss.—*Lanc. Intel.*

Hamilton Fish and Peter Cooper voted open tickets for John Morrissey for senator Tuesday week. The ex-prize fighter's respectability is now established.

The Republicans were not surprised. They had been expecting that earthquake.

In support of Bob Ingersoll's claims to the German mission the Cincinnati *Commercial* says: "Ingersoll would get along beautifully with Bismark. They have the same religious faith."

Governor Tilden's idea about the southern policy is that it was nothing but a necessity of Hayes' situation, and that it has lost the North to the Republicans without gaining the South.

There is now a prospect that some time in the near future Philadelphia will see the novel spectacle of good government. The late election revealed the pleasant fact that the Republicans have lost their knack of stuffing ballot-boxes and manipulating election returns.

It seems to be safe to calculate generally on about five thousand votes being polled in Philadelphia on some side issue if there be a possibility of finding one. It appears to make little real difference what the issue happens to be. The vote is about the same.—*North American.*

The *Press* thinks that Colonel Ingersoll's appointment will be quite a shock to Democratic Christian sensibilities in the Fourth ward of this city and in Morrissey's district in New York. Considering that the Fourth ward unfurled the Republican flag with McMullen as color-bearer but a few months ago, and that Morrissey is now the apostle of Republican Reform in the Seventh district of New York, isn't the *Press* a little tangled in its metaphors?—*Times.*

General McClellan's response to a serenade in Hudson county, New Jersey, Saturday night, has the true ring. He said:

We in New Jersey have especial reason to rejoice in the success which has, for the first time in many years, given us a Democratic Governor and a Democratic Legislature, so that we shall have complete control of the government of the State. But we must remember, my friends, that with success and peace come also responsibilities and duties. I believe that it is the wish of the Democratic party of New Jersey that the State shall be governed for the good of the whole people and not in the narrow interests of party; and I know that this can be done only by carrying out Democratic principles through Democratic agents. In this I shall need, and am sure that I shall receive, the support of all the good Democrats of Hudson county and of the State. If we use the power entrusted to us wisely and well we will increase the probabilities of Democratic success in 1880; for when the government of any State is in Democratic hands the national party will be held responsible for the results—will be benefited by a successful administration and injured by a failure. If we Democrats in this State and throughout the nation use the powers entrusted to us wisely and well, if we make honesty, economy, reform and common sense not merely our watchwords, but the guides of our action in practice, we shall not only attain but, what is more, we will deserve success. My friends, I desire to thank the Democracy of Hudson county for the enthusiastic support with which they have honored me, from the time of the nomination until the election. I shall need and expect their cordial support, as well as that of the entire Democratic party of the State, in making the Democratic administration an entire success, so that all good men may rejoice that we were victorious.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says: "There was so much buying and selling, bribe-giving and bribe-taking, in those palmy days of rascality in South Carolina, that it would be more economical to prosecute the few office-holders who are believed to have kept their integrity, and allow them to prove their innocence, and send the rest to the penitentiary on the strength of common report."

The Democracy may be thwarted in their efforts to act for the public good to a large extent, but they must persevere in their efforts, and a jealous though generous public will not be ungrateful in return. Honesty in the discharge of all public affairs; a steadfast regard for the welfare of the great producing interests, and a jealous watch over the Treasury, will not fail to command the public confidence.

The announcement that Colonel Ingersoll will receive the German mission has aroused a strong feeling throughout the religious element in the North and West, from the fact that he has so persistently expressed himself as a disbeliever in the Christian religion. Numerous letters have been received protesting against the appointment, which is seriously contemplated.

Manchester, Carroll County, will have to be content with a branch railroad to Maple Swamp, 1½ miles, on the new Baltimore and Hanover Railroad, as the main line will not pass through their town. It is said the Directors have proposed to build the branch road and run a train each way every day.

Commodore Vanderbilt was worth one hundred millions of dollars. He gave ninety-five millions to his son William H., and only five millions to the rest of his children — and hence the "family jars."

Wendell Phillips says, "Pennsylvania's voice unmistakably foretells the defeat and subjugation, at no distant day, of the entire Republican party."

Noyes township, Clinton county, Col. Noyes's own home, gives him 90 to Hart's 5.

Congress may adjourn in a few days—and it may not.

Local Matters.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES

Local Flashes.—Court this week and next.

Turkies are plenty.

Thanksgiving, and then the County Institute.

Last Thursday's rain caused high waters, but no special damage.

Now for plans for winter amusement and instruction.

The organization of a Debating Society at the Quarry School-house, in Highland, should be followed in other localities. Many useful public men started with just such training.

A lively newspaper is a great help during the dull winter months.

This may be called a "dry" and a "wet" year. The fall rains in number and copiousness are almost without precedent.

Carlisle is to have a new market house—probably like the one at Columbia.

A yellow rabbit was shot near York recently.

York County Institute November 26th, Franklin County next Monday.

A lost key noticed in the last Compiler was brought to this office next morning.—Nothing like printer's ink to find things.

Think of it—a majority of 868 for a Democratic candidate (Dr. Beaver) in Adams county, and none of the rest much below it!

Ex-Sheriff Greenawalt, of Chambersburg, dangerously ill a week ago, is recovering.

Dr. Dielman dedicates a "Pacification March" to President Hayes.

"May Democratic victories and the excellence of your paper never cease," writes a subscriber in Mountjoy, enclosing $2.

Dividends.—Hanover Saving Fund semi-annual six per cent.; First National Bank of Hanover five to old and six per cent. to new stockholders, for same time.

Methodist revivals are in progress at Rock Chapel and Idaville.

A little four-year old son of Mr. John Wolf, of Latimore township, was recently kicked by a colt and died from the effects.

Trains now leave Baltimore for Gettysburg at 8.25 A. M. and 5.25 P. M.

A pleasant little story on fourth page.

The "boss" turnip has been grown by Jesse Wright, in Tyrone township. It measures two feet in circumference.

Hiram Young issues the York County Almanac. A good thing in its way.

Nearly 19 inches of rain fell in Gettysburg from the 1st of September—enough to do for half a year.

About 2,400 tramps have had entertainment at the Adams County Alms-house since the commencement of the year.

The other day, Charles Crosta, in this place, slaughtered a hog that dressed 446 pounds.

Now read Gen. Meade's testimony, (on our first page,) to get a clearer view of the battle of Gettysburg.

Bishop Howe will preach in the Episcopal church, Gettysburg, next Monday evening. The public invited.

About Christmas the Sisters of St. Joseph at McSherrystown will hold a fair and festival for the benefit of the orphans under their charge. A worthy object—and should be well patronized.

If all the Justices and Constables in Adams county would call at the Compiler office, they could save themselves a world of trouble by buying the many varieties of blanks we keep on hand for their use. Several new forms just printed—and all cheap.

The work of remodeling the building recently purchased by Mr. George J. Weaver, opposite the Compiler office, has been commenced. It is to have an open front and another story, and will be otherwise much improved, well fitting it for a store.

A cabbage weighing 13½ pounds is rated a good one in the best of seasons—but as the growth of the past dry summer it may be put at "the head of the heap." One of that weight Eddie Culp (of Henry) brings to our office. It is well worth a notice, and thanks beside.

To those of our patrons who called and paid their subscriptions this week, we are under obligations. But the number was much smaller than expected, and we therefore urge that next week be better. The money due us is needed, and the necessity to collect is forced upon us.

While the congregation of St. Paul's Lutheran Church, at Easton, was celebrating the tin wedding of the Rev. W. H. McKnight on Monday, a slight fire occurred in the residence of G. W. Coop, a prominent member of the church, and Bertha Volkamute, his mother-in-law, was burned to death in her bed.

Surgical.—On Sunday last, Dr. Mosser, of Mechanicsburg, and Dr. J. W. Trimmer, of Lisburn, Cumberland county, removed a cancer from the breast of Mrs. Gehr, wife of Joshua Gehr and sister of Judge Moser, of Fairview township, York county. The operation was successfully performed and the patient is doing well.

Hon. George Sweney died at Bucyrus, Ohio, on the 10th of October, aged 81 years 7 months and 10 days. He was born near Gettysburg, Pa.; graduated at Dickinson College; studied and practiced law at Gettysburg; removed to Ohio; and from 1838 to 1842 represented the Bucyrus district in Congress. He was prominent as a Democrat, a citizen and a lawyer.

Sheriff Spangler on Saturday sold the property of John K. Marshall, in Fairfield, to George W. Wortz and John Mickley, at $1,100.

Sheriff Spangler has also sold, as Trustee of Bulinda Black, a farm on the south side of Wolf Hill, in Mountjoy township, to Michael Fiscel, at $1,300 cash.

Old Turtles.—Mr. Michael Orner, of Menallen township, writes us that in July of 1876 he found on his farm a turtle marked "D. W. 1790," and in July of the present year his boys discovered it again about the same place in the same field. This is the oldest turtle he ever saw; but he has frequently found them marked by the Orners from 1832 to 1846.

Sudden Death.—Mrs. Sarah Overholtzer died at East Berlin very suddenly on Saturday evening. She took her supper as usual, but on rising from the table complained of being ill, and asked to lie down. She was carried to her bed, and in a few minutes expired. Her age was 86 years to the day.

— East Berlin still has five or six persons whose ages run above 80. This speaks well for the healthy character of the place.

Church Consecration.—The new Christ Reformed Church in Union township, Adams County, will be dedicated to the Triune God on Sunday, Nov. 18th. The services will begin at half past 9 o'clock in the forenoon.—A number of ministers from a distance will be present to assist in the services. There will be preaching in the church on Saturday evening previous. The public is cordially invited to attend. John Ault, Pastor.

New Railroad Company.—A meeting of gentlemen interested in the Harrisburg and Potomac railroad was held at the United States Hotel, in Harrisburg, on Wednesday night week, in order to discuss the question of finishing the road and constructing the bridge across the Susquehanna river at Ewington. Following are the names of the gentlemen who were present: Wm. G. and John B. Davy, of Boston; Daniel V. and John A. Ahl, of Newville; R. A. Boyer and Joshua Hunt, of Catasauqua; David Wills, of Gettysburg, and A. W. Eichelberger, of Hanover.

Send for Feistel's Musical Catalogue tf

Court.—The November Sessions opened on Monday morning, President Judge McClean and Associate Judge Kuhn on the bench.

Court appointed S. G. Cook foreman of the Grand Jury.

Alexander Livingston was appointed guardian of Sarah Jane Kaufman.

The road from Henry A. Picking's to the York turnpike, via King's Station, was confirmed absolute; width 20 feet.

Road for Bendersville and Arendtsville road to Quaker Valley road, in Menallen township, confirmed absolute; width 22 feet.

Road from Stambaugh's mill road to Shippensburg road, in Latimore township, confirmed absolute; width 25 feet.

Petition presented for a continuance of order on road from York Springs road to Pine Grove road, and Samuel B. Miller, Samuel Overholtzer and Robert M. Dicks appointed viewers.

Petition presented for a road from the Berlin and Shippensburg road, at Moses Raffensperger's, to Paper Mill road, at Abraham Fisher's, in Butler township, and Jeremiah Schriver, George Gruss and Phillip Weaver appointed viewers.

Petition for a bridge across Opossum creek, on the Bendersville and Idaville road, in Menallen township, and Samuel Hewitt, Martin Thomas, Sr., and Jacob Y. Bushey appointed viewers.

Road to Deardorff's mill, in Latimore township, confirmed nisi.

Road from the old Church road to the Harrisburg road, in Reading township, confirmed nisi

The review on the question of annexing lands of Joseph R. Diehl to Butler township for school purposes, reported adversely.

The commissioners previously appointed to consider the propriety of dividing the borough of Gettysburg into wards, reported unanimously in favor of three wards, the first to comprise that part of the borough east of Baltimore and Carlisle streets, the second that part west of Carlisle and Baltimore and north of West Middle streets, and the third that part west of Baltimore and south of West Middle streets. Confirmed nisi.

Subpena in divorce awarded on application of Virginia Wilson.

D. M. Wilson, Esq., was appointed by the Court to audit the public offices.

Mary A. Staub made application to do business in her own name, under the married woman's act.

Com. vs. David Wentz.—Assault and battery on Benjamin Eicholtz. Defendant plead guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and the costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. Thomas McFadden. Stealing napkin rings from William Boyer. Defendant plead guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine $2.50 and the costs of prosecution—with the understanding that he leave the county never to return, and "tramp," if he must, in other pastures.

Com. vs. Michael Hahn. Stealing N. Miller's gold pen. Defendant plead guilty, and was sentenced the same as in the above "tramp" case.

Com. vs. Jacob A. Sowers. Forcible entry and detainer, on oath of John C. Asper. Not a true bill, and prosecutor to pay the costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. Samuel Wagaman and William Wagaman. Larceny, on oath of Daniel Hollinger. Not a true bill, and prosecutor to pay costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. Henry Wilson. Larceny, on oath of James O. Schwartz. Not a true bill; county to pay costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. Ellen Collins. Assault and battery, on oath of Martha Hahn. Not a true bill, and prosecutrix to pay costs of prosecution.

Com. vs James Glacken. Fornication and bastardy, on oath of Martha Reeves. Not a true bill, and prosecutrix to pay costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. Edward Rothaupt. Selling liquor to minors. Verdict guilty, and defendant sentenced to pay a fine of $200 and the costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. Edward Rothaupt. Selling liquor on Sunday. Verdict not guilty.

Com. vs. J. L. Baehr. Carrying concealed weapons, on oath of Henry Bitner. Verdict guilty, and defendant sentenced to pay a fine of $150 and costs of prosecution, and give bail in $300 to keep the peace one year.

Com. vs. Aaron McClain. Defendant plead guilty on several charges of larceny, and was sentenced to the eastern penitentiary for one year. An application for pardon has been filed with the Board of Pardons.

Com. vs John C. Asper. Forcible entry and detainer, on information of Jacob A. Sowers. Verdict not guilty, and defendant to pay costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. William Herring. Surety of the peace, on oath of Elizabeth Sanders. Defendant to pay the costs and give bail in $200 to keep the peace one year.

The cases of the Com. vs. Peter F. Dalhammer and the Com. vs. Abraham Meals, forcible entry, &c., were settled.

Edward Rothaupt was bound over to answer the charge of endeavoring to keep witnesses from testifying against him in court.

A true bill was found against Henry Wilson, for burglary, on oath of Rebecca Felix; also a true bill against John Chronister, Edward Stough and James O. Schwartz, for aggravated assault (tarring) upon Henry Wilson. To be tried in January.

The Quarter Sessions business was closed on Wednesday evening. Court is now engaged on the civil list, and will continue to be this week and next.

Barbara March vs. Berlin Beneficial Society. Verdict for defendant.

We clip the following from the November number of the "Philadelphia Photographic," the leading Photographic magazine of America, edited by Edw. L. Wilson, chief of the Centennial Photo. Company, whose photographs of the International Exhibition are now the delight of the world:

"Mr. W. H. Tipton, Gettysburg Pa., contributes the first of a series of interesting articles on landscape work in our current number, and we have before us a series of the views made during the tramp described, of Harper's Ferry, the Battlefield of Antietam, of Gettysburg and vicinity, and other localities, which show excellent manipulation, and good taste in selecting the points of sight. Mr. Tipton writes and works like a photographer who thoroughly enjoys his profession, as he no doubt does. Such work as this deserves praise and good patronage."

Babies ought to be well taken care of; their system does not allow the slightest neglect. If your Baby suffers from Colic or Bowel Disorders, procure a bottle of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, a simple but always reliable remedy. Only 25 cents. 1t

Eye Knocked Out.—One day last week an old lady, named Ann Penrose, living about a mile from York Springs, had one of her eyes knocked out by a piece of wood which struck her in the eye while endeavoring to split the same. She is now entirely blind, having a few years ago, by some means, lost the other eye.—Comet.

Robes and Blankets.—Lap-Robes and Blankets, Horse Blankets, and all other articles belonging to the cold season, for sale in large variety and cheaper than ever, at R. E. Culp's. Nov. 16. tf

The Clarion says that the coal mine near Motter's Station, in Frederick county, is really amounting to something, as coal in large quantities is being taken out. But geologists say it can't be there.

"Keep a reliable friend always at hand," such as Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has eminently proven itself to be. Thousands of testimonials. Try it. Price 25 cents. 1t

A double-heater, Revolving Light, stove, good as new, for sale cheap by Prof. Baugher. 1t

Property Sales.—On Saturday Rev. Peter B. Kaufman bought the dwelling of the late John W. Smith, deceased, in East Berlin, at $1,801.

Dr. Brenneman, of Arendtsville, has purchased the farm of Dr. David Shaffer, one mile east of this place, at $4,000.

Joseph Bowser has purchased 110 acres of the farm of the late John Wiest, deceased, with the buildings, near East Berlin, at $90 per acre. About 30 acres, including the picnic ground, are retained by John Wiest, Jr., who bought the whole farm at the sale.

The Executors of the late Charles Ehrehart have sold, at private sale, the five acre lot on the Mummasburg road to Geo. B. Montfort for $50 per acre; and the two acre lot, on Stevens street, to Hon. Edward McPherson, at $105 per acre.

Rufus Krug and G. W. Wortz have sold 110 acres of the Culbertson farm, in Hamiltonban township, to George Andrew at $22 per acre; Alfred Cover 42 acres of mountain land to G. W. Wortz, for $65; and Washington S. Myers 3½ acres timber land to G. W. Wortz at $60 per acre.

David Stover has purchased the property of Mrs. Mark, at Cashtown, for $2,000 cash.

Outlawry in York County.—Last Friday night, about 8 o'clock, three disguised desperadoes entered the residence of four brothers—all old bachelors—named Peter, John, David and Christopher Roth, residing about two miles northwest of Wrightsville. The robbers entered the house quietly and without any warning commenced a murderous onslaught on the inmates with knuckles and billies, no pistols or knives being used. Peter Roth, who was sitting in the corner behind the door, at the wood-box, was evidently unobserved by the robbers, of which fact he took advantage by striking one of them over the head with a brail of wood; he reports, however, that the assailants were experts in the art of defense, and that every blow aimed at them was dexterously warded off. Two women in the family, who are keeping house for the brothers, quickly gave the alarm. They ran to the house of a fifth brother, who resides about 150 yards distant, and by their screams aroused the whole neighborhood. Things becoming too hot for the robbers, and fearing the women's outcry would bring the neighbors, they left the premises, carrying with them a loaded rifle which happened to be in the room. The rifle was afterward found about 200 yards southeast from the house, in which direction they made their escape, crossing fields and fences in their haste.

The four brothers were all more or less injured about the head and face, no other part of the body showing any marks of violence. Persons who visited the scene of the conflict on Saturday morning say that the room where the fight occurred had the appearance of a slaughter house rather than a private residence. The brothers who were so brutally attacked are old men, their ages ranging from sixty to seventy-five or eighty years.—York Daily.

More Robberies.—On Friday evening last an attempt was made to enter Charles Diehl's cellar, but the party failed by being discovered. The same evening Mr. C. Nagle's cellar was entered, near Mr. Diehl's, and just outside the borough limits of New Oxford. Here they helped themselves to pies, bread, butter and apples.

One night last week 18 turkies were stolen from a Mr. Lynn near Hampton, and several farmers near Hunterstown the same week lost turkies and chickens. Mr. Brown's mill, on Conowago creek, near East Berlin, was entered and robbed of flour and grain, a few weeks ago.—Star.

Singular Capture of a Wild Duck.—One day recently while our piscatorial townsman and worthy Chief Burgess, Daniel S. Barnitz, Esq., was fishing for pike at Lilly's Dam, a few miles from town, a wild duck, feeding in the water close by to where he had thrown his line, seized hold of the bait and was caught fast by the sharp hook. Notwithstanding its fierce struggles to release itself, it was safely landed, when the hook was extracted by Mr. B. and the duck set at liberty. This was certainly a novel way of catching ducks.—Hanover Spectator.

Paralyzed.—On Tuesday afternoon, Mr. Joseph Wolf, residing near New Chester, Adams county, was in town, and in the evening as he reached his home, he was paralyzed, and died soon after he was taken into the house. He had been partially paralyzed some years ago—this being the third stroke. His age is about 68 years.—Herald.

"Eureka" is the sentiment of countless sufferers who find the balm of relief, and the fountain of their health and strength, in Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the most potent of all the alteratives to purify the system and cleanse the blood. It possesses invigorating qualities, so that it stimulates the faded vitalities and purges out the corruptions which mingle with the blood, promoting derangement and decay. We are assured by many intelligent physicians that this medicine cures beyond all others of its kind, and we can fortify this statement by our own experience.—Athol (Mass.) White Flag. 1t

Miss: A word in your ear. The next fine afternoon that you saunter out, buy a box of Glenn's Sulphur Soap. That admirable purifier will remove every one of those pimples which detract so much from your beauty. Sold by all Druggists. There is Youth in every bottle of Hill's Hair Dye. Nov. 16. 4w

John M. Minnigh respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and Adams county that the best of Oysters, in every style, can be had at his establishment at all hours of the day and evening. He has a separate saloon for ladies. Nov. 9. tf

For cheap Pocket Knives go to Winter & Son's. Oct. 12. tf

Spectacles from 25 cts., to $10, at A. R. Feistel's. May 24. tf

Try the "Little Giant" Cigars at Winter & Son's. Oct. 12 tf

Send for A. R. Feistel's Descriptive Catalogue of Musical Instruments, Strings, &c Sent free. May 24. tf

Novelties in Neck Ties, Bows, Linen and Paper Collars, Cuffs, &c., at Eckert's. Mar.

Repairing of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Musical Instruments at A. R. Feistel's May 24. tf

Pianos Tuned and Repaired.—Satisfaction guaranteed. Leave orders at the residence of Gen. Slayton, or address Joseph DeLonjevin, post office box No. 24. N2.tf

Groceries sold at lowest profits at the warehouse of W. J. A. Swisher, below the Railroad, on Carlisle street. White Sugar 11 cents. Nov. 2. 3t

Don't fail to see the big stock of Fall and Winter Clothing, good and cheap, at R. E. Culp's. Oct. 10. tf

Query.—Why will men smoke common tobacco when they can buy Marburg Brothers' "Seal of North Carolina" at the same price? Sept. 28. 12w

Goods guaranteed as represented at Eckert's Hat and Shoe Store. April 13. tf

Do you want a good Plough, Wagon, Shovel Plough or Cultivator, call on Wm. Wible. May 10. tf.

Stop, Gents, and examine W. T. King's stock of Goods for Spring and Summer. He is now offering the cheapest and most stylish Goods to be seen in the town. Gents and Boys can find anything for clothing in their line they may want. April 9, tf

The best Grain Drill in the market will sow all kinds of Grain evenly; will sow Fertilizers of all kinds; also Peruvian Guano without clogging. Warranted as represented or no sale. To be seen at Wible's. 5 10. tf

Fine Cakes a specialty at Winter & Son's

Short Stops.—Emperor William suffers from earache.

— Nasby has sold the Toledo Weekly Blade at $70,000.

— Cameron county for the first time since its organization went Democratic on the 6th instant.

— The Republican candidate (colored, for Associate Judge in Lawrence county is defeated by 160, whilst the Republican state ticket has 841 majority. Is this the way to treat "the man and brother?"

— Dr. S. J. Russell, an old and respectable resident of Bell county, Texas, was recently hung by a band of lynchers for being an infidel.

— The Crawford County Gazette has ceased to be—aged thirty weeks. So they go.

— John Welsh has been confirmed as Minister to England by a unanimous vote of the Senate.

— The Variety Iron Works, at York, are casting the columns, brackets, &c., for the new Pennsylvania Railroad depot at Pittsburgh. There are 58 columns, each 27 feet long and weighing one ton. The combined weight of the castings is 125 tons.

— Cork is coming into use in Germany as a filling for winter bed coverlets in place of feathers. It is said to be not only lighter and cheaper, but decidedly warmer.

— Large quantities of figs are being dried in California.

— The Pope is now always carried about in an arm chair.

— Ohio has 381,000 acres of apple orchards, and raised this year 15,000,000 bushels of apples.

— The late U. S. Senator Morton was a hatter by trade.

— Troubles, like babies, grow bigger by nursing.

— Gen. Sherman's official salary, it is stated, amounts to about $18,000 a year, inclusive of the usual commutation for supplies. He lives at present at the Ebbitt House, in Washington. He is said to enjoy Washington gayeties greatly, and to feel aggrieved when there is not—to use his own words—"some sort of a fandango" every evening.

— Figures concerning the products of Crawford county, show that last year that county produced 10,000,000 pounds of cheese and 2,000,000 pounds of butter. The number of individual dairies in the county is set down at 5,000, the number of cows at 27,000 and the number of cheese factories at 65.

— Tit for tat. To the white whale sent over to the London Aquarium was fed a lot of eels. He ate them, and when the post mortem took place they were found eating him.

— In Reading they put tramps to cleaning gutters.

— The apple crop of Chautauqua county, N. Y., is the largest ever known there, and orchardists are jubilant over the large yield. It is estimated the entire crop will reach the value of $500,000.

— A man in Ellsworth, Wis., has a colt four months old that weighs six hundred and fifty-five pounds.

— It deteriorates from the flavor of a potato to boil it without the jacket.

— "Honesty is the best policy," but some folks are satisfied with second best.

— Mr. George Geyer, of Mt. Holly, last week shot on Laurel dam twenty wild ducks, in the short space of three hours.

— Two students were dismissed and two suspended at Dickinson College, Carlisle, for indulging in Hollow E'en frolics.

— It costs thirty-six and a half cents per mile to run a locomotive.

— The fast oyster train between Baltimore and Chicago averages thirty miles an hour.

— Soft words are said to cost nothing, but the old fellow who has just paid $20,000 to settle a breach of promise case thinks differently.

— The Ringgold Band of Reading has had two offers to go to the Paris Exposition next season, by two different organizations. They have not as yet accepted either.

— Senator Morton leaves an estate variously estimated from $30,000 to $50,000.

— General Hawley has some good notions. He says people talk a great deal about the mysteries of finance, but he knows of no such thing. "The thing known as finance is a simple one. It consists in telling the truth and keeping your promises."

— The Reading car shops are overcrowded with work — the men working twelve hours a day.

— The French minister has received from his government an assurance that a Philadelphia military company, which desires to visit the exposition, will be welcomed and can bear arms.

— A good little boy who was kicked by a mule did not say naughty words or go home crying to his mother. He just tied the mule within five feet of a bee hive, backed him round to it and let him kick.

— They have already had four inches of snow in northern Illinois.

— Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia and North Carolina have all cut and housed fine tobacco crops.

— The grand jury at Pittsburgh, Pa., has ignored the bill against Gen. Pearson, charged with murder in connection with the riots there in July last.

Everybody wants to buy the best and cheapest articles to be had. Especially the farmer, whose farm implements are expensive. Examine the implements kept for sale by Wm. Wible, Agent, before purchasing elsewhere. Particularly the Buckeye Reaper, with Miller's Table Rake, the most perfect and durable machine in the market. Warranted to give satisfaction or no sale. See advertisement in another column. M17.tf

Revolvers—all the standard makes for sale at Winter & Son's. Oct. 12. tf

Good goods always cheapest! Eckert's is the place to get good Boots and Shoes cheap for cash. Aug. 9. tf

You can buy Clocks, Watches and Jewelry cheaper at A. R. Feistel's than any other place. May 24. tf

A complete stock of Toys, Notions, Games, &c., at Winter & Son's. Oct. 12. tf

The Celebrated Allentown Shoe for sale at Eckert's. Every pair warranted. Sept.14tf

Go to Eckert's this fall to buy your Boots. Aug. 9. tf

The largest lot of Accordions ever in Gettysburg at A. R. Feistel's. May 24. tf

A large and well selected stock of Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Umbrellas, Trunks, &c., can always be found at prices to suit the times, at
Sept. 19, 1877. tf Eckert's.

Eight-day Clocks for $4.50 at A. R. Feistel's. Warranted for two years. M2

If you want to buy good cheap Knives and Forks, Butcher Knives, Spoons, &c., go to Grimes's, where you will find also a full line of Groceries, Canned goods, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, &c., all of the best quality and cheaper than ever. Nov. 2. 3m

The cheapest Clothing in town. Call and see. George Arnold,
Oct. 19. 10w Agent.

Cranberries.—A prime lot at Winter & Son's. Oct. 26. tf

Great Reduction in the prices of Shot Guns, single and double barrel, breech and muzzle loading; also Shot, Shot Pouches, Powder Flasks, Revolvers, &c., at Winter & Son's. Nov. 9. tf

J. A. Grimes keeps a Large Stock of Queensware, and sells very cheap. Try him. Nov. 2. 3m

Shot Guns.—A new lot just received at Winter & Son's. Oct. 26. tf

$25 for a Howe Sewing Machine at Geo. E. Stock's, Balt. st., Gettysburg. Aug. 16. tf

Harper's Magazine for December fully maintains the leading position which this periodical holds, both as to literary and artistic excellence. Readers will first of all turn to Longfellow's poem, "Keramos," beautifully illustrated by Abbey and Fredericks. While the subject of the poem is one dear to the hearts of all bric-a-brac hunters, the poet has transcended its more obvious features, and given us not only a poem of marvelous skill in realistic description, but also an imaginative work of the highest order. The fashioning of clay in the potter's hand typically suggests the subtle fashions of human life and nature—the key-note of the whole poem being the idea of change. The potter's song, bits of which occur as frequent refrains, imbues the poem with a human sense, and relieves it of any appearance of abstract generalization or of merely speculative reflection.

The Number opens with Milton's "Hymn on the Nativity," with seven effective illustrations by Fredericks.

Mrs. Spofford contributes a paper, beautifully illustrated, on "Elizabethan and later English Furniture." It is a careful study of decorative art in England since the Renaissance, and the author's graceful style renders it as attractive as it is instructive.

Mr. William H. Rideing contributes a paper on the "Metropolitan Newspaper," which will be universally popular. It is embellished by twenty-seven illustrations, including portraits of prominent New York editors.

"Many Leaves and few Grapes" is an Italian Christmas story, by Virginia W. Johnson, with two striking illustrations by Abbey.

This Number is especially rich in fiction. Miss Thackeray begins a new story, "Da Capo;" and Edward Everett Hale's story, "Back to Back," is concluded. There are also six admirable short stories. "The Man in the Cage" is a very strong story, by Rebecca Harding Davis; "The Daily Advertiser," by H. E. Scudder, is an extravaganza, sufficiently dramatic for the stage; "My Uncle's Heiress," by Charles De Kay, is novel and exceedingly clever; "Master Robby's Romance," by Henrietta H. Holdich, is a very humorous story; "Was it Love or Blindness?" is by the author of "The Chimera of the Coach," which attracted so much notice last summer.

M. D. Conway contributes an entertaining description of his visit to Jamrach's—the London man who supplies the zoological gardens of Europe with animals.

E. S. Nadal contributes an interesting study of the "Cosmogony of Paradise Lost."

Besides the poems already mentioned, there is one contributed by James T. Fields, entitled "Monmouth," and one "To a Friend who Slept Ill," by Edgar Fawcett.

The editorial summaries are as varied and entertaining as usual.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Raisins, his own made Caramels, Taffies, Cream Chocolate, &c., at John M. Minnigh's, southwest corner of the Diamond. Nov. 9. tf

Thirty Molasses Barrels for sale cheap by Charles H. Ruff, at his Grocery, on Baltimore street. Nov. 2. 3t

Go to Grimes's Cheap Store for Lamps, Lamp Fixtures, Glassware, &c. Nov2. 3m

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Destructive Fire.—The new barn and corn house of Mr. John H. Bear, in West Manchester twp., about 6 miles from York, near the Short Line Railroad, was entirely consumed by fire on Saturday night, about 8 o'clock, together with grain, corn, hay, agricultural implements, &c., also fourteen head of cattle and several hogs, resulting in a loss of about $7,000.

On Saturday evening, Mr. Jeremiah Bear, the farmer on the place, was absent from home, also his hireling, in consequence of which Mr. John H. Bear, who lives on the line of the railroad, about three-fourths of a mile away, went there to feed. While attending the stock a tramp came along and asked permission to sleep in the barn, which request was kindly granted. The stranger was shown to the upper part of the building, where he lay down for the night. Mr. Bear then left for his home.

About 8 o'clock the tramp heard a noise in the lower part of the barn, but paid very little attention to it—thinking that some one had returned home and was putting his horse in the stable. In a short time, however, he discovered that the lower part of the building was in flames. He hurried out and gave the alarm. The flames spread so rapidly that only the horses could be saved. The tramp even lost his clothing—not being able to get into where he was lying, after he came out to give the alarm. It was with no little difficulty that the horses were taken from the burning building, and the fact that four or five of them are considerably scorched shows that they narrowly escaped from perishing in the flames. On the night of Nov. 10th, 1876, not quite one year ago, the barn on the same site as this, was destroyed by fire; and it will be remembered that some months ago several young men by the name of Eyster were arrested on a charge of setting fire to the building, but the evidence being insufficient to hold them for trial, the bill was ignored and the young men discharged.

Mr. Bear is confident that the fire on Saturday was again the work of an incendiary.—*Daily.*

The barn and contents were insured for $6,450—$2,000 in the Ben Franklin, and $4,450 in the Paradise Mutual.

MARKET REPORTS.

GETTYSBURG.

Corrected by W. J. A. Swisher.

Flour	6 00
Rye Flour	2 50
Red Wheat	1 27
Corn	60
New Corn	55
Rye	55
Oats	27
Hay	0 00
Flax-seed	1 25
Timothy-seed	1 25
Clover-seed	5 50
Buckwheat	55
Pork	0 00

BALTIMORE.

Flour	6 50 @	7 00
Wheat	1 45 @	1 53
Rye	70 @	1 00
Corn	55 @	61
Oats	30 @	38
Hogs ℔ hund., dead	6 00 @	6 25
Beef Cattle ℔ hund., live	2 60 @	5 87
Hay	16 00 @	18 00

SUCCESS UNPRECEDENTED in the history of similar enterprises has attended the Publication of the

PHILADELPHIA

WEEKLY TIMES

The Largest, Cheapest & Brightest Weekly in the Union.

58 COLUMNS of the CHOICEST READING, embracing all that goes to make a First-class Live Weekly Paper.

☞ The Grand and Distinctive feature of THE WEEKLY TIMES, that has proved so popular in the past, will be continued throughout the year, viz: A Series of Chapters of the Unwritten

HISTORY

OF THE LATE

CIVIL WAR

From Leading Actors in the Cabinet, in the Field, in the Forum, North and South.

☞ This feature of the PHILADELPHIA WEEKLY TIMES alone will make one of the most Entertaining and Instructive Volumes on the Unwritten Records of the Late War that has ever been given to the nation. While these contributions will be free from all sectional partisan tone, they will be written from the various standpoints of the respective authors and over their proper names.

TERMS PER ANNUM—POSTAGE FREE:

One Copy, $2. Five Copies, $8. Ten Copies, $15. Twenty Copies, $25.

An Extra Copy will be sent Free to any person sending $15 for a Club of Ten, or $25 for a Club of Twenty.

TRY THE WEEKLY TIMES.

By uniting with a few friends, and making a Club of Twenty, you will each get the WEEKLY TIMES for one year, postage paid by us, for the Low Price of $1.25. If at any time during the year you are dissatisfied with the Paper, send to us and we will return your money.

THE DAILY TIMES

A First-Class Independent Morning Paper.

Universally quoted by the Press and the People as the Best Newspaper ever published in Philadelphia.

TERMS—Postage Paid, Six Dollars a year, or Fifty Cents a month. Two Cents a Copy.

Address THE TIMES,
Nov. 16. Times Building, Phil'a.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Renovation, not Prostration.

Did any enfeebled human being ever become strong under the operation of powerful cathartics or salivants? It is sometimes necessary to regulate the bowels, but that cannot be done by active purgation, which exhausts the vital forces and serves no good purpose whatever. The only way to promote health and vigor, which are essential to regularity of the organic functions, is to invigorate, discipline and purify the system at the same time. The extraordinary efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in cases of debility or irregularity of the organs of digestion, assimilation, secretion and discharge, is universally admitted. Appetite, good digestion, a regular habit of body, active circulation of the blood, and purity of all the animal fluids are induced by this superb tonic and corrective. It has no equals, moreover, as a preventive of chills and fever, and other types of malarial disease. To emigrants and travelers it is particularly serviceable as a medicinal safeguard. Nov. 2. 1m

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup for the cure of Consumption, Coughs and Colds.

The great virtue of this medicine is that it ripens the matter and throws it out of the system, purifies the blood, and thus effects a cure.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic, for the Cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, &c.

The Tonic produces a healthy action of the stomach, creating an appetite, forming chyle, and curing the most obstinate cases of Indigestion.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the Cure of Liver Complaint, &c.

These Pills are alterative, and produce a healthy action of the liver, without the least danger, as they are free from calomel, and yet more efficacious in restoring a healthy action of the liver.

These remedies are a certain cure for Consumption, as the Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter and purifies the blood. The Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, create a healthy bile, and remove all diseases of the liver, often a cause of Consumption. The Sea Weed Tonic gives tone and strength to the stomach, makes a good digestion, and enables the organs to form good blood; and thus creates a healthy circulation of healthy blood. The combined action of these medicines, as thus explained, will cure every case of Consumption, if taken in time, and the use of the medicines persevered in.

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. Nov. 2. 1m

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York. Oct. 19, 1877. 1y

Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap.

DR. VAN DYKE has made the treatment of SKIN DISEASES his *life long specialty*, and has endeavored for years to *combine an external treatment*, containing the qualities of medicines as used in his domestic practice. This desirable result has been accomplished in the preparation of his DR. VAN DYKE'S SULPHUR SOAP.

It is cleansing, Deodorizing, Disinfecting, Soothing, Healing and Purifying.

It renders the coarsest skin remarkably soft and healthful. It imparts a beautiful smoothness and brilliancy to the skin, and forms an elastic whiteness when applied to the face, neck, arms and hands.

It removes Pimples, Flesh Worms, Black Heads, Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Liver Spots, from any part of the body; cures Chapped Hands, Chafing, Scalds, Burns, Sores, Ulcers, Roughness of the Skin, Dandruff; relieves Itching and Irritation of biting and stinging of insects. Is especially adapted to the Nursery and Bathroom. In bathing children it has no superior, and you can take a Sulphur bath at pleasure.

Ladies who use it in their Toilet would never do without it. It is free from all offensive and disagreeable odor.

It neutralizes the odor of perspiration and exhalation of the body, and as an external Medical application and Toilet necessity it has no equal.

It will relieve Itching Piles where nothing else will have any effect. As an external application you can scarcely use it amiss.

Price 25 cents a Cake; a Box (3 cakes) 60 cents. Sent by Mail, (pre-paid) on receipt of price.

Wholesale and retail at Main Depot, No. 50 N. Fifth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. E. S. WEBSTER, Sole Proprietor.

Go to your Druggist and ask for DR. VAN DYKE'S SULPHUR SOAP, and take no other. For sale by John M. Huber, Gettysburg, A. D. Buehler & Co., Gettysburg, and Dr. T. V. S. Quigley, New Oxford, Pa., and by DRUGGISTS generally.
May 31, 1877. 1y

FORNEY'S

Horse and Cattle POWDERS

Are warranted to be the best and cheapest in the market, for Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry. In all cases where they do not do as represented, the money will be refunded. Manufactured and for sale at HUBER'S DRUG AND BOOK STORE, Gettysburg.
Jan. 15, 1875. tf

Teachers' Institute.

THE TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL MEETING of the Adams County Teachers' Institute will be held in the Court House, Gettysburg, commencing at 2 o'clock, P. M., on Monday, Dec. 3, 1877, and continuing five days, as by law required. Every teacher in the county is earnestly requested to be present the whole time, as special effort has been made to make the sessions of the coming Institute more interesting and instructive than any yet held in the county. Thursday, the 6th, has been set apart for the meeting of the Directors of the county, and a cordial invitation is hereby extended to all to attend. Directors will please take notice that they have a right under the law to grant the teachers in their employ time to attend the Institute, without making any deduction from their salaries. Among the instructors already engaged for the occasion are Miss Lelia E. Partridge, of Phila., Prof. F. P. Lantry, of New York, Rev. I. N. Hays, of Shippensburg, and Prof. Edward Brooks, of Millersville. The usual reduction in railroad and hotel fare to those in attendance.

The evening sessions will this year be exceptionally attractive and profitable, as follows:

MONDAY,

Lecture, with illustrations and tests, by Prof. J. Randall Brown, of New York, the celebrated Mind Reader.

TUESDAY,

Lecture by Miss L. E. Partridge, of Phil'a.

WEDNESDAY,

Readings by Miss Partridge, probably assisted by Prof. Lantry.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

Lectures by Col. J. P. Sanford, the distinguished traveller, and one of the most eloquent lecturers before the public.

Course tickets, good for the five evenings, $1.00. Single tickets, 25 cents. Reserved seats 10 cents extra in all cases.

Doors open at 6:30. Exercises commence at 7:30 o'clock. AARON SHEELY,
Nov. 9, 1877. 3t Co. Supt.

School Tax Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Taxpayers of CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP that the Duplicate for Cumberland School District has been placed in the hands of the subscriber as Receiver of said Tax. AN ABATEMENT OF FIVE PER CENT. will be allowed on all taxes paid on or before the *fourth day of January next*, after which date no abatement will be allowed. On all taxes not paid on or before the *first day of February*, 1878, five per cent. will be added for collection fees.

☞ The Receiver will attend at the McClellan House in Gettysburg, on Saturday of every week, until Jan. 1, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock, P. M., to receive taxes. By order of the Board.
F. A. HANKEY,
Nov. 9, 1877. 8t Receiver.

School Tax Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Taxpayers of BUTLER TOWNSHIP, that the Duplicate for Butler School District has been placed in the hands of the undersigned, as Receiver of said tax. On all taxes paid on or before the *first day of January next* an ABATEMENT OF FIVE PER CENT. will be allowed, after which there will be no abatement. On all taxes not paid on or before the *first day of February*, 1878, five per cent. will be added for collection fees.

☞ The Receiver will attend at A. C. Cronise's Store, in Middletown, on Saturday for every week until Jan. 1, from 1 to 5 o'clock, P. M., to receive taxes.
By order of the Board.
DANIEL WALTER,
Nov. 9, 1877. 8t Receiver.

Administrators' Notice.

ADAM SMITH'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Adam Smith, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
VINCENT C. SMITH,
JOSEPH N. SMITH,
Nov. 2, 1877. 6t Administrators.

Executor's Notice.

NICHOLAS LINGO'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Nicholas Lingg, late of Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
ELIAS LINGO,
Oct. 12, 1877. 6t Executor.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that THOMAS G. NEELY, Assignee of the firm of ELABAUGH & ALLISON, in trust for the benefit of creditors, has presented his petition to the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, praying for an order to him to deliver the books of said firm to W. R. Allison, and to be thereupon discharged from said trust, and that the prayer of the petitioner will be granted, unless cause be shown to the contrary, on the 8th day of NOVEMBER, 1877.
THOMAS G. NEELY,
Oct. 19, 1877. 4t Prothonotary.

ESTRAY MARE.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, near New Oxford, Adams county, on the 28th ult., a DARK SORREL MARE, with star on the face and lump on right front knee. The animal is about 14 years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.
Nov. 2, 1877. 3t G. W. TIMMINS.

For Exchange,

A GOOD FARM in the West, for a good Farm or Town Property in Adams county, Pa. Inquire at this office. Aug.10,'77.tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Renovation, not Prostration.

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A Card.

[illegible]o all who are suffering from the errors [illegible] indiscretions of youth, nervous weak-[illegible]ss, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I [illegible] send a recipe that will cure you, FREE [illegible] CHARGE. This great remedy was dis-[illegible]ered by a missionary in South America. [illegible]d a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. [illegible]PH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, [illegible]w York. Oct. 19, 1877. 1y

Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap.

[illegible]R. VAN DYKE has made the treatment [illegible]SKIN DISEASES his *life long specialty*, [illegible] has endeavored for years to *combine* an [illegible]*nal treatment*, containing the qualities [illegible]medicines as used in his domestic prac-[illegible]. This desirable result has been accom-[illegible]hed in the preparation of his DR. VAN [illegible]KE'S SULPHUR SOAP.

[illegible]is cleansing, Deodorising, Disinfecting, [illegible]ching, Healing and Purifying. [illegible] renders the coarsest skin remarkably [illegible] and healthful. It imparts a beautiful [illegible]othness and brilliancy to the skin, and [illegible]s an elastic whiteness when applied to [illegible] face, neck, arms and hands. [illegible] removes Pimples, Flesh Worms, Black[illegible]s, Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Liver Spots, [illegible] any part of the body; cures Chapped [illegible]s, Chafing, Scalds, Burns, Sores, Ulcers, [illegible]ness of the Skin, Dandruff; relieves [illegible]ing and irritation of biting and stinging [illegible]sects. Especially adapted in the Nur-[illegible] and Bathroom. In bathing children [illegible] no superior, and you can take a Sul-[illegible]r bath at pleasure. [illegible]dies who use it in their Toilet would [illegible]er do without it. It is free from all of-[illegible]sive and disagreeable odor. [illegible] neutralizes the odor of perspiration and [illegible]ation of the body, and as an external [illegible]ical application and toilet necessity it [illegible] no equal. [illegible] will remove Itching Piles where noth-[illegible] will have any effect. As an external [illegible]tment you can scarcely use it amiss. [illegible]ce 25 cents a Cake; a Box (3 cakes) 60 [illegible]. Sent by Mail, (prepaid) on receipt [illegible]rice. [illegible]olesale and retail at Main Depot, No. [illegible] Fifth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. L. S. [illegible]STER, Sole Proprietor. [illegible] to your Druggist and ask for DR. VAN [illegible]KE'S SULPHUR SOAP, and take no oth-[illegible]. For sale by John M. Huber, Gettysburg, [illegible] Buehler & Co., Gettysburg, and Dr. [illegible] S. Quigley, New Oxford, Pa., [illegible]r DRUGGISTS generally. [illegible], 1877. 1y

FORNEY'S
Horse and Cattle POWDERS

[illegible]warranted to be the best and cheapest [illegible]e market, for Horses, Cattle, Sheep, [illegible]s and Poultry. In all cases where they [illegible] do as represented, the money will be [illegible]ded. Manufactured and for sale at [illegible]BER'S DRUG AND BOOK STORE, [illegible]ysburg. [illegible] 15, 1875. tf

Teachers' Institute.

[illegible]E TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL MEET-[illegible]NG of the Adams County Teachers' In-[illegible]e will be held in the Court Room, Get-[illegible]g, commencing at 2 o'clock, P. M., on [illegible]day, Dec. 3, 1877, and continuing five [illegible]s as by law required. Every teacher in [illegible] county is earnestly requested to be [illegible]nt the whole time, as special effort has [illegible] made to make the sessions of the coun-[illegible]institute more interesting and in-[illegible]ctive than any yet held in the county. [illegible]sday, the 6th, has been set apart for [illegible]eting of the Directors of the county. [illegible] cordial invitation is hereby extended [illegible] attend. Directors will please take [illegible] that they have a right under the law [illegible] ant the teachers in their employ time [illegible]ttend the Institute, without making [illegible]eduction from their salaries. Among [illegible]nstructors already engaged for the oc-[illegible] are Miss Lelia C. Partridge, of Phila., [illegible] F. P. Lantry, of New York, Rev. I. N. [illegible], of Shippensburg, and Prof. Edward [illegible], of Millersville. The usual reduc-[illegible] railroad and hotel fare to those in [illegible]dance. [illegible] evening sessions will this year be ex-[illegible]nally attractive and profitable, as [illegible]s:

MONDAY.

[illegible]ure, with Illustrations and Tests, by [illegible] Randall Brown, of New York, the [illegible]ated Mind Reader.

TUESDAY.

[illegible]ure by Miss L. E. Partridge, of Phil'a.

WEDNESDAY.

[illegible]dings by Miss Partridge, probably as-[illegible]d by Prof. Lantry.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

[illegible]ures by Col. J. P. Sanford, the distin-[illegible]ed traveller, and one of the most en-[illegible]ining lecturers before the public. [illegible]se tickets, good for the five evenings, [illegible]. Single tickets, 25 cents. Reserved [illegible] 10 cents extra in all cases. [illegible]s open at 6:30. Exercises commence [illegible]o'clock. AARON SHEELY, [illegible], 1877. 3t Co. Supt.

School Tax Notice.

[illegible]ICE is hereby given to the Taxpayers [illegible] CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP that [illegible]uplicate for Cumberland School Dis-[illegible] has been placed in the hands of the [illegible]ber as Receiver of said Tax. AN [illegible]EMENT OF FIVE PER CENT. will [illegible]owed on all taxes paid on or before the [illegible]*first day of January next*, after which date [illegible] abatement will be allowed. On all taxes [illegible]id on or before the *first day of Febru-*[illegible], five per cent. will be added for col-[illegible] fees. The Receiver will attend at the Mc-[illegible] House in Gettysburg, on Saturday [illegible]ry week, until Jan. 1, between the [illegible] of 1 and 3 o'clock, P. M. to receive [illegible]. By order of the Board. F. A. HANKEY, [illegible], 1877. 8t Receiver.

School Tax Notice.

[illegible]CE is hereby given to the Taxpayers [illegible] BUTLER TOWNSHIP, that the Du-[illegible] for Butler School District has been [illegible] in the hands of the undersigned, and [illegible] all taxes paid on or before the *first [illegible] of January next* an [illegible]EMENT OF FIVE PER CENT. will be [illegible], after which there will be no abate-[illegible] On all taxes not paid on or before [illegible] *day of February*, 1878, five per cent. [illegible] added for collection fees. [illegible]e Receiver will attend at A. C. [illegible]'s Store, in Middletown on Satur-[illegible] every week until Jan. 1, from 1 to [illegible] P. M., to receive taxes. By order of the Board. DANIEL WALTER, [illegible], 1877. 6t Receiver.

Administrators' Notice.

[illegible] SMITH'S ESTATE.—Letters [illegible] administration on the estate of Adam [illegible], late of Mountpleasant township, Ad-[illegible]county, Pa., deceased, having been [illegible] to the undersigned, residing in the [illegible] township, they hereby give notice to [illegible]sons indebted to said estate to make [illegible]diate payment, and those having [illegible] against the same to present them [illegible]y authenticated for settlement. VINCENT C. SMITH, JOSEPH N. SMITH, [illegible], 1877. 6t Administrators.

Executor's Notice.

[illegible]OLAS LINGG'S ESTATE.—Letters [illegible]amentary on the estate of Nicholas [illegible], late of Oxford township, Adams [illegible], Pa., deceased, having been granted [illegible] undersigned, residing in the same [illegible], he hereby gives notice to all per-[illegible] indebted to said estate to make im-[illegible] payment, and those having claims [illegible] the same to present them properly [illegible]ticated for settlement. ELIAS LINGG, [illegible], 1877. 6t Executor.

NOTICE.

[illegible]E is hereby given that THOMAS G. [illegible]LY, Assignee of the firm of T. G. [illegible] & ALLISON, in trust for the benefit of [illegible], has presented his petition to the [illegible] Common Pleas of Adams county, [illegible] for an order to him to deliver the [illegible] said firm to W. R. Allison, and to [illegible] be discharged from said trust, and [illegible] prayers of the petitioner will be grant-[illegible] cause be shown to the contrary, on [illegible] day of NOVEMBER, 1877. THOMAS G. NEELY, [illegible], 1877. 4t Prothonotary.

STRAY MARE.

[illegible] to the premises of the subscriber, [illegible] New Oxford, Adams county, on the [illegible] a DARK SORREL MARE, with [illegible] the face and lump on right front [illegible] animal is about 11 years old. [illegible] is requested to prove property, [illegible] and take her away. G. W. TIMMINS. [illegible] 1877. 3t

For Exchange.

[illegible] FARM in the West, for a good [illegible]for Town Property in Adams county. [illegible]quire at this office. Aug. 17, '77. tf

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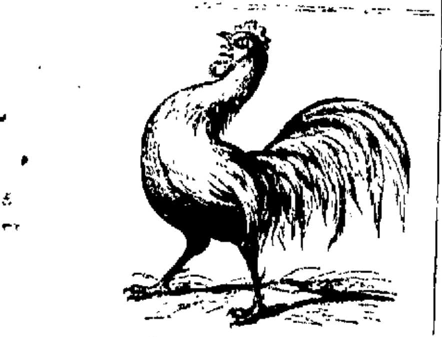
Gettysburg Compiler.



PENNSYLVANIA!

DEMOCRATIC MAJORITIES FROM 6,484 TO 10,237!

Returns have been received from the whole state, which show the following majorities for the Democratic candidates: John Trunkey, for Supreme Judge, 6,481; Wm. P. Schell, for Auditor General, 9,347; Amos C. Noyes, for State Treasurer, 10,237. The majorities on Supreme Judge are subjoined:

	Trunkey.	Sterrett.
Adams	771	
Allegheny		6215
Armstrong		61
Beaver		558
Bedford	473	
Berks	6126	
Blair		175
Bradford		1623
Bucks	567	
Butler	575	
Cambria	1378	
Cameron	83	
Carbon	420	
Centre	1130	
Chester		1612
Clarion	1069	
Clearfield	1367	
Clinton	983	
Columbia	1828	
Crawford	128	
Cumberland	860	
Dauphin		935
Delaware		1325
Elk	507	
Erie		1177
Fayette	823	
Forest		15
Franklin		103
Fulton	330	
Greene	1286	
Huntingdon		451
Indiana		1821
Jefferson	211	
Juniata	167	
Lancaster		4713
Lawrence		698
Lebanon		1005
Lehigh	2190	
Luzerne		2009
Lycoming	1590	
Mercer	423	
M'Kean		32
Mifflin	137	
Monroe	1900	
Montgomery	575	
Montour	723	
Northampton	3081	
Northumberland	1275	
Perry	167	
Philadelphia		6275
Pike	593	
Potter		367
Schuylkill	1470	
Snyder		250
Somerset		895
Sullivan	172	
Susquehanna		590
Tioga		1118
Union		251
Venango	583	
Warren		191
Washington		270
Wayne	615	
Westmoreland	1286	
Wyoming	358	
York	3141	
	41195	35000

MARRIED.

On Sunday last, at Paradise Chapel, by Rev. Father Deneckar, Mr. JOHN NOEL, of Paradise township, York county, to Miss MARY LAWRENCE, of Hamilton township, Adams county.

The printer has not been forgotten, and the happy couple have our thanks. May they live long, and happiness and prosperity always attend them.

On the 13th inst., at Conowago Chapel, by Rev. Father Enders, Mr. CHARLES L. BREIGHNER, of Mountpleasant township, to Miss LYDIA ALWINE, of Oxford township—daughter of Samuel Alwine, deceased.

On the 8th inst., at Arendtsville, by the Rev. A. J. Heller, Mr. THOMAS W. SAMUELS, of Hunterstown, to Miss MARY E. DEWESE, of Heidlersburg.

On the 8th inst., by Rev. John Ault, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. JOHN H. SCHWARTZ, of Conowago township, to Miss LUCINDA C. SHEELY, of Union twp.

At the Reformed Parsonage, New Oxford, on the 11th inst., by Rev. W. F. Colliflower, Mr. SAMSON H. KEPNER, of Berwick township, to Miss ANNIE EICHOLTZ, of Tyrone township.

DIED.

In Baltimore, on the 5th inst., suddenly, Mrs. IDA M., wife of Prof. Odenthal, and only daughter of William Norbeck, in the 23d year of her age.

In Baltimore, Oct. 22, 1877, Mrs. ELIZA, wife of Francis M. Bandy, formerly of this county, in the 63d year of her age.

On the 3d inst., in Cumberland township, Adams county, GEORGE WILLIAM PATTERSON, aged 5 years 2 months and 3 days.

On the 29th ult., in Germany township, Mr. DAVID W. DEGROFF, aged 25 years 4 months and 22 days.

At Danville, Pa., Nov. 9, 1877, MARIAN MAYFIELD, infant daughter of Francis and Jennie B. Jordan, formerly of Littlestown, Pa., aged 2 months and 3 days.

On Tuesday last, at the residence of A. B. White, Esq., in Freedom township, Mrs. JANE M. CAMPBELL, of Toledo, Ohio, aged about 75 years.

On the 2d inst., in Straban township, Miss LYDIA BRINKERHOFF, aged 18 years 10 months and 11 days.

On the 30th ult., in Mechanicstown, Md., Miss DOVIE L. PENNELL, aged 20 years 7 months and 14 days.

Near Abbottstown, on the 7th inst., MINNIE M. OIESY, aged 6 months and 1 day.

Communicated.

Died, on the 18th of October, in White Hall, Adams co., ALICE SARAH PARR, daughter of Jacob and Mary Parr, aged 8 years 1 month and 6 days.

The death of this interesting young girl cast a deep gloom of sorrow over the whole household, and indeed over the entire community. She was a good and obedient child, and was very attractive and lovely in appearance and manner. She was sick only a short time, and although a great sufferer, she bore her sufferings with wonderful patience and Christian submission. We are sure the dear parents have the sympathy of the whole neighborhood in this their day of sore bereavement, and they have, moreover, the abiding comfort that their dear Alice is now with Jesus in the New Jerusalem above, where, in company with the Saints of all ages, she is supremely and forever happy. PASTOR.

Communicated.

October 3, 1877, in Fountain county, Indiana, Mrs. MARY ANN QUICKEL, formerly of this county, aged 78 years and 3 days.

Mother, thou art gone to rest;
We will not weep for thee,
For thou art now where oft on earth
Thy spirit longed to be.

Mother, thou art gone to rest;
Thy toils and cares are o'er,
And sorrow, pain and suffering
Shall ne'er distress thee more.

Lonely the home and sad the hours
Since our dear mother is gone,
But a home more fair than ours
In heaven is now her own.

Farewell, farewell, our mother dear,
Life is sad without you here,
Oh may we meet in the yon above,
Where all is peace and joy and love.

E. A. & Q.

THE SUN.

1878 NEW YORK. 1878

As the time approaches for the renewal of subscriptions, THE SUN would remind its friends and well-wishers everywhere, that it is again a candidate for their consideration and support. Upon its record for the past ten years it relies for a continuance of the hearty sympathy and generous co-operation which have hitherto been extended to it from every quarter of the Union.

The **Daily Sun** is a four-page sheet of 28 columns, price by mail, post paid, **55 cents** a month, or **$6.50** per year.

The **Sunday** edition of THE SUN is an eight-page sheet of 56 columns. While giving the news of the day, it also contains a large amount of literary and miscellaneous matter specially prepared for it. THE SUNDAY SUN has met with great success. Post paid **$1 20** a year.

THE WEEKLY SUN.

Who does not know THE WEEKLY SUN? It circulates throughout the United States, the Canadas, and beyond. Ninety thousand families greet its welcome pages weekly, and regard it in the light of guide, counsellor and friend. Its news, editorial, agricultural and literary departments make it essentially a journal for the family and the fireside. Terms: **One Dollar** a year, post paid. This price, quality considered, makes it the cheapest newspaper published. For clubs of Ten, with $10 cash, we will send an extra copy free. Address

PUBLISHER OF THE SUN,
Nov. 16, 1877. New York City.

St. Joseph's Academy for Young Ladies,

MCSHERRYSTOWN, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.
Under the Direction of the Sisters of St. Joseph.

The Scholastic Year commences on the first Monday of September, ending about the middle of July following.

Address for particulars,
ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY,
McSherrystown, Adams co., Pa.
Oct. 5, 1877. 1y

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that ALFRED HARNER, of Germany township, Adams county, Pa., by a deed of voluntary assignment, has conveyed his estate to the undersigned, residing in the same township, for the benefit of creditors. And as the Assignee purposes converting the property and settling his account as speedily as may be compatible with the interests of the creditors, he desires the creditors to hand in their claims at once, and those indebted to make payment immediately.

JAMES N. KELLY,
Nov. 16, 1877. 6t Assignee.

Administrator's Notice.

JOHN HAVERSTICK'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of John Haverstick, late of Straban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Mountpleasant township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

NICHOLAS HELTZEL,
Nov. 16, 1877. 6t Administrator.

Administrator's Notice.

LOUISA T. DOERSOM'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Louisa T. Doersom, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same borough, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ADAM DOERSOM,
Nov. 16, 1877. 6t Administrator.

ESTRAY HEIFER.

STRAYED AWAY from the premises of the subscriber, in Straban township, two miles east of Gettysburg, in June last, a RED AND WHITE HEIFER, with neat horns, and would now be over two years old. A liberal reward will be paid for the return of the heifer, or information of her whereabouts.

Nov. 16, 1877. 3t EPHRAIM DEARDORFF.

Grand Jury Report.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Adams County:

Nov. 15th, 1877.

We, the Grand Jurors, having visited the Jail and Almshouse, would respectfully make the following report:

We were received at the Jail by the Sheriff and conducted through all parts of the building, and found things in excellent condition. A new Furnace, new Flooring and other improvements have been made recently, thereby adding greatly to the comfort of the inmates, and reflecting much credit upon the Commissioners and the County.

We would further report that we have visited the Almshouse, and after making a thorough examination of every part would report things in good condition, and fully adapted to the comfort of the inmates, with the exception of a few cells on the ground floor, which are too small and damp to be occupied by any one. The Farm appears to be managed judiciously and economically.

SAMUEL L. COOK, Foreman.

Wm. B. Meals,
James A. Swope,
Philip F. Hennig,
John Ogden,
Geo. F. Slagle,
Matthias Ginter,
Martin V. Boltinger,
John H. Will,
Stephen A. Kelly,
John P. Pheak,
John Diehl,
Moses Schwartz,
Isaac Miller,
Wm. H. Lansinger,
George F. Stites,
Hastins Kohl,
Wm. H. Stallsmith,
Isaac Sell,
Eli Glassmire,
Jacob Wisler,
Isaac Harman,

Nov. 16, 1877. 3t

Scribner's Monthly
FOR 1877-'78.

WITHOUT recalling the excellence of the past, the publishers of SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY announce, for the year to come, the following papers:

THE PICTURESQUE SIDE OF AMERICAN FARM LIFE.—This subject will be treated in a series of separate papers engaged from writers who stand in the front rank among Americans, both in qualities of style and in keen insight of nature. Mr. R. E. Robinson, author of a delightful paper on "Fox-Hunting in New England" in the January number, will represent the same section in this series. John Burroughs, whose papers on similar topics have been a highly prized and popular feature of SCRIBNER, will write of Farm life in New York. Maurice Thompson, the poet-naturalist, will describe the characteristics of Western farming, of which but little has been written. It is expected that the illustrations of this series will be of a refined and typical character, commensurate with the subject-matter. It is thought that no paper or series of papers yet issued in SCRIBNER will so fully realize the constant desire of the magazine to keep out of the ruts, and, both in text and illustrations, to obtain quality rather than quantity, and to print fresh, strong and delicate work from original sources.

"ROXY."—by Edward Eggleston (author of "The Hoosier Schoolmaster," &c.). This new novel will doubtless be the most important American serial of the year. The first number was published in November. Those who have read it in manuscript declare ROXY to be much the most striking and remarkable story this author has ever written. It is illustrated by one of the ablest of the younger American painters—Mr. Walter Shirlaw, President of "The American Art Association."

AMERICAN SPORTS.—Some of the most novel and entertaining of these papers are yet to appear, the scenes of which will be in the West, the Middle States, the South, New England and Canada.

OUT-OF-DOOR PAPERS.—by John Burroughs, author of "Wake Robin," &c., will contain not only articles on Birds, but on "Tramping," "Camping Out," and kindred topics. Mr. Burroughs's papers will begin in the January number, the first being entitled "Birds and Birds," and illustrated by Fidelia Bridges.

ARCHITECTURE OF BIRDS.—Dr. Thomas M. Brewer will contribute four exquisitely illustrated articles on birds'-nests, which every lover of nature will delight in. Dr. Brewer has probably the finest collection of birds' eggs in the world to draw upon for the illustration of these papers.

THE SADDLE-HORSE.—Col. George E. Waring, with whose excellent work of various sorts our readers are familiar, contributes two illustrated articles on the horse. He treats specially of saddle-horses and their use for pleasure and for sport, including road-riding, fox-hunting and racing. The nature of the English thoroughbred and that of his Eastern progenitor (the Arabian) are fully considered in relation to these uses.

SAXE HOLM.—New stories by this popular writer will be given in early numbers of SCRIBNER, beginning with "Joe Hale's Red Stockings," to appear in January. This "novelette" chronicles an episode of the late war for the Union.

"HIS INHERITANCE,"—by Adeline Trafton, so well begun in the Midsummer Holiday number, will be continued nearly through the year. It will be found to be of increasing interest to the very end.

"A KNIGHT OF FORTUNE,"—Hjalmar Hjorth Boyesen's new novel—will be begun in SCRIBNER at the conclusion of "His Inheritance." It will reveal a phase of American society undreamed of by most of our readers, and will be certain to increase the reputation of the writer as a master of English and of his art.

THE EDITORIAL DEPARTMENTS will continue to employ the ablest pens in America, and will include the present admirable summary of English publications. Besides the special articles above enumerated, the magazine will contain Poems, Sketches, Essays, Reviews, and shorter Stories of the highest character. A large practical reduction in price is made by an increase in the number of pages.

THE ILLUSTRATIONS of the Magazine, in variety and excellence of design and in typographical execution, will continue to be in advance of those of any other popular magazine at home or abroad.

Subscription price, $4 a year, payable in advance to us or to any book-seller.

No club rates or other discounts to subscribers. The Magazine is worth all it costs, and its circulation is increasing in a constant and steady ratio from year to year.

SCRIBNER & CO.,
Nov. 16, 1877. 743 Broadway, New York.

100,000 Copies of St. Nicholas
FOR THE
CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS,
Only 25 Cents a Copy.

SOME idea of the attractions offered in the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAY NUMBER of ST. NICHOLAS, of which 100,000 copies will be issued, may be gained from the following: There are poems by HENRY W. LONGFELLOW and WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT; a fine hitherto unpublished sketch of Boy Life, by the late THEODORE WINTHROP; and a short story by the author of "ALICE IN WONDERLAND;" a new fairy story, "SWEET MARJORAM DAY" by FRANK R. STOCKTON, "THE PETERKINS' CHARADES," by LUCRETIA P. HALE; a poetic riddle by DR. J. G. HOLLAND, and a comparison between the manners of young folks in old times and nowadays, by GAIL HAMILTON.

Of the story element, the brightest feature is the beginning of the new serial by Miss ALCOTT, entitled "UNDER THE LILACS," with illustrations by Mary Hallock Foote.

The Christmas Number contains also the opening of a new Serial Story for Boys, a tale of tropical life, by GUSTAVUS FRANKENSTEIN, entitled "TOWER-MOUNTAIN," admirably illustrated by the artists Moran and Kelly; A PORTRAIT OF MISS ALCOTT with a sketch of her life; several poems by TWO LITTLE AMERICAN GIRLS; a PLAY, and a CHRISTMAS CAROL (set to music); and half a dozen complete short stories, bright, funny, exciting and pathetic, &c.

The NEW COVER is by the English Artist WALTER CRANE,—and famous designer of "The Baby's Opera."

ST. NICHOLAS FOR 1878.

Besides Miss Alcott's serial for Girls, and the three serials for Boys, to follow each other in rapid succession, will contain a short serial story by the Author of "THE SCHONBERG-COTTA FAMILY;" and an article, "AROUND THE WORLD IN A YACHT, BOYS!" has been promised by a brilliant writer, now on the actual tour of the world in his own yacht. There will be contributions by a DAUGHTER OF THE FAMOUS PETER PARLEY, and a Letter to Young Americans by GEORGE MACDONALD. The "HOW" SERIES of instructive papers, by various authors, will tell HOW to build your own homes; HOW they mine coal; HOW to enjoy yourselves at home; HOW to be an agreeable guest; HOW to entertain company; HOW to be a carpenter; HOW to be an ice-boat; HOW to build a house-boat; HOW India rubber is gathered; HOW matches are made; HOW money is made; HOW mackerel are caught; HOW they laid the Atlantic cable; HOW they mine in California; HOW they work in the tea-country; HOW to be a parlor magician; &c. There will be also a series of stories and sketches of Foreign Life, Travel and Adventure, such as "Old Nicolai" (a Russian story), "A Day among the Welsh Castles," "Easter in Germany," "The Indians of the Amazon," "How Kitty was Lost in a Turkish Bazaar," "Mister Montezuma" (a Mexican story), "Hansa, the Lapp Maiden," and others. "Jack-in-the-Pulpit," "Young Contributors' Department," "Letter-Box," "Riddle Box," and "For Very Little Folks," will be continued.

The four bound volumes of ST. NICHOLAS already published are the most wonderful, beautiful and attractive Christmas Present for Young People. Each volume is complete in itself. Vols. 1 and 2, $3.00 each; vols. 3 and 4, $4.00.

Subscription Price, $3.00 a Year, postage paid. Single copies, 25 cents each.

Sold by all book-sellers and news-dealers.

SCRIBNER & CO., 743 Broadway, N. Y.
Nov. 16, 1877.

A VALUABLE FARM AT
PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 24th day of NOVEMBER, 1877, the subscribers, Executors of the will of Jacob Toot, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises,

THE VALUABLE FARM,

of said decedent, situate in Straban township, Adams county, Pa., one mile south of Hunterstown and half a mile from Hoke's Station on the Gettysburg R. R., between the Hunterstown and Littlestown roads, adjoining lands of John G. Brinkerhoff, John G. Gilbert, Jacob W. Taughinbaugh, Hon. Henry J. Myers and Major Robert Bell, containing 167 ACRES, more or less, with ample proportions of Woodland and Meadow. The farm land is clear of stones and in good condition, having been well limed, and the fences are good. The improvements consist of a Two-story BRICK HOUSE, large Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, all nearly new and in first-rate condition; also an Out-kitchen, Smoke House, Carriage House, new Hog Pen, and all other necessary outbuildings. There are three excellent wells of water, two near the house and one near the barn; also a cistern close to the out-kitchen. There is a thriving Apple Orchard, beside other fruit—peaches, pears, cherries, grapes, &c. This is altogether one of the most desirable farms in Straban township, and is convenient to churches, schools and places of business. Buyers should not fail to inspect it, which can be done by calling upon Henry Toot, residing thereon.

At the same time and place will be offered A TRACT OF TIMBER LAND, situate in Franklin township, two miles west of Arendtsville and half a mile south of Arendt's (formerly Bell's) mill. It is well covered with chestnut and rock oak.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY TOOT,
JACOB R. WITMOR,
Nov. 9. ts Executors.

PUBLIC SALE
OF PERSONAL AND REAL PROPERTY.

ON SATURDAY, the 17th day of NOVEMBER, 1877, the subscribers, Administrators of the estate of ADAM SMITH, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the residence of said decedent, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., about one mile east of Bonneauville, the following personal property, viz:

1 FINE FAMILY MARE, 2 good Milch Cows, 1 Wagon for one or two horses, 1 Spring Wagon, Ploughs and Harrows, Corn Forks, Shovel Ploughs, Sleigh, Spread, Double and Single-trees, 2 sets of Front Gears, Collars, Bridles and Lines, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, Mattock, Chains, Halters and Cow Chains, Barrels, Boxes, &c.; 1 stack of Hay, a lot of Posts; 1 Cooking Stove and Fixtures, 2 Bedsteads, Desk, Sink, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

VINCENT C. SMITH,
JOSEPH N. SMITH,
Administrators.

At the same time and place the Heirs of ADAM SMITH, deceased, will offer the TWO FARMS of said decedent, No. 1 containing 40 ACRES, more or less, situate in Mountpleasant township, one mile east of Bonneauville, on the Oxford road, improved with a new Two-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, with Kitchen attached, Frame Barn, Hog Pen and Corn Crib, and other necessary out-buildings; a good well of water at the door, and plenty of fruit of all kinds. About four acres are in timber, and there is sufficient meadow. The land is in a fine state of cultivation, having been well limed, and the fences are good.

Farm No. 2 adjoins No. 1, and contains 60 ACRES, more or less. It is improved with a one and a half-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, Frame Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib attached, Hog Pen, and other out-buildings; a good well of water at the door, and plenty of the best fruit. There are about seven acres of splendid timber, hard to beat, and a due proportion of meadow. The land is in a productive condition, well limed, and the fences are good. These are desirable properties, pleasantly situated, and convenient to churches, schools and places of business. They can be seen by calling on the premises. Attendance given and terms made known by

Nov. 9. ts THE HEIRS.

VALUABLE FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, Executor of the last will of ABRAHAM SPANGLER, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, offers at Private Sale, the following valuable property, viz:

A GOOD FARM,

situate in Cumberland township, 1 mile south of Gettysburg, on the Baltimore Turnpike adjoining lands of McAllister's heirs, Wilbert Cownover, Isaac Diehl, Christian Benner, Henry Culp, Nathaniel Lightner, Peter Thorn, and others, containing 212 ACRES, more or less, of Granite land, in good productive condition and under good fencing. About 75 Acres are in Timber, and a full proportion of Meadow. The improvements are a Two-story Stone and Log DWELLING HOUSE, with a Milk House and Smoke House, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House and Hog Stable, with other out-buildings; three wells of excellent water, two at the house and one at the barn; an Apple Orchard in bearing condition, with every other variety of choice fruit. This property is very desirable; well located and in a healthful and good neighborhood. Any person desiring to view it can call on Levi Spangler, residing thereon, or on the Executor, residing nearby.

GEORGE SPANGLER,
Sept. 5, 1877. tf Executor.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

ON SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1877, by virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, the undersigned, Assignee of LEVI F. WEAVER and WIFE, in trust for creditors, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises,

A LOT OF GROUND, on West Middle street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, fronting 61 feet on said street and running back 180 feet to a public alley, adjoining lots of Nicholas Codori and others; improved with a Two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, with back-building, brick Slaughter House, and other improvements.

Also—A LOT OF GROUND on East Middle street, fronting 61 feet on said street and running back 180 feet, adjoining lands of Henry Culp, Nicholas Weaver and others.

Sale will commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when terms will be made known by

JOHN M. KRAUTH,
Nov. 2. ts Assignee.

Business Stand
AND DWELLING IN GETTYSBURG,
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, intending to remove to Lancaster, offers at Private Sale, his desirable BUSINESS STAND AND DWELLING, next door to the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. The lot runs from the street to an alley on the north, and the improvements consist of a newly-built THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with Brick Back-building, having a handsome Store Room on the first floor and parlors on the first and second floors, designed and used for an extensive Ice Cream and Confection business. The house is modern in style, of attractive appearance, substantial, roomy and convenient. It has an excellent cellar under the whole, and is supplied with water and gas. There is also a work shop and a large ICE HOUSE on the lot, both of recent erection.

So rare a chance for the purchase of a first-class business stand is not often presented—one so complete in all its parts, and commanding so large a trade.

Buyers are requested to call early and inspect the premises. Terms will be made easy, and possession given inside of thirty days.

Sept. 28, 1876. tf JOHN GRUEL.

A Nice Town Property
FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

THE undersigned offers for sale his desirable TOWN PROPERTY, situate on Baltimore street, in the borough of Gettysburg. It consists of TWO LOTS OF GROUND, and has a Two-story BRICK HOUSE, Spring, Wood and Smoke Houses, a Log Barn, Hog Pen, &c., with hydrant water and fruit. A desirable home, and will be sold on accommodating terms.

It will be sold or exchanged for a small Farm of forty or fifty acres. Apply to or address JOHN WINEBRENNER.

Nov. 9, 1877. 3m

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, for the charter of the "REFORMED CONGREGATION AT FAIRFIELD," the object of which is to provide its members with the means of Grace, to wit: the preaching of the Gospel and the administration of the Sacraments according to the confession of Faith known as the Heidelberg Catechism, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of Assembly.

J. C. NEELY,
Nov. 9, 1877. 3t Solicitor.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that JACOB MICKLEY, D. of D., of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., by a deed of voluntary assignment, has conveyed his estate to the undersigned, residing in Franklin township, for the benefit of creditors. And as the Assignee purposes converting the property and settling his account as speedily as may be compatible with the interests of the creditors, he desires the creditors to hand in their claims at once, and those indebted to make payment immediately.

PETER SCHOLL,
Nov. 9, 1877. 6t Assignee.

DIVIDEND.

THE Board of Managers of the Gettysburg and Petersburg Turnpike Company have declared a dividend of ONE PER CENT., payable on and after Monday, the 12th inst.

JNO. H. McCLELLAN,
Gettysburg, Nov. 9, 1877. 3t Treasurer.

DIVIDEND.

THE President and Directors of the GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK have declared a semi-annual dividend of 6 per cent., clear of all U. S. Taxes, payable on and after the 12th day of November, 1877.

J. EMORY BAIR,
Nov. 9, 1877. 3t Cashier.

DIVIDEND.

THE President and Directors of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG have declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent., clear of all U. S. Taxes, payable on and after the 13th day of November, 1877.

ROBERT BELL,
Nov. 9, 1877. 3t Cashier.

BROOMS! BROOMS!

THE undersigned continues to manufacture BROOMS, and keeps a full supply, which he will sell wholesale or retail. Brooms made to order on the shares. Persons having Broom Corn, would do well to give him a call, at his Barber Shop, on Carlisle street.

S. R. TIPTON,
Gettysburg, Oct. 19, 1877. 3m

Jurors for November.

SECOND WEEK.

Gettysburg—George H. Swope, Wm. H. Culp, E. M. Elliott, H. J. Stahle.
Menallen—Jonas Baumgardner, F. W. Orner, Wm. D. Taylor, Andrew Brough.
Cumberland—Adam R. Hollinger, Emanuel Welkert, Harvey D. Bream.
Latimore—Daniel P. Dolap.
Huntington—Hutton C. Kennedy, Francis Conlson.
Butler—Aaron Wisler, Samuel A. Swope, Philip Beamer.
Berwick twp.—Daniel L. Lightner.
Conowago—Peter Nolderrer.
Franklin—Benjamin Deardorff, Adam W. Minter, Peter Scholl.
Littlestown—Franklin Hesson, Wm. H. Zecher, Samuel J. Shorb.
Hamilton—J. Curtis Hildebrand, Michael Dallone, Henry Stock.
Mountpleasant—George W. Hagarman, Emanuel Reed, Andrew Howard.
Tyrone—David F. Starry.
Straban—David G. Donohue.
New Oxford—J. Henry Sanders, Jacob Heltzel.
Reading—W. Howard Diehl.
Hamiltonban—Andrew Marshall, George Harring, Sr.
Mountjoy—Joseph Kelly.
Union—Michael H. Kitzmiller.
Oct. 12, 1877. 1d

AHEAD OF ALL!
Call and See the New Millinery Goods!

P. F. Delik

is determined to defy competition in
Men and Boy's Clothing, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Bags, Gent's and Ladies' Fancy Goods,

INCLUDING Umbrellas, Parasols, Fancy Goods, &c., ladies and Gents 1inen Hose at 7 cents; one dozen Ladies' Ruffles at 20 cents; Children's striped Hose, good quality, 10 cents and up; Gent's Under Shirts 37½ cents; Ladies' Vests 40 cents; Great Bargains in Hamburg Edgings; Veilings of all kinds; Lace-edge Corsets 80 cents; black and white Valencia Laces; Kid Gloves in great variety 60 cents up; Muslin, Table Linens, Towels, in all grades, Shirting, Piqué, Plaid Dress Goods 10 cents and up, Ribbons of all kinds, Overalls 60 cents and up, Pocket Books very cheap, High Tuck Combs at 17 cents, Folding Fans 5 cents up, Lace Curtains 18 cents a yard. All are cordially invited at

P. F. DELIK'S.

NEW MILLINERY GOODS just received. Call and examine for yourselves.
Oct. 26, 1877. tf

BARGAINS!

TO SUIT THE TIMES, TO BE HAD AT
RUFUS E. CULP'S,
Chambersburg St., near the Diamond,
Gettysburg, Pa.,
(Formerly Picking's, and recently Kitzo's.)

FALL & WINTER STOCK
OF
Ready-Made Clothing,

now on hand, including Dress Coats, Overcoats, Pants, Vests, Cassimer Suits, Cloth Suits in variety, Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.

NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD!
Come and See!
Oct. 26, 1877. tf

LOOK HERE!

Manock & Hollebaugh

CONTINUE business on Stratton street, Gettysburg, and are prepared to build to order, and will keep on hand,

BUGGIES,
FALLING-TOPS AND NO-TOPS;
CARRIAGES, JAGGERS,

and everything else in their line—all of the best workmanship and first-class materials. Their long experience in the business is a guarantee of satisfaction to the purchaser.

Blacksmithing in General

is also carried on by them, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest rates. Country produce taken in pay for work. They ask the public to give them a call.

JOSEPH MANOCK,
E. G. HOLLEBAUGH.
Sept. 21, 1876. tf

FAMILY GROCERIES
And Liquors.

MRS. A. C. KALBFLEISCH

CONTINUES the Grocery and Liquor business, in the old Kalbfleisch stand, in Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, Gettysburg, where she sells

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

such as COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, TEAS, BACON, FISH, FLOUR of best brands, and all else in this line. Also

WINES AND LIQUORS

of all kinds, at prices to suit the times. Everything is sold at the lowest living profits, and the stock is kept full by constant additions, so that the public may rely upon buying cheap and good goods.

Butter, Eggs, &c., wanted.
June 11, 1877. tf

$190 PIANOS. ORGANS, $100.

PIANOS—The Finest Instruments ever made.
ORGANS—The handsomest and purest Tone.

University Pianos and Organs!

7 Octaves Piano, $190; Rosewood, with Agraffe Treble, 7 1-3 Octaves, $210; Rosewood Case, Double Veneers, Full Agraffe, Upright, Fancy Case, 7 1-3 Octaves, $215.

Organs.

$100, $115, $130 and $150, 10, 12, 14 & 16 Stops. Handsome cases. Pure and powerful tone. Send for Examination Free of Expense. Examine and be satisfied before the pay is sent to us. Six years guarantee with each instrument. See them for yourself. Send order through your own Bank, Banker or Business men or direct to the manufacturers

MARCHAL & SMITH PIANO COMPANY,
47 University Place, New York.
Oct. 12, 1877. 6m

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 19th day of NOVEMBER, 1877, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

178. The first account of Jacob Wagaman and Charles D. Wagaman, Administrators of Philip Wagaman, deceased.

179. The first and final account of Isaiah King, Administrator of Elizabeth King, late of Hamilton township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

180. The first account of John O. Markley, Executor of the last will and testament of Theodore Jones, deceased.

NATHANIEL MILLER,
Oct. 26, 1877. 1d Register.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that J. ALFRED MORITZ and WIFE, of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., by a deed of voluntary assignment, have conveyed their estate to the undersigned, residing in the same township, for the benefit of creditors. And as the Assignee purposes converting the property and settling his account as speedily as may be compatible with the interests of the creditors, he desires the creditors to hand in their claims at once, and those indebted to make payment immediately.

SAMUEL BUCHER,
Oct. 19, 1877. 6t Assignee.

Executor's Notice.

SAMUEL H. GALBRAITH'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel H. Galbraith, Esq., late of Oxford borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same borough, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

W. F. COLLIFLOWER,
Nov. 2, 1877. 6t Executor.

Administratrix's Notice.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Jacob Brinkerhoff, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same Borough, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARGARET M. BRINKERHOFF,
Nov. 2, 1877. 6t Administratrix.

ROOFING PAINT.

THE Rocky Mountain Vermilion Paint, (mixed ready for use) is the best in the world for Tin, Iron, Felt, Shingles, or anything exposed to the weather.

Price—1 gallon and can, $1; two gallons in can, $1.50
Three 2-gallon cans in one case, 4.00
1 barrel, 21 gallons, 13.00
1 barrel, 44 gallons, 22.00

AMERICAN VERMILION WORKS,
Oct. 26, 3m *49 South FRONT St., Phila.*

Skin Diseases. CURE GUARANTEED.—If you have any SKIN DISEASE consult DR. VAN DYKE, in person or by letter, advice free. Office 1510 MOUNT VERNON ST., PHILADELPHIA. Oct. 26, 1877. 1y

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THE STEINAU JEWELRY CO.'S
FOR ONE DOLLAR!
IMPERIAL CASKET.

Our Imperial Casket contains one pair of Ladies' Bracelets, one Set of Studs, one pair of Sleeve Buttons, one Collar Button, one [illegible] Ring, one [illegible] ... [illegible] "We endorse the above firm as reliable." [illegible] STEINAU JEWELRY COMPANY, No. 5 Arcade, CINCINNATI, O.

DRUGS AND BOOKS!

Writing Desks,
PORTFOLIOS, GAMES,
Juvenile Books,
TOILET SETS,
CARD CASES,
CIGAR CASES,
Fine Stationery,
AT
JOHN M. HUBER'S
Drug and Book Store,
Baltimore Street,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Jan. 18, 1877. tf

THE WONDERFUL PEN-HOLDER!

No Ink Required. We have invented and patented (July 17th, 1877) a Penholder which contains [illegible] ... [illegible] SIX extra inks, [illegible] ... [illegible] parties out of employment. J. T. HILLYER, 300 Broadway, N. Y.

Henry Ward Beecher's Christian Union says: "It is all it claims to be. We speak from a practical experience, for this notice is written with one of these pens, and we propose to carry it all the time." Oct. 26. 1m

TO THE PEOPLE OF ADAMS COUNTY.

Annual Spring Greeting
OF
STEPHENS & BEETEM.

1877. CARLISLE CARPET HOUSE. 1877.

ENGLISH & AMERICAN
BRUSSELS
in all the BEST makes,

BEAUTIFUL
3 PLY
CARPET
in Brussels Designs,

EXTRA ENGLISH
INGRAIN AND
Extra Super
CARPETS
CHEAP,

Beauties in
Hall and Stair
CARPETS
With rich match
BORDERS!

All new
FOR SPRING!

NOW OPEN!
AND
READY for SALE.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SPRING STOCK OF
CARPETS! CARPETS!
AND
OIL CLOTHS!
WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES
Looking Glasses,
MATS, RUGS, HASSOCKS,
AND
WALL PAPERS!
ever before offered to the trade.
STEPHENS & BEETEM,
21 EAST MAIN STREET, CARLISLE.
CARPET CHAINS,
AND FILLINGS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WALL PAPERS
AND
DECORATIONS
FOR
Halls, Parlors and Vestibules, Chamber and Dining Rooms, &c.

OIL CLOTHS!
For Stairs, Tables, Floors and Halls. Cut to fit in a solid piece.

LOOKING
GLASSES!
FROM PARLOR TO KITCHEN SIZES.

30
Patterns in Home Made
CARPETS,
our own Manufacture, The best Wool, Cotton and Linen
CARPET CHAIN
always on hand.

AND SOLD AT
Bottom Prices.

PRIME FURNITURE!
Every Variety in Stock, Always on Hand!

J. William Garlach,

Having purchased the Furniture Room and Shops of Garlach & Trimmer, on SOUTH BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA., is prepared at all times to furnish in every style, Furniture, Chairs, &c., of the best CITY & HOME-MAKE. Having had a large experience he flatters himself he can please all who give him a call. UNDERTAKING attended to at all times on reasonable rates. CASKETS and COFFINS of all styles and sizes always on hand. BURIAL ROBES furnished on short notice. Remember the place.

May 14, 1875. tf J. WM. GARLACH.

PIUS J. NOEL,
DEALER IN
Groceries and Liquors,
NEW OXFORD, PA.

THE undersigned, in the southeast corner of the Public Square, New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., offers a full line of

Groceries,

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, &C., with FISH, Salt, Soaps, Brooms, Wooden Ware, Crockery Ware, &c., HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, LARD, with everything else usually found in a first-class Grocery Store. He likewise keeps for sale

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS,

Whiskies, Rums, &c., all prime liquors. Whilst he offers good Goods, he sells at the lowest profits, and hopes thereby to do a large trade. He asks the public to give him a call, and examine goods and prices.

March 19, 1876. tf PIUS J. NOEL.

$2500 a year. Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

$3 GOLD PLATED WATCHES. Cheapest in the known world. *Sample Watch Free to Agents.* Address, A. COULTER & CO., Chicago.

$45 PREMIUM WATCH AND CHAIN—a stem-winder, Free with every order. Outfit free. J. B. Gaylord & Co., Chicago, Ill.

OPIUM and Morphine Habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless; no publicity. Send stamp for particulars. Dr. Carlton, 181 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.
Oct. 5, 1877. 1y

Samuel S. W. Hammers,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Highland township, Adams co., Pa.

Particular attention paid to Settlement of Estates. Collecting Accounts of parties retiring from business, and all other accounts, promptly and efficiently attended to. Drawing Wills, writing and acknowledging Deeds, Mortgages, Agreements, &c.
April 20, 1877. 1y

FOR RENT.

THE PROPERTY opposite the Theological Seminary, on Chambersburg pike, Gettysburg, now occupied by Elias Sheads. For particulars apply to

Nov. 9, 1875. t ROBERT SHEADS.

DRUGS & BOOKS

A. D. BUEHLER & CO.,
Gettysburg, Penn'a.,

KEEP constantly on hand a full supply of the purest and best

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

purchased from the most reliable houses in the cities. Also,

Books of all Kinds,

School, Classical, Theological and Miscellaneous, embracing Standard Works in Poetry, History and general English and American Literature, with a large assortment of

Plain & Fancy Stationery,

Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, Pen Knives, Gold Pens, Pencils, &c., &c.

Buehler's old established Drug and Book Store, Chambersburg Street, near the Diamond.
January 4, 1877. tf

NEW
DRY GOODS STORE.

Sweitzer & Weaver

WOULD most respectfully inform the public of town and country that they have just opened a new Dry Goods Store, on

Carlisle Street, Gettysburg,

at the bridge, where they offer an entire new stock of goods of the latest designs and bought at the lowest prices for cash. It embraces

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Alpacas, Delaines, Ginghams, Prints, Muslins, White Goods, Table Linens, Napkins, Towelings, Sheetings, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

GENT'S WEAR & FURNISHING GOODS, Cassimeres, Vestings, Cottonades, Collars, Ties, Suspenders, &c., a full line too numerous to mention.

Call and see for yourselves. Goods and prices cannot fail to please—and no trouble to show goods.

GEORGE SWEITZER,
GEO. J. WEAVER.
April 20, 1877. 1y

New Advertisements.
[J. WEAVER & CO.]

3,000 AGENTS WANTED. From $2 to $15 a Day Sure. Ministers, Book and Picture Agents, and all out of employment of either sex, have in this the best chance offered this season. A Cash Present of from $5 to $100 will be given to every good working agent. Send 10 cents for small sample, or better still, $1 for 8 large samples, with circulars, terms, &c., and go to work at once. REV. S. T. BUCK, Box 386, Milton, Pa. Mention this paper. Nov. 16. 1m

GLEASON'S PUBLICATIONS.

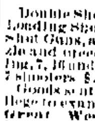
Great reduction in price for 1878 of GLEASON'S PICTORIAL to $2 a year. Single copies 5 cents.

THE HOME CIRCLE to $2 a year, single copies 5 cents, *for sale* by all newsdealers.

GLEASON'S MONTHLY COMPANION to $1 a year, single copies 10 cents. All postage free. Sample copies sent on receipt of a cent stamp.

The price of Chromos has just been greatly reduced. No one now gives such liberal terms to agents as we do. Send for new circular. Address F. GLEASON, 738 Washington St., Boston, Mass. Nov. 16. 1m

What will the Weather be To-morrow?



Pool's Signal Service Barometer

And Thermometer Combined.—**Foretells correctly any change in the Weather, 12 to 24 hours in advance.** Endorsed by the most eminent Professors and Scientific men as the **Best Weather Indicator in the World.** Warranted Perfect and Reliable. **We will send it Free to** any address on receipt of $2.00. Beware of worthless imitations. ***Agents Wanted.*** Send Stamp for Circular.

U. S. NOVELTY CO., 333 Broadway, New York.

Please state where you saw advertisement and mention your nearest Express Office. Send Money Orders or Registered Letters at our risk.
Oct. 26, 1877. 3m

Cheap Guns for the People.

Double Shot Guns, from $7 to $50. Breech Loading Shot Guns, from $25 to $150. Single Shot Guns, all kinds, $3 to $25. Rifles, Muzzle and Breech Loading, Single and Repeating, 7, 16 and 18 shooters. Revolvers, 5, 6 and 7 shooters, $1.75 to $20.

Goods sent by Express C. O. D., with privilege to examine. Price list free. Address, **Great Western Gun Works, Pittsburgh, Pa.** March 15, 1877. 1y

New Advertisements.
[DAUCHY & CO.]

BEATTY PIANO, ORGAN best. Look! starting! 5 sets reeds, 12 stops $55. Pianos only $130, cost $650. Cir. Free. Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. Nov. 16.

Send for Reduced Price List of
MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET ORGANS.

NEW AND SPLENDID STYLES; Prices Reduced $10 to $50, EACH, THIS MONTH (Nov. 1877). Address, **MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.,** Boston, New York, or Chicago.

AGENTS
WANTED!!

FOR PARTICULARS, ADDRESS
WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.
829 Broadway, New York City; Chicago, Ill.; New Orleans, La.;
Nov. 16. 4w **or San Francisco, Cal.**

CONSUMPTION CURED.

AN old physician, retired from practice, having received from an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for a speedy and permanent cure of *consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma,* and all throat and lung affections; also a cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send *free* to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French, or English, with full directions. Address, with stamp, W. W. SHERAR, 126 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. Nov. 16. 1w

JACKSON'S
Best & Above All

These brands of Sweet Plug are acknowledged by all, to be the Finest Chewing Tobacco in the market. Put up in all shapes and sizes, in mahogany and black wrappers. Sold by the trade generally. Send for sample to the manufacturers,

C. A. JACKSON & CO., Petersburg, Va.
Geo. F. WARDLE, General Agent,
Nos. 3 and 5 South Water St., Phila.
Nov. 16. 4w

GUNS and Revolvers. Illustrated Price List free. *Great Western Gun Works,* Pittsburgh, Pa. Oct. 26. 4w

6 new vocal & 2 new instrumental pieces of Sheet Music, 10c. silver or stps. Pub. Co., Middleboro, Mass. Oct. 26. 4w

FREE MAMMOTH OUTFIT TO EVERYBODY. Stem-winder watch free with first order. *Ten Dollars* a day guaranteed. M. CRONEGH & CO., Philadelphia, Pa., or Milwaukee, Wis.

50 LARGE MIXED CARDS with name, in case, 13c. 25 without case 10c. 30 new fun cards 10c. Outfits 10c. F. WASHBURN & Co., Middleboro, Mass. Oct. 26. 4w

Agents wanted for Dr. **March's Works**
Night Scenes in the Bible,
Home Life in the Bible,
and Our Father's House.

No books ever published have received such universal approval from the Press, Ministers and leading men everywhere. The choice reading, fine steel engravings, and superb bindings, make them welcome in every home. One sample sells all. Send for terms. Begin a paying business at once. I. C. McCURDY & CO., Phil'a, Pa. Oct. 26.

A MAN OF A THOUSAND.

A CONSUMPTIVE CURED.—When death was hourly expected from Consumption, all remedies having failed, and Dr. H. James was experimenting, he accidentally made a preparation of Indian Hemp which cured his only child, and now gives this recipe free on receipt of two stamps to pay expenses. Hemp also cures night-sweats, nausea at the stomach, and will break a fresh cold in twenty-four hours. Address, CRADDOCK & CO., 1032 Race St., Philadelphia, naming this paper. Oct. 26.

SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER. The only combination of the true Jamaica Ginger with choice Aromatics and French Brandy, for weakness, weariness and prostration of the nervous forces, inability to sleep, coldness of the extremities and suspended circulation, is a grateful boon to suffering humanity at once soothing, strengthening and refreshing. Get Sanford's Jamaica Ginger.

RUPTURE

Those wishing Relief and Cure for Rupture should consult Dr. J. A. SHERMAN, 288 Broadway, New York.

Send 10 cts. for his new book, with Photographic likenesses of bad cases before and after cure. Beware of cheats who pretend to furnish Dr. Sherman's treatment.

One of these fellows, a German clerk, now calling himself Dr. W. G. Crempien, is indicted on complaint of Dr. S. and awaits trial for forgery and embezzlement. Oct. 26.

INHALATION.
Dr. Goldenberg's REMEDIES.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR
CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, AND ASTHMA.

Thousands have been cured by **Dr. Goldenberg's Inhalation,** who were pronounced incurable by physicians and friends. Patients living at a distance desiring to avail themselves of the advice of Dr. Goldenberg, can write their name and postoffice address, and forward to Dr. Goldenberg, 916 Arch Street, Philadelphia, when he will return them a list of printed questions, the answers to which will enable him to determine the nature of their diseases, and the probability of cure. He will forward to any address, his paper or book, giving full description of the diseases he treats, etc.

2119 Mt. Vernon St., Phil'a, Oct. 3d, 1877.
I have used Dr. Goldenberg's Inhalation for Catarrh, Bronchitis, and Asthma, and am entirely cured. ANNIE NEAL.

KIDNEY AND LIVER
Specific

A RADICAL CURE FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE
KIDNEYS, BLADDER, AND URINARY ORGANS.

Patients sending two ounces of urine, expressage paid, can have a chemical analysis made, and an opinion rendered regarding the nature of their diseases, etc., free. Consultations and examinations free. Send for Descriptive Paper to
DR. GOLDENBERG'S Principal Office,
Oct. 26. 4w 916 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

TIN-WARE & STOVES.

LAWRENCE BRANDT

Wishes to inform the public generally that he has opened a Tin-ware and Stove establishment in

Mummasburg, Adams co., Pa.,

in the shop adjoining the residence of Mr. John Rife.

Everything in the TIN-WARE line made to order, and mending promptly attended to. Spouting put up at reasonable rates.

The best makes of COOKING STOVES always on hand, and sold at the lowest living profits.

All wishing anything in this line are urged to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Aug. 10, 1877. 3m

COAL! COAL!

Daniel Cashman

WOULD respectfully inform our citizens that he is selling COAL of all kinds at the warehouse occupied by James Bigham, corner of Railroad and Stratton streets. He keeps the best COAL, delivers anywhere in town at the lowest living rates, and asks a share of public patronage.
Gettysburg, Aug. 29, 1877. tf

NEWTON M. HORNER

HAS JUST RECEIVED A LOT OF
Buckeye
GRAIN DRILLS
FROM
P. P. MAST & CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD, OHIO.

This Drill has a force feed grain sower. It can be set to sow any quantity of seed without any change of gear. The grass seed sower is a force feed. It has a first class phosphate sower; also a first class phosphate plater. This Drill is second to none in the market.

ALSO
Grain Fans, Steel Ploughs, and Agricultural Implements Generally.

I WILL ATTEND PERSONALLY AT THE
CRESS WAREHOUSE

on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY OF EACH WEEK, and will be glad to show these implements. If you want to save money and get a good article, call and examine before buying elsewhere. Call on or address

Newton M. Horner,
Gettysburg P. O.
July 26, 1877. tf

FALL AND WINTER
MILLINERY.

Miss Sallie P. Horner

HAS returned from the city with a full stock of
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
of the latest and most approved styles, which will be sold at reduced prices.

Felt and Velvet Hats for 50 cents and upwards—real Ostrich Tips at 16 cents and other goods extremely low.

Also a Novelty in the latest style of Feathers, to which the attention of Ladies is invited.

Ladies are invited to call and examine her assortment at her well known establishment on
CHAMBERSBURG STREET, OPPOSITE BUEHLER'S DRUG STORE,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Oct. 26, 1877. 3m

Fall and Winter
MILLINERY.

Miss Aggie S. Barr

IS just home from the city with a handsome assortment of
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
&c., of the latest and most fashionable styles, and the latest novelties in Plush Velvets, and Satins. Hats and all goods at extremely low prices.

She invites the ladies to call and see her assortment at her well known establishment, on
BALTIMORE STREET, 3 DOORS SOUTH OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Oct. 12, 1877. 3m

FALL & WINTER

J. L. Schick
DEALER IN
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS & NOTIONS.

Best Quality of Silver-Plated Ware.

AGENCY FOR MME. DEMOREST'S RELIABLE
PATTERNS.

MY stock is always full and complete in every department, and will be sold at the

Very Lowest Prices.

I take this opportunity of returning thanks to my many friends for the patronage they have bestowed on me during my business career (covering a period of 31 years) and would specially solicit a continuance of the same.

Gettysburg, Oct. 5, 1877. tf

Fall and Winter
1877.
NEW
AND
CHEAP
GOODS
AT
FAHNESTOCKS'.
Oct. 5, 1877. tf

5 CAR LOADS
OF
PASSMORE & COPE'S
PHOSPHATE
Now Ready
FOR DELIVERY
AT THE WAREHOUSE OF
C. H. Buehler,
OPPOSITE THE PASSENGER DEPOT,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

All who have ordered will please call there for it as soon as they can conveniently, so that we can make room for more that is coming.

Any who have not ordered and wish to use the best Fertilizer in the market, can be supplied by C. H. BUEHLER if applied for soon.

C. J. TYSON,
General Agent.
Aug. 29, 1877. tf

"Land & Water Routes To Heaven Examined,"

BY Rev. Owen Hicks, of Littlestown. Published for benefit of new church buildings on charge. Can be had at Huber's Drug and Book Store and buy a copy. 25 cents. Sept. 12, 1877. 3m

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WISTAR'S BALSAM
WISTAR'S BALSAM
WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF
OF
WILD CHERRY.
WILD CHERRY.
WILD CHERRY.

A CASE OF CONSUMPTION.

East Stoneham, Oxford co., Me., May 12, 1873.
Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Sons:

Gentlemen—I feel it my duty to write a few words in favor of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. In the early part of last winter I took a severe cold, and shortly afterward a distressing cough was added to it. My friends did everything they could for me, but without avail. The best physicians that could be procured did not relieve me, and my cough continued with me all through the winter with increasing severity. I spit blood three or four times a day, and my friends considering my case hopeless, gave me up as a confirmed Consumptive. I was in this condition when I heard of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. I began its use, and before I had taken half a bottle of it my cough and all my other troubles left me, and I was cured. I feel so truly indebted to this great remedy for what it has done for me that I send you this voluntary testimony, hoping it may be the means of inducing others who are suffering as I was to make use of it. It is the best remedy for lung complaints that I ever heard of, and I am constantly recommending it to my friends.

Yours with respect,
MRS. MELISSA M. BALL.

WISTAR'S BALSAM
WISTAR'S BALSAM
WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF
OF
WILD CHERRY.
WILD CHERRY.
WILD CHERRY.
Nov. 2, 1877. 1m

PATENTS secured for mechanical devices, compounds, trade-marks, labels registered. Infringements, reissues, and interferences will receive prompt attention.

INVENTORS should send us a model or sketch of their invention and a full description of it. We will give our opinion as to its patentability free of charge. Fees moderate and **No Charge Until Patent is Issued.**

We will, upon contingent fee, prosecute cases that have been Rejected by the Patent Office.

We have clients in every State in the Union, and invite inquiry through your congressman as to our standing before the Patent Office.

TRADE-MARKS are of great value to merchants, manufacturers and others. Protection granted for 30 years. A trade-mark may consist of a word-symbol as "Durham Mustard," or a word-symbol to a figure or cut, or simply a figure or cut.

Send for circular for further information, terms and references. Established in 1866.

EDSON BROTHERS,
Solicitors of U. S. and Foreign Patents,
711 G. Street, N. W.,
Nov. 9, 1877. tf **WASHINGTON, D. C.**

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

Harper's Magazine.
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The veteran *Magazine*, which long ago outgrew its original title of the *New Monthly Magazine*, has not in the least abated the popularity it won at the outset, but has added to it in many ways, and has kept fairly abreast of the times, thanks to the enterprise of the publishers and the tact and wisdom of its editors. For whatever is best and most readable in the literature of travel, discovery, and fiction, the average reader of to-day looks to *Harper's Magazine*, just as expectantly as did the reader of a quarter of a century ago; there is the same admirable variety of contents and the same freshness and suggestiveness in its editorial departments now as then.—Boston Journal.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the U. S.
HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year, $4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An Extra Copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, paid for by one remittance; or, Six Copies one year, without extra copy, for $20 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Volumes of the Magazine commence with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number.

A Complete Set of Harper's Magazine, now comprising 55 Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

A complete Analytical Index to the first Fifty Volumes of Harper's Magazine has been published, rendering available for reference the vast and varied wealth of information which constitutes this periodical a perfect illustrated literary cyclopedia. 8vo, Cloth, $3 00; Half Calf, $5 25. Sent postage prepaid.

Subscriptions received for Harper's Periodicals only.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS,
Nov. 9, 1877. New York.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is the organ of the fashionable world, and the expounder of that world's laws; and it is the authority in all matters of manners, etiquette, costume, and social habits.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to paterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords, and has become an established authority with the ladies of America.—N. Y. Evening Post.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the U. S.
HARPER'S BAZAR, one year, $4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An Extra Copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, paid for by one remittance; or, Six Copies one year, without extra copy, for $20 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Volumes of the Bazar commence with the year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of his order.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, provided the freight does not exceed one dollar, for $7 00 each. A Complete Set, comprising Ten Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Indexes to each volume sent gratis on receipt of stamp.

Subscriptions received for Harper's Periodicals only.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS,
Nov. 9, 1877. New York.

A VERY DESIRABLE FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

170 ACRES OF CHOICE LAND, 35 acres in Timber and 30 acres of Meadow bottom, buildings good, 2 wells of Water at the door; all limed with in last 6 years; in Hamiltonban township, 2½ miles south from York Springs; will be shown by Mr. F. L. Trostle, living on the premises. Terms accommodating.

GEO. ARNOLD, Agent.
Gettysburg, Aug. 9, 1877. tf

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, NOV. 16, 1877.

FARM AND HOUSE.

A FARMER'S GIRLS.

Mr. Mansfield was a well-to-do farmer. He owned a good farm of one hundred and sixty acres, free from debt, and the home was very precious to him, for he had inherited it from his father, who was born and had died there; and Ezra fully purposed to do the same. He had but one son, who was the youngest child of the family, there being eight bright active girls, who had arrived in rapid succession, for the first seventeen years, and Ezra Mansfield and his wife never murmured, as, at each new arrival, their hopes were disappointed; but when at last a little boy came to bless their home, their delight could hardly find expression. The sisters, of course, almost worshiped the little fellow, and he was watched and petted by the whole family; and was in imminent danger of being spoiled by them all.

In an unlucky hour, Mr. Mansfield lent his name as security for a neighbor, and as he had done the same for him several times with perfect safety, he had not the most remote idea that he would ever be called upon or troubled by it. Several years had passed, and the matter had slipped from his mind; when one day, when his little boy was hardly three years old, he was astonished by the tidings that Murray had failed, and that his property would not begin to cover the amount of his debts. The news was quickly followed by a legal notification that he was holden, by virtue of his signature, for the sum of five thousand dollars, in payment of sundry notes, given at divers times.

Ezra Mansfield was thunder struk! He had no idea that he had ever signed for such amount, and Murray had often told him that he had taken up the papers he had endorsed. Five thousand dollars was the full value of his farm. He could not give it up. His heritage that he had fondly hoped to leave unencumbered to his boy! But Murray was gone to parts unknown, and the papers were left for him to pay. Other of his neighbors were lurched as well as himself, and it was a general panic. With a sad heart he at last broke the tidings to his family. The four eldest girls could realize the situation; the five other children could not understand anything, only that their parents were in trouble. A council was held.

"I could raise the money by mortgaging the farm, crops and stock, but I could never redeem it."

"Perhaps you can; we are old enough to help you," said Jennie, the second daughter, who was seventeen years old.

"This farm must be saved for Eddie."

"Let us try to keep it, father," said Ellen, the oldest girl.

"What can you girls do to help?" said the mother sadly.

"We can do a great deal if we try. Mortgage the place, father, and we will see what we can do; we can not lose our home; we will work our fingers off before it shall go."

Every one was sorry for Mansfield, and shook their heads sadly when they found that he had mortgaged the property to pay Murray's liabilities, and thought and said that Ezra Mansfield was a poor man.

Mr. Mansfield himself hardly expected to ever clear off the debt, but he could live there a few years longer and that was a comfort. The terms of the deed of trust were, to pay five hundred dollars, and interest, yearly.

The spring was just opening, and with a sad heart he looked over the prospect. He had always employed two hired men to assist in the work; he must retrench in help.

"Look here, father, Jennie and I are going to be your hired girls, only you know we are going to work for love instead of money," said Ellen, as she took the milk pails, and started for the barn.

"They will get sick of the job, I fear," said their mother sadly.

"Let them try," returned her husband, "it won't hurt them to try."

"If they don't get sick or hurt themselves."

And they did try with a will. Ellen Mansfield was full of energy, and the farm work went on like clock-work. The mother was feeble and discouraged, but the girls never gave up. They drove the team to plow, and even held the plow; they ran the mowing machine, the harrow, the horse-rake, and loaded the hay, and the younger children did chores, weeded the garden, fed the poultry; and everything prospered.

"Well, girls," said their father, the next spring, "I can pay a thousand dollars on the mortgage, besides interest; I almost think I shall clear the farm in time, at this rate!"

"Of course we shall; we can do more work another year, for we are stronger and know how."

"But you must have more clothes this year," said the mother.

"We will have what we need to be comfortable, but we shall go into nothing extravagant till the farm is clear."

Ezra Mansfield was proud of his girls, and his heart grew light as he saw the debt decreasing yearly, and in five years the last dollar was paid, and the home was secured for Eddie, who, little scamp, was not old enough to appreciate the efforts made by the girls upon his account.

"These girls of Ezra Mansfield are an honor to our country," said Judge Hawley. "Just look at them! They are perfect ladies, well educated, and they are not ashamed to work. I would rather stand in their places to-day than any other girls I know of. They are independent. Every foot of land on that farm is precious to them, for they bought it with a price. Bless them! they are worth their weight in gold.—There is no knowing what girls can do till they have a chance to try."

Fish Culture.—It is not every farm that can have a fish pond on it, but there are many farms that could have them as well as not. Wherever there is a good strong spring to feed it there a profitable fish pond can be made.—Hundreds of farms have swamps or meadows too low to drain without great expense, and fed by springs, and these could be turned to profitable account by turning them into fish-ponds. We don't mean profitable in the way of making money, but saving it. The flesh of fish is a wholesome diet, better every way than so much fat or measley pork. We know of plenty of farmers who scarcely taste fish from one year to another. Not because they are not fond of fish, but because they cannot get them without going some distance after them and paying a good price in the bargain. A pond of an acre or so in extent, stocked with varieties adapted to the place, would furnish an abundance of the very best meat, costing nothing to produce it either. As to the catching, it is only sport, and that part can be safely delegated to the boys and girls. We are sure, also, that such an institution on the farm would prove one of its chief attractions—if your boys are inclined to leave the farm. We write from knowledge in this matter, having in earlier days caught many a "nice string" of fish in a pond that was formerly a swamp. During one dry August the owner, with two of his boys, went in it with a plough, scraper and shovels, and in a short time had a pond of nearly an acre in extent. This he stocked with fish common to the sluggish streams of the neighborhood, and procured some at a distance, and for years thereafter it proved to be the best acre on the farm.—*Ohio Farmer.*

Handle the Colt.—The horse submits to man's authority for the reason that he is made to believe man is the stronger. He is kind and tractable from being treated kindly and handled lovingly. What a horse is once taught, no matter how young, it never forgets. When the colt is running by its mother's side it can best be taught valuable lessons. Man's strength can then easier overcome it. The more you talk to and handle a colt, the more it will know and the kinder it will be. No one should ever permit a colt to have the mastery in strength, consequently small boys should not handle them until the colt is entirely subdued in this respect. Nor should a colt be ever hitched or led by a halter which he can break. If he can break his halter it will take years to cure him of his fault, if it is ever cured. But by kind handling and playing with them—which any one can enjoy who has a heart within him—they will ever after be easily caught, kind in service and more trusting in danger or difficulty. Now is the season of the year to attend to this matter. When the colt comes about you never abuse him, but with kindness educate a familiarity with him. Thus he will be always gentle and easily adapted to any work. There will be no trouble in breaking such a colt. He will naturally take to it. By being treated viciously the colt can also be learned mean tricks and vicious habits.

How to Burn Coal.—A very common mistake is made and much fuel is wasted in the manner of replenishing coal fires in the furnaces and grates.—They should be fed with a little coal at a time, and often; but servants, to save time and trouble, put on a great deal at once, the first result being that almost all the heat is absorbed by the newly put on coal, which does not give out heat until it becomes red hot. Hence, for a while the room is cold, but when it becomes fairly aglow the heat is insufferable. The time to replenish a coal fire is as soon as the coals begin to show ashes on the surface, then put on merely enough to show a layer of black coal covering the red. This will soon kindle; as there is not much of it, an excess of heat will not be given out. Many also put out the fire by stirring the grate as soon as fresh coal is put on, thus leaving all heat in the ashes when it should be sent to the new supply of coal. The time to stir a fire is just when the new coal laid on is pretty well kindled. This method of managing a coal fire is troublesome, but it saves fuel, gives a more uniform heat, and prevents the discomfort of alternations of heat and cold above referred to.

Plowing.—An exchange says: Some men write on this subject as if the land of every farm were alike, and all susceptible of being plowed a foot deep, or up to the plow beam, with a certainty of producing large crops. But every farmer should be his own judge of how deep his land should be plowed. If the fertile surface soil is so deep that the lower stratum of it has never been turned up to the light of day, it would be well to give it an airing once in three or four years; but if the plow, as it is ordinarily used, goes down to a subsoil which has no fertility in it, it would be bad management to plow deeper unless the land be well manured; and in such a case an inch or two of the infertile subsoil may be turned up, and the result will be that the next time the land is plowed the fertile surface soil will be an inch or two deeper than it was before, and by again turning up a little of the subsoil and manuring the land, a farmer may greatly improve his farm where the surface soil is too shallow to produce large crops.

A Seasonable Remedy.—Now that the chilly night air and raw atmosphere prevail to a considerable extent, rendering little folks liable to take severe colds and frequently to sudden attacks of the much dreaded croup, the following remedy may be of incalculable service: "Croup can be cured in one minute, and the remedy is simply alum and sugar. The way to accomplish the deed is to take a knife or grate, and shave off in small particles about a teaspoonful of alum; then mix it with twice its quantity of sugar, to make it palatable, and administer it as quickly as possible.—Almost instantaneous relief will follow."

Rhode Island Johnny Cake.—A quart of Indian meal; if unbolted sift into a six quart bowl. Have a kettle of boiling water ready and pour on to the meal sufficient water to moisten it thoroughly, stirring it with a spoon; salt to taste; add half a pint or a pint of milk. The mixture before cooking should be considerably stiffer than ordinary griddle-cake batter. Bake on the griddle rather less than half an inch thick for half an hour. The excellence of these cakes depends on the meal being fresh and well scalded.

How to Cook Corned Beef.—The Boston *Journal of Chemistry*: "Don't boil it, for corned beef should never be boiled. It should only simmer, being placed on a part of the range or stove where this process may go on uninterruptedly from four to six hours, according to the size of the piece. If not to be served, let the meat remain in the liquor until cold. Tough meat can be made tender by letting it remain in the liquor until the next day, and bringing it to the boiling point just before serving."

Things Worth Knowing.—Borax will soften the hardest water. Use a teaspoonful of the powdered borax to a quart of water.

To keep flowers from withering, drop a few grains of salt in the water in which they are kept, and they will remain bright and fresh-looking for some time.

A strong solution of carbolic acid and water, poured into holes, kills all the ants it touches, and the survivors immediately take themselves off.

To Wash Calico Without Fading.—Infuse three gills of salt in four quarts of water, put the calico in while hot and leave it till cold, and in this way the colors are rendered permanent, and will not fade by subsequent washing.

Nail in Foot.—As soon as the nail is extracted apply bruised peach leaves to the wound. Confine with a bandage, and the cure is as if by magic. Renew the application twice a day if necessary. One is generally sufficient.

There is a talk of annexing Canada to get at Sitting Bull.

WHITELOCK'S "VEGETATOR."

REDUCED PRICE!

AMMONIATED SUPER PHOSPHATE. W. WHITELOCK & CO'S TRADE MARK VEGETATOR BALTIMORE 100 THE CROP PRODUCER

$3.50 - Per Bag.

Quality Guaranteed!

BEST MATERIAL USED!

Not Soon Exhausted!

PRODUCES THE GRAIN!

CAN BE DRILLED!

Uniform in Quality!

DISCOUNT TO DEALERS AND CLUBS.

W. WHITELOCK & CO.,
44 South Street.
Baltimore, Md.

June 28, 1877 6m

THE HARVEST HOME
Cook Stove.

THE VERY BEST
AND LARGEST
Cook Stove on the Market
IS THE
HARVEST HOME,

MANUFACTURED by Thomas, Roberts, Stevenson & Co., Quakertown, Pa. There is an impression among some people that the No. of a stove always indicates the size. It only indicates the size of the holes in the top. Some No. 8 Stoves are not larger than other No. 7.

THE OVEN IN THIS STOVE IS LARGER, AND HIGHER just where the height is needed, than any other Cook Stove. Call and see it at

THE WARE ROOMS
OF
C. H. BUEHLER,
Gettysbug, Pa.,

C. H. BUEHLER is the agent for Laughlin's

STRAW & FODDER CUTTER.

The ease with which this cutter is worked, renders unnecessary the use of horse-power, as a small boy can do the work for a large farm. No one questions the fact that it is the best machine in use anywhere.

January 19, 1876. tf

PIANOS, 7 Octaves, $190.
ORGANS, 10-Stop, $100.

Wonderful Improvements, securing Infallible Accuracy.

UNIVERSITY PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Beautiful Rosewood Cases—Powerful Tone—Every Excellence.

7 1-3 Octaves, FULL AGRAFFE, $240.

The Sweetest Tone and Most Durable Pianos ever made.

Uprights, Beautiful Cases, in Fancy Woods, $245.

ORGANS.

$100, $115, $130, $150—10, 12, 14, 16 Stops. Magnificent Cases, with Fancy Top, and beautiful ornamentation.

Both Pianos and Organs sent for examination Free of Cost. Order through your own Bank, Banker or Business men.

Every Instrument guaranteed Six years.

Address,
MARCHAL & SMITH PIANO CO.,
47 University Place, New York.

Oct. 12, 1877. 9m

100
FARMERS WANTED
TO BUY THE
Buckeye Reaper.
With MILLER'S TABLE RAKE,
FOR THE SEASON OF 1877.

THIS Machine has been gradually gaining popularity until it now stands No. 1 as a COMBINED MACHINE. As a Reaper it has no equal; as a Mower it has no superior, two drive wheels, no gearing on the main wheels; two Cutter Bars and three Knives go with each machine. The running gear of this machine is the same as the Dodge, except the frame, which is iron, making it more durable and stronger in every respect. In offering this machine to the farmer, we warrant it with a fair trial to do as good work as any other machine in the market, or no sale. Before buying don't forget to examine this machine carefully, and see the advantages it has over other machines that are called No. 1.

Read what the 11 binders at the Centennial reaper trial Philadelphia, last summer, say—there having been forty-six reapers in the contest:

"We, the undersigned, bound after the Self Rake Reapers exhibited and operated at the Centennial field trial held on the farm of the Neshaminy Park Association, and unhesitatingly pronounce the BUCKEYE TABLE RAKE REAPER as the easiest Machine to bind after, it leaving the Grain in such even condition and compactness that it is as easy to bind these Sheaves after the Buckeye Table Rake as two after any other of the Self Rake Machines."

We refer to a few who bought this machine last season and saw it work:

Harrison Beamer, Mountpleasant twp.,
Ephraim Blair, " "
Joel Palmer, " "
Philip Weaver, Straban township,
Enos Brown, " "
George Grass, " "
Andrew Wolf " "
Eli Ander, G. Trostle, Highland twp.,
Andrew Weikert, " "

Threshers and Separators.

The MONITOR STEAM ENGINE. This is an upright portable engine. For safety from explosion and fire, ease of setting for work, economy in fuel and water, and ease of transportation, we ask an inspection of this engine before purchasing any other. Send or call for circulars.

White Water Wagon.

Equally as good, and cheaper than any in the market.

Ploughs of Different Makes.

Amongst them the MOUNT JOY, that has given such satisfaction in the past. SINGLE AND DOUBLE SHOVEL PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS and FARM IMPLEMENTS generally.

Phosphate.

A No. 1 article. Reduced in price to compete with the times. $38 00 per ton at the warehouse.

Another article prepared expressly for corn and potatoes. Price $45.00.

Having had long experience in handling agricultural implements of all kinds and considerable in testing different kinds of fertilizers, will offer nothing unless I know it to be good and to give satisfaction.

Thankful for past patronage I ask my old customers and all others to give me a call and examine for themselves.

Samples can be seen at Wareroom of Wm. Biddle, formerly Bigham's, corner of Washington and Railroad Streets, opposite Wible's Warehouse. DON'T FORGET THE PLACE!

For circulars address me at Gettysburg or call at the warehouse. WM. WIBLE,
April 5, 1877. tf Agent.

BLACK HILLS, BIG HORN and the Great Northwest

a large 100 page book, containing full information of the country, with maps and illustrations will be sent free to every yearly subscriber of the DAKOTA HERALD, ($2.00 per year.) The HERALD is a large 32 column journal and is filled with entertaining reading matter, both original and selected. It is a western paper of western ideas. Specimen copy sent free. Three months with book for $1.00. Book without paper sent to any address on receipt of 75 cents.

Address, THE HERALD,
Yankton, Dakota.

Sept. 10, 1877. 3m

JOHN W. TIPTON,
BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,
Chambersburg Street, opposite Eagle Hotel

Go to Tipton's—go to Tipton's—
If you want your hair dressed finely—
If you want your face shaved smoothly
Tip's the fellow that can do it—
Do it in the latest fashion—
Do it quick and do it neatly

Jan. 20, 1871.

New Grocery
STORE

IN the room formerly occupied by Henry McDonnell, in CHAMBERSBURG STREET GETTYSBURG, PA., with a prime assortment of goods, such as SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, Syrups, Molasses, and Spices of all kinds; FISH, SALT, Soaps, Brooms, Woodenware, Crockery and Stone-ware, Dishes, Cups and Saucers; HAMS, Shoulders, Sides and Lard; FRESH BUTTER, Potatoes, FLOUR AND FEED; Canned Fruit, such as peaches, tomatoes, cherries, blackberries and raspberries; DRIED FRUIT, peaches, apples and blackberries; Dried Corn, Rice and Beans; NAILS and GLASS, and everything generally kept in a first-class Store—all of which he will sell at the lowest living profit. Give him a call and judge for yourselves.

DAVID STERNER.

Produce taken in exchange for Groceries.

I also wish to call the attention of the public to the fact that I am still carrying on the

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

and manufacture various kinds of MACHINES, threshers, Powers, Cornfodder Cutters, Corn Shellers, Horse Rakes, Ploughs of different kinds and sizes. All kinds of CASTINGS made to order. Also new TEN-PLATE STOVES and second-hand Ten-plate and Cook Stoves, Iron Kettles and Pots, &c. REPAIRING done on all kinds of machinery.

DAVID STERNER,
Gettysburg Foundry, Adams co., Pa.
April 13, 1876. tf

ADAMS COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Company

INCORPORATED MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope,
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.

Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Samuel Meals, Bendersville; H. A. Picking Straban; A. W. Storm, East Berlin; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, York Springs.

This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 21 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $17,321. Any person desiring an insurance can apply to either of the managers.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Monday in every month at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Jan. 29, 1875. tf

H. McCREARY, JOHN F. McCREARY

"Best Always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest.

SADDLES,
BRIDLES,
COLLARS, and

HARNESS, of all kinds, in the county are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore street, opposite the Presbyterian Church—

McCREARYS'.

OUR RIDING AND WAGON SADDLES are the most substantially built and neatest! OUR HARNESS (*plain and silver mounted,*) are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.

OUR UPPER-LEATHER DRAFT COLLARS CANNOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

OUR HEAVY DRAFT HARNESS are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner, RIDING BRIDLES, WHIPS, Lashes, Draft Hames, Fly-nets, and everything in the line. *None better or cheaper.*

OUR PRICES have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.

A liberal percentage off for cash, on all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

Give us a call and examine prices and QUALITY.

Jan. 31, 1868, tf McCREARY & SON.

VALUABLE PROPERTY
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, the property lately occupied by him, on Chambersburg street, near West street, Gettysburg: A HALF LOT OF GROUND, improved with a Two-story Log Weatherboarded HOUSE, back-building, and all necessary out-buildings, a well of good water at the door, and a variety of Fruit Trees.

Headquarters at Private Sale is FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

DAVID STERNER.

Sept 22, 1871. tf

INVALIDS,
Don't Despair!

Thousands have found relief, and thousands will turn to this Medicine, after exhausting their purses and patience in search of health. Giddiness of the head, dullness of the mind, fetid breath, coated tongue, loss of appetite, pains and weakness in the stomach, enlargement of the liver, yellowness of the skin, constant fever and thirst, with a total distaste for business, pleasure, or any kind of employment. FAHRNEY'S PANACEA, if taken and persevered in for a few days, will remove this whole class of symptoms. The fluids of the body become pure, and mind clear, the stomach strengthened, the tongue clean, the appetite improved, and the whole system benefited that disease, in bad weather, is less liable to afflict you.

Trade Dr. P. FAHRNEY'S Mark

Celebrated

Blood Cleanser or Panacea.

As a medicine for children, the Panacea is in every way calculated to take the place of the endless variety of drugs which are usually sold for that purpose, and which are often very injurious. A medicine which possesses the qualities of a cathartic as well as a mild alterative, and which is capable of arresting disease without the least injury to the child, is of incalculable value to every mother. As a cathartic, it is very effective, yet it does not, if given in proper quantities, cause nausea or distress in the stomach or bowels. It is very pleasant to the taste, which is a very important feature in a medicine for children. As a preventive of disease it is unprecedented, as it acts directly upon the digestive organs and the blood. In all scrofulous diseases, it is the most effective medicine ever offered to the public; and, if given regularly and perseveringly, those eruptive diseases so common to children may be entirely eradicated.

Prepared by P. Fahrney's Bros. & Co., Waynesboro', Pa., and Dr. P. FAHRNEY, 30 North Dearborn street, Chicago. For sale by wholesale and retail dealers, and by A. D. BUEHLER and J. M. HUBER Gettysburg.

Oct. 15, 1873. tf

BUGGIES-CARRIAGES.

THE undersigned informs his friends and the public generally, that he continues to build

Falling-Top, Standing-Top, and Trotting BUGGIES,
CARRIAGES, JAGGERS, &c.,

of different styles—all of No. 1 material and workmanship. No care or expense is saved in making work tasteful and durable—always up with the times, and satisfactory in prices as well as character. Finished work on hand, and orders solicited.

Repairing

attended to promptly and in the best manner.

Establishment in East Middle St., Gettysburg, one square and a half east of the Court-house. Call and see for yourselves.

JACOB TROXEL.

April 17, 1873. tf

JOHN A. LUSK,
Horse Trainer.

THE undersigned, having secured the AGRICULTURAL FAIR GROUNDS, GETTYSBURG, for the coming season, is prepared to

TAKE HORSES TO TRAIN.

The track is half a mile and unsurpassed. THE BREAKING AND TRAINING OF COLTS A SPECIALTY. Horses taken to Winter at moderate rates. Terms reasonable. All orders addressed to the undersigned will be promptly attended to. Refers to the Agricultural Society. Address

JOHN A. LUSK,
Gettysburg, Pa.

April 12, 1875. tf

LEATHER & FINDINGS.

THE undersigned continues to sell SOLE LEATHER, Harness, Upper, Kip, Calf Skins, Moroccos, Sheep Skins, Linings, &c., with all the FINDINGS used by Shoemakers and Saddlers, at the smallest profits.

Store at the old place, on Baltimore street nearly opposite the Compiler Office, Gettysburg. Call in. H. J. BRINKERHOFF.

April 16, 1875. tf

JOHN G. BRINKERHOFF,
COUNTY SURVEYOR,

OFFICE in Prothonotary's office, Gettysburg, and will attend there the FIRST SATURDAY in every month. Also attends to writing Deeds, Wills, Agreements &c. Post-office address, *Huntertown, Adams county, Pa.*

Jan. 3, 1877.

Charles G. Miller,
AUCTIONEER,

RESIDING in Mountpleasant township Adams county—Post Office *Granite Hill* offers his services to the public. Real and personal property sales called. Charges moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Dec. 5, 1872.

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street, Gettysburg.

Nov. 12, 1872.

First National BANK
OF
GETTYSBURG.

PRESIDENT
GEO. THRONE.

CASHIER
ROBERT BELL.

DIRECTORS,
JOHN WOLFORD, York Springs
GEORGE THRONE, Franklin,
ROBERT BELL, Straban,
PETER ORRILL, New Oxford,
ALEX. SPANGLER, Gettysburg,
DANIEL CULP, Gettysburg,
SAMUEL KOSER, Gettysburg.

Pays Special Deposits

ON CALL,

Without Notice,

and continues to pay its usual

Rates of Interest,

ACCORDING TO TIME

AS FOLLOWS

6 *to* 12 *months,* 3 *per cent.*

12 *months,* 4 *per cent.*

and pays interest for any length of time it may be left in.

Always keeps its funds at home for the accommodation of its customers, and especially its

DEPOSITORS.

Has Correspondents in all the large Cities and all the advantages that any Bank can have in making

COLLECTIONS,

both at home and abroad. Also,

In Buying and Selling

ALL MARKETABLE

SECURITIES

AT BEST MARKET PRICES.

Buys Gold and Silver,

Coupons, &c., &c.,

and does all business pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

The business of this Bank has gradually been on the increase ever since its organization, and hopes from a judicious and economical management of its affairs to continue to merit the confidence and patronage of the people

ROBERT BELL,
CASHIER.

Gettysburg, Sept. 11, 1874. tf

REPORT

OF the condition of THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, at the close of business, Oct. 1, 1877:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	$201,217 54
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	26,813 57
Due from approved reserve agents	3,000 13
Due from other National Banks	284 01
Due from State Banks and Bankers	275 72
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures	23,300 00
Current expenses and Taxes paid	1,560 00
Checks and other cash items	185 39
Bills of other National Banks	1,088 00
Specie, (including gold Treasury Certificates)	855 25
Legal Tender Notes	12,051 00
Redemption Fund with the U. S. Treas. (5 per cent. of circulation)	4,500 00
Total	$378,600 30
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus Fund	18,000 00
Other undivided profits	11,112 28
National Bank notes outstanding	80,100 00
Dividends unpaid	98 00
Individual deposits subject to check	21,938 81
Demand certificates of deposit	121,180 00
Due to other National Banks	5,068 80
Due to State banks and bankers	2,072 80
Total	$378,600 30

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
COUNTY OF ADAMS, ss:

I, ROBERT BELL, Cashier of the First National Bank of Gettysburg, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ROBERT BELL, *Cashier.*

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of Oct., 1877. A. J. COVER, J. P.

Correct—Attest:
DANIEL CULP,
ALEX. SPANGLER, } Directors
GEORGE THRONE

WM. J. MARTIN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Groceries and Liquors.

ALL KINDS OF
GROCERIES,
FLOUR, BACON, LARD, NOTIONS, &c. &c.
At Reduced Prices.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
LIQUORS,

Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Holland Gin, Schiedam Schnapps, Hibbert's Brown Stout, London Pale Ale,

OUR "MONOGRAM BITTERS,"

manufactured from strictly pure Herbs, and are unequalled as a palatable tonic, and valuable remedy in all cases of indigestion dyspepsia, &c.

HOTEL KEEPERS

will find it to their interest to give me a call, as I have obtained a WHOLESALE LICENSE, which enables me to sell in any quantity and to compete with city prices.

BALTIMORE ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.

April 29, 1874. tf

Ziegler & Holtzworth.

LIVERY, SALES & EXCHANGE
STABLES,
Washington St., Gettysburg, Pa.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership, under the firm of Ziegler & Holtzworth, have taken the well known Livery Stables of Weaver & Co., and are prepared to supply the public with all styles and kinds of conveyances that can be found in a first-class Livery. Their stock cannot be beaten by any establishment in the town.

Parties wishing to visit the Battle-field, will find superior accommodations at this Livery, without additional charge for guides.

Give us a call!

W. T. ZIEGLER,
W. D. HOLTZWORTH

March 8, 1872. tf

CAUTION!

THE REPUTATION OF THE
DIAMOND SPECTACLES,
SOLD BY
A. R. FEISTEL,
The only Authorized Agent for this County,

IS becoming so great and widespread, that Spectacle Peddlers find it impossible to sell a common article, and are now selling the inferior as being the Diamond Spectacle. I would therefore CAUTION the public against buying any Diamond Spectacle not bearing this trade mark ◆ on each pair, as the Spencer Optical Manufacturing Company does neither supply nor employ peddlers. For sale only by

A. R. FEISTEL,
York street, Gettysburg.

June 24, 1874. tf

Season of 1877!

E. FRANK COE'S
SUPERPHOSPHATE.

Warranted Genuine.—Made of Pure Bone—No Manure is more certain or more economical. Refer to James J. Wills and I. E. Bear, Esqs.

Champion Reaper & Mower.

The only complete iron-frame Machine in the Market, and 70,000 manufactured for this year's sales.

True's Potato Planter.

Cuts and drops sound potatoes, and adds fertilizer. One man can plant six acres in a day.

Wisner Horse Rake.

Any little girl or boy that can drive a gentle horse can rake the hay as well as the strongest man

FARMER'S FAVORITE GRAIN DRILL,

A Perfect Machine—An Accurate Distributor, and a combined Grain and Fertilizer Drill.

Randall's Grain Fan.

You can take out the best grain for seed, and leave the balance in a merchantable condition.

Kissell's Corn Plow.

Sulkey Pattern—you can walk or ride—and finish a row at a time.

Berlin and Wallace Barshear Ploughs.

Not excelled by any others.

Steam Engines.

The Eclipse, portable and stationary, manufactured by Frick & Co., Waynesboro', Also Stationary Engines and Boilers, Circular Saw Mills, &c.

To be seen at the Warehouse of SAMUEL HERBST, Gettysburg.

James Bigham, Agent.

April 30, 1875. tf

J. KRALL & SON'S
MACHINERY DEPOT,
York Springs,
ADAMS COUNTY PA.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
HOFFHEINS SOLID BOX
REAPER AND MOWER
WITH SELF-RAKE. ALSO

Shireman's Improved Keystone Separating Attachments,

and other Combined Threshers. SHIREMAN'S HAND AND SELF-DUMPING HORSERAKE, CORN PLANTERS, CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS, &c. Also all kinds of REPAIRING DONE at shortest notice. J. KRALL & SON.

June 4, 1875. tf

NEW BAKERY.
Philip Hennig

Has opened a new Bakery on

YORK ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.,

(Chrismer's old stand,) and will keep constantly on hand,

BREAD, ROLLS, CRACKERS, PRETZELS,

&c., made of the best flour and warranted to give satisfaction in all cases.

Families supplied regularly, and orders promptly attended to.

Give me a call, as I hope by strict attention to business, to merit patronage.

Nov. 11 1875. tf

Farmers and Everybody,
LOOK HERE.

Earthen Drain and Field Tiles

CAN be had of JOHN BECKMAN, by whom they are manufactured in Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., near Lilly's Mill, and of GEORGE F. KALBFLEISCH, in Gettysburg, Pa. Price from $25 to $35 per thousand feet, according to size and quantity. They are made in the best manner, of good material, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. Try them.

Aug. 21, 1876. tf

A. GATES STONESIFER,
MACHINIST,

IS prepared to do all kinds of Repairing to Machinery, from the smallest things to the largest Engine. Cleaning and repairing

Sewing Machines a Specialty.

Terms reasonable and work guaranteed. Orders left at J. M. Walter's Grocery Store, York street, Gettysburg, will be promptly attended to.

Gettysburg, Sept. 5, 1877. tf

For Sale.

THE old M. E. Church in Gettysburg, Pa. Apply to. J. L. SCHICK.

Dec. 4, 1876.

HALL'S
VEGETABLE SICILIAN
HAIR
RENEWER.

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation, which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR-DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid, glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.
Price One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye.
FOR THE WHISKERS.

As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation,* which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO.,
NASHUA, N.H.

Dec. 11, 1876. 1

A PEERLESS EXTERNAL SPECIFIC AND BEAUTIFIER OF THE SKIN.

GLENN'S
SULPHUR SOAP.

As a remedy for DISEASES, SORES, ABRASIONS, and ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN, as a *deodorizer, disinfectant,* and means of preventing and curing Rheumatism and Gout, and as an ADJUNCT OF THE TOILET AND BATH, "GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP" is incomparably the best article ever offered to the American public.

The COMPLEXION is rendered free from PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, and all other blemishes, by its use, but acquires a TRANSPARENT DELICACY AND VELVETY SOFTNESS through the clarifying and emollient action of this WHOLESOME BEAUTIFIER.

The contraction of obnoxious diseases is prevented, and the complete disinfection of clothing worn by persons afflicted with contagious maladies is insured by it. FAMILIES and TRAVELLERS provided with this admirable purifier HAVE AT HAND THE MAIN ESSENTIAL OF A SERIES OF Sulphur Baths. Dandruff is removed, the hair retained, and grayness retarded by it.

MEDICAL MEN ADVOCATE ITS USE. PRICES, 25 AND 50 CENTS PER CAKE; PER BOX, (3 CAKES,) 60c. and $1.20.

N.B. There is economy in buying the large cakes.

"Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye," Black or Brown, 50 Cents.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Prop'r, 7 Sixth Av. N.Y.

Dec. 7, 1876. 1y

DON'T FORGET
THAT
JOSEPH JACOBS
MAKES IT A RULE TO
SELL CHEAP!

CALL in at his Merchant Tailoring establishment, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, Gettysburg, and be convinced.

His stock is unusually large and varied this season, and, satisfied that he can please any taste, he invites the whole public to make an inspection of goods and prices.

Tailoring continued as heretofore, and goods bought at this Store cut free of charge.

April 13, 1876. tf

HO! FOR
DUBOIS CITY, PA.!

THE undersigned respectfully call the attention of their old friends and acquaintances in particular, and the citizens of Adams and York counties in general, to the fact that they are prepared to furnish

ALL KINDS OF
LUMBER,
LATH, PICKETS, &C.

Bill Timber and Shingles

a specialty, at low rates, and short notice, Mill at DuBois City, Pa. (the great lumber market,) also yard at Gettysburg, Pa., represented by Messrs. STRICKHOUSER & SHEADS. Any thing not in the yard will be supplied direct from the Mill.

I. B. STAFFER & CO.,
DuBois City, Clearfield county, Pa.

Dec. 11, 1876. 1y

CARRIAGE-MAKING.

THE NEW FIRM OF
WM. K. GALLAGHER & SON

WILL carry on the Carriage-making business, in all its branches, at the old stand of the senior partner, in East Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa. They have now on hand for sale and will constantly manufacture,

BUGGIES,

Falling-top, No-top and Rockaway; also

JAGGERS,

Single and Double-seat; SPRING WAGONS, and any other vehicle that may be called for. Second-hand work also on hand. REPAIRING attended to promptly and satisfactorily.

All the work turned out will be of the best workmanship and material, and cannot fail to be good and durable. The latest styles consulted. Give us a call.

WM. K. GALLAGHER & SON.

April 15, 1877. tf

SAMUEL H. EICHOLTZ,

Washington St., Gettysburg Pa.,

MANUFACTURER AND REPAIRER OF

WAGONS,

Buggies, Carriages, Sleighs, &c. All kinds of repairing done, including farm implements at the lowest prices.

April 10, 1875. tf

FASHIONABLE DRESS-MAKING

Mrs. Ziegler

IS prepared to MAKE DRESSES at short notice. She will also furnish the latest patterns, at reasonable prices. Also French Stamping, Braiding and Embroidering, Pillow Shams, Toilet Sets, Sets for Sacks, Slipper Initials, all handsome patterns. Everything done at reasonable rates.

Gettysburg, Nov. 18, 1876. tf

Hall in New Oxford.

THE undersigned has erected, in NEW OXFORD, Adams county, Pa., a commodious and comfortable HALL, for the accommodation of CONCERTS, EXHIBITIONS, COTILLION PARTIES, &c. His terms will always be found reasonable. Apply to or address J. H. WIEST,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

Feb. 16, 1871 tf

Charles F. Dorsey,
AUCTIONEER,
EAGLE HOTEL,
New Oxford, Pa.

Nov

Western Lands.

I HAVE some valuable WESTERN LAND which I will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located are very desirable for farming. Early applications if desired. J. BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 18 1866

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ON account of the general depression in trade all over the country and a want of facilities to invest safely the funds that we now have, we are compelled to call in all special certificates that have run twelve months, and all certificates as the twelve months expire to be presented for payment or renewal at three per cent. for over six months. All certificates not presented will be considered renewed at this rate.

J. EMORY BAIR,
Cashier.

June 28, 1877. tf

GETTYSBURG

Chartered in the year 1814; Reorganized under the National Banking Law in 1865.

NATIONAL

Capital $145,150.

BANK.

Total net earnings as National Bank,	$251,673 21
" dividends, " "	$245,113 00

Extra Dividend 50 per cent. declared Jan. 1866,

$72.575 00.

PAYS INTEREST

ANNUAL DIVIDENDS

OF

12 PER CENT.

Declared for the past Eight Years.

ON DEPOSITS

All account is strictly private and confidential.

WITHOUT

PRESIDENT
GEORGE SWOPE.

CASHIER,
J. EMORY BAIR.

DIRECTORS
DAVID WILLS, Gettysburg,
DAVID KENDLEHART, Gettysburg,
Hon. WM. McSHERRY, Littlestown,
LEWIS M. MOTTER, Emmitsburg,
HENRY WIRT, Hanover,
WM. YOUNG, Hanover,
WM. D. HIMES, New Oxford,
JACOB RESSER, East Berlin,

March 30, 1876. tf

NOTICE.

REPORT

OF the condition of the GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK, the close of business, Oct. 1, 1877:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	$330,851 10
U.S. Bonds to secure Circulation	146,000 00
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages	54,175 00
Due from approved Reserve Agents	20,868 46
Due from other National Banks	1,822 07
Due from State Banks and Bankers	3,160 69
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	7,060 10
Current expenses and Taxes paid	1,298 13
Checks and other cash items	2,127 10
Bills of other National Banks	4,500 00
Fractional Currency (including Nickels)	84 15
Specie, including gold Treasury notes	200 00
Legal Tender Notes	17,100 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	6,525 00
	651,605 11
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock paid in	$145,150 00
Surplus Fund	30,000 00
Other undivided profits	30,762 45
National Bank notes outstanding	130,410 00
State Bank notes outstanding	728 00
Dividends unpaid	1,042 00
Individual Deposits	163,950 31
Demand certificates of deposit	149,083 47
Due to other National Banks	401 77
Due to State Banks and Bankers	31 11
	$651,605 11

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
COUNTY OF ADAMS, ss:

I, J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier of the Gettysburg National Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. EMORY BAIR, *Cashier.*

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of Oct., 1877. J. AUGHINBAUGH, N. P.

Correct—Attest:
GEORGE SWOPE
D. KENDLEHART, } Directors.
DAVID WILLS,

CENTRAL HOTEL,
NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Jacob Klunk, Prop'r.

THE undersigned, having leased this eligibly located Hotel, on Baltimore street, only a few doors from the Court-house, in the pleasant town of Gettysburg, asks his old friends and the public to give him a call. The rooms are all large and airy, and furnished in the best and fullest style—beds not to be surpassed anywhere. His table shall always have the best of the season, and the bar none but choice liquors. Ample stabling attached, with an attentive hostler.

Charges moderate. The undersigned flatters himself that with his long experience in the hotel business and desire to please, all guests at the Central will be more than satisfied with the treatment, fare and bills.

April 5, 1877. tf JACOB KLUNK.

EAGLE HOTEL,
NEW OXFORD, Adams County, Pa.

THE undersigned having purchased the Martin Hotel property, in New Oxford, Adams county, will conduct it in future under the name of the "Eagle Hotel." He pledges himself to spare no effort for the comfort of his guests. His table shall have the best the market can afford, and his bar the choicest liquors. His chambers are spacious and cannot fail to give satisfaction. There is commodious stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by a reliable and accommodating ostler. The proprietor hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage, and will always try to deserve it. Remember the "Eagle," in the northeast corner of the Diamond, New Oxford

March 13, 1868. tf J. H. WIEST

EAGLE HOTEL,
Gettysburg, Pa.

GEO. HOPPES, Prop'r.

THIS well known House, the largest and most commodious in Gettysburg, corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, has been

THOROUGHLY REPAIRED,

re-papered, re-painted, supplied throughout with

New Furniture

and furnished with everything requisite for a first-class hotel.

SUMMER BOARDERS accommodated on reasonable terms. Omnibus runs to depot on arrival and departure of trains, free of charge.

No increase in charge to regular customers of the hotel from town and country.

Abundant Stabling—attentive Hostlers—first-class Bar—and Livery adjoining the hotel.

July 19, 1875. tf

KEYSTONE HOTEL,
CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Frank. Mickley, Prop'r.

THE undersigned has purchased the Keystone hotel, on Chambersburg street, half a square from the Diamond, in Gettysburg, Pa., and intends to keep it in the best style for the accommodation of the local and traveling public. He promises entire satisfaction to all who may patronize him. The table will always have the best of the market, and the bar the best of liquors. The chambers will be found large, clean and inviting.

Largest stabling, in charge of an attentive hostler, attached to the Hotel.

Give the "Keystone" a call. Charges reasonable and accommodations good.

April 6, 1877. tf FRANK MICKLEY.

GLOBE INN,
York Street, near Centre Square,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

F. S. Ramer, Proprietor.

THE above Hotel has been recently refurnished and refitted in the best manner. The traveling public will always find the best accommodations, and every endeavor will be made to render them perfectly at home. Terms reasonable. Careful and attentive Ostlers and Waiters always in readiness.

A new Hack to and from the Depot on the arrival of all trains free of charge. Passengers conveyed to any part of the town. HACKS, BUGGIES and SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE AT ALL TIMES.

April 13, 1873. tf

BATTLE-FIELD HOTEL,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

F. J. Rosensteel, Proprietor.

THIS pleasantly located Hotel, at the junction of Baltimore street and the Emmitsburg road, and near the National Cemetery, offers excellent accommodations, at moderate rates. The house is roomy and airy, and in good order throughout. THE TABLE has the best of the markets, and the bar choice liquors. In addition, Frank is always on hand to give attention to his guests deeming it a pleasure to minister to their comfort, and deserve their good will and favor. Give him a call, and you will be pleased with the "Battle-field" and its attentive proprietor.

Gettysburg, June 11, 1875. tf

COOK AND PARLOR
STOVES,
OF ALL KINDS,

The latest and most approved styles.

TIN, SHEET-IRON AND
HOLLOW WARE.

COAL AND LUMBER
OF ALL KINDS.

C.H.BUEHLER'S
Ware Rooms,
CORNER OF CARLISLE & RAIL ROAD STREETS.
GETTYSBURG, PA.

CALL AND EXAMINE!

January 18, 1877 tf.

Remember the Dead!

CHOICE WORK—LOW PRICES!

CALL AT
WM. N. MILLER'S
MARBLE WORKS,
Directly Opposite the Court-house,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

April 13, 1876. tf

PAINTING!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to do

House & Sign Painting,
GLAZING &C.,
WITH
GRAINING

as a specialty. He has had a long experience at the business, and most of the time in York and Lancaster, where first class work alone satisfies. He asks a share of patronage. His prices are moderate, and cannot fail to please.

Residence on "the Hill," in Baltimore street.

HENRY J. FREY.

Gettysburg, April 18, 1874 tf